

a)  $T: \ell_1 \rightarrow c_0$

$(x_n) \mapsto (\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k, \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} x_k, \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} x_k, \dots)$

$T$  zjevná lineárna a  $\lim (Tx)_n = 0$  ~~je~~ <sup>d.c.</sup> podmínou konvergence

$\|Tx\| = \sup_n |\sum_{k=n}^{\infty} x_k| \leq \|x\|_{\ell_1} \Rightarrow \|T\| \leq 1$

$T: \ell_1 \rightarrow c_0 \Rightarrow T^*: \ell_1 \rightarrow \ell_{\infty}$

$T^*y(x) = z(x) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k z_k, y \in \ell_1$

$y(Tx) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (Tx)_n y_n = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sum_{k=n}^{\infty} x_k) y_n = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k y_k = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k y_k$

$= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^k x_k y_n = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k (\sum_{n=1}^k y_n) \Rightarrow (T^*y)_k = \sum_{n=1}^k y_n, y \in \ell_1$

F.V.:  $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| |y_k| = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |x_k| \sum_{n=1}^k |y_n| \leq \|x\|_{\ell_1} \|y\|_{\ell_{\infty}}$

• podľa  $T$  izomorfizmus do, existuje  $C > 0$ , a  $\|Tx\|_{c_0} \geq C \|x\|_{\ell_1}$

AĚ  $x^n = (\underbrace{\frac{1}{2^n}, -\frac{1}{2^n}, \frac{1}{2^n}, -\frac{1}{2^n}, \dots, \frac{1}{2^n}, -\frac{1}{2^n}}_{2^n}, 0, 0, 0, \dots)$

$\Rightarrow Tx^n = (\underbrace{0, -\frac{1}{2^n}, 0, -\frac{1}{2^n}, 0, \dots, -\frac{1}{2^n}, 0, 0, \dots}_{2^n})$

$\Rightarrow \|Tx^n\|_{c_0} = \frac{1}{2^n}, \|x^n\|_{\ell_1} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2^n} \geq C \cdot 1, n \in \mathbb{N}$ , spor



b)  $T: L_2([0,1]) \rightarrow L_2([0,1])$

$Tf(t) = \int_0^t s^2 f(s) ds, f \in L_2([0,1]), t \in [0,1]$

$f \in L_2 \Rightarrow f \in L_1 \Rightarrow s^2 f(s) \in L_1 \Rightarrow Tf \in AC([0,1]) \Rightarrow Tf \in L_2$

$T$  lineár:

$\|Tf\|_{L_2}^2 = \int_0^1 |Tf(t)|^2 dt = \int_0^1 \left| \int_0^t s^2 f(s) ds \right|^2 dt \leq \int_0^1 \left( \int_0^t |f(s)| ds \right)^2 dt \stackrel{\text{Hölder}}{\leq} \int_0^1 \int_0^t |f(s)|^2 ds dt = \|f\|_{L_2}^2 = \|Tf\|_{L_2}^2$

$T$  kptn:  $\tilde{T}: L_2([0,1]) \rightarrow C([0,1])$

$f \in B_{L_2} \Rightarrow |Tf(t)| \leq \int_0^t |f(s)| ds \in \left( \int_0^1 |f|^2 \right)^{1/2} \leq 1$

$\Rightarrow T(B_{L_2}) \subset B_{C([0,1])}$

$f \in B_{L_2}, 0 \leq t_1 < t_2 \leq 1 \Rightarrow |Tf(t_2) - Tf(t_1)| \leq \int_{t_1}^{t_2} |f(s)| ds \leq \sqrt{t_2 - t_1} \cdot 1$

Arde-Ascoli:  $\tilde{T}: L_2([0,1]) \rightarrow C([0,1])$  kptn:

$T = I \cdot \tilde{T}$ , where  $I: C([0,1]) \rightarrow L_2([0,1])$  pozitív  
 $\|If\|_{L_2}^2 = \int_0^1 |f|^2 \leq \|f\|_{\infty}^2$

$\Rightarrow T$  kptn:

$\sigma_p(T), \lambda = 0 \Rightarrow \int_0^t s^2 f(s) ds = 0 \quad \left[ \int_0^t s^2 f(s) ds \in AC \Rightarrow \text{le deriválat} \right]$

$\Rightarrow t^2 f(t) = 0 \quad \text{s.t.}$

$\Rightarrow f = 0 \quad \text{s.t.} \Rightarrow 0 \notin \sigma_p(T)$

$\lambda \neq 0: \int_0^t s^2 f(s) ds = \lambda f(t) \quad \left[ \lambda f \in AC \Rightarrow \lambda f' \in AC \Rightarrow \lambda f' \in E' \right]$

$\Rightarrow t^2 f(t) = \lambda f'(t)$

$\Rightarrow f(t) = k e^{\frac{t^3}{3\lambda}}$

poz. példminta:  $f(0) = 0 \Rightarrow f = 0 \Rightarrow \lambda \notin \sigma_p(T) \Rightarrow \sigma_p(T) = \emptyset$

$\sigma(T) = \{0\}$

