

# Undirected Loop Conditions

Algebra = set + operations

Examples:

groups  $(G, \cdot, ^{-1}, 1)$

rings  $(R, +, \cdot, -, 0, 1)$

lattices  $(L, \vee, \wedge)$

sets  $(S)$

# Algebra = set + operations

## Examples:

## Terms

groups  $(G, \cdot, ^{-1}, 1)$

$$t(a, b, c) = (ab^{-1})c$$

rings  $(R, +, \cdot, -, 0, 1)$

$$t(a, b) = a \cdot (b + a)$$

lattices  $(L, \vee, \wedge)$

$$t(a, b, c) = (a \wedge c) \vee a$$

sets  $(S)$

$$t(a, b, c) = b$$

Conditions for algebra

Conditions for variety

Equational conditions

Strong Maltsev conditions

Loop  
conditions

Undirected  
L. C.

Maltsev conditions

# Loop Condition

There is a term  $t$  satisfying

$$\begin{aligned} & t(\text{variables}) \\ &= t(\text{variables}) \end{aligned}$$

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Examples:

Commutativity: 
$$\begin{aligned} & c(x, y) \\ &= c(y, x) \end{aligned}$$

Maltsev term: 
$$\begin{aligned} & m(x, y, y) \\ &= m(z, z, x) \end{aligned}$$

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There is a term  $t$  satisfying

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Examples:

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Maltsev term:  $\begin{aligned} & m(x, y, y) \\ &= m(z, z, x) \end{aligned} \qquad m(a, b, c) = (ab^{-1})c$

# Observations

Ordering of columns is irrelevant

$$\begin{aligned} & m(x, y, y) \\ &= m(z, z, x) \end{aligned} \qquad m(a, b, c) = (ab^{-1})c$$



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Duplicate columns are irrelevant

$$\begin{array}{l} t(x, y, y) \\ = t(y, x, x) \end{array} \quad t(a, b, c) = (a \wedge c) \wedge b$$

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$$\begin{array}{l} t(x, y) \\ = t(y, x) \end{array} \quad t(a, b) = (a \wedge b) \wedge b$$

Constant column causes triviality

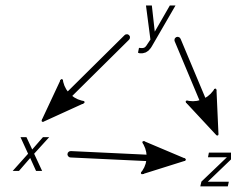
$$\begin{array}{l} t(x, y, y) \\ = t(y, y, x) \end{array} \quad t(a, b, c) = b$$

# Observations $\Rightarrow$ Graph

Ordering of columns is irrelevant

$$\begin{aligned} &m(x, y, y) \\ &= m(z, x, z) \end{aligned}$$

$$m(a, b, c) = (ac^{-1})b$$



Duplicate columns are irrelevant

$$\begin{aligned} &t(x, y) \\ &= t(y, x) \end{aligned}$$

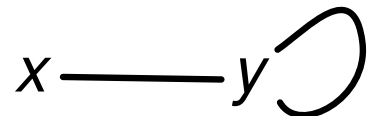
$$t(a, b) = (a \wedge b) \wedge b$$



Constant column causes triviality

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$$t(a, b, c) = b$$



# Graph Compatible with Algebra

Vertices: Universe of **A**

Edges: Subalgebra of **A**<sup>2</sup>

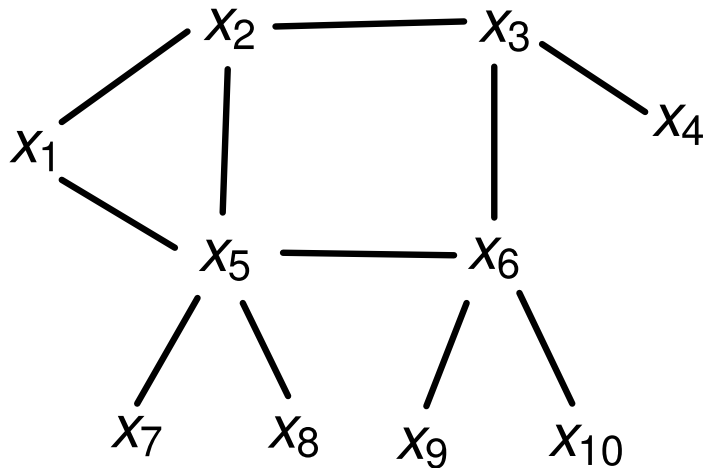
$\Leftrightarrow$  Operation applied to edges is an edge

# Graph Compatible with Algebra

Vertices: Universe of  $\mathbf{A}$

Edges: Subalgebra of  $\mathbf{A}^2$

$\Leftrightarrow$  Operation applied to edges is an edge



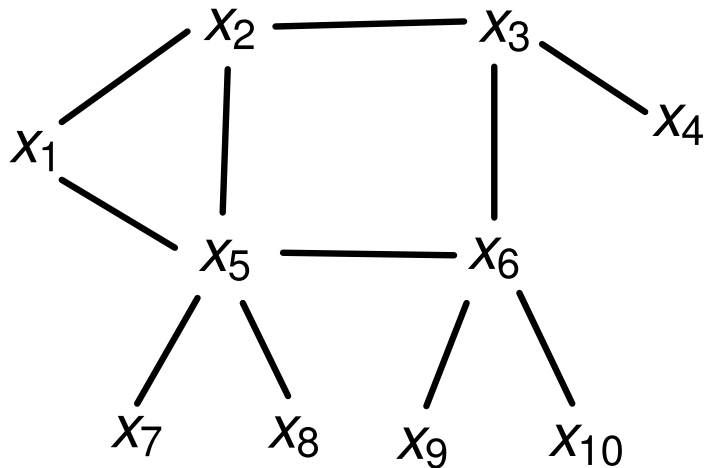


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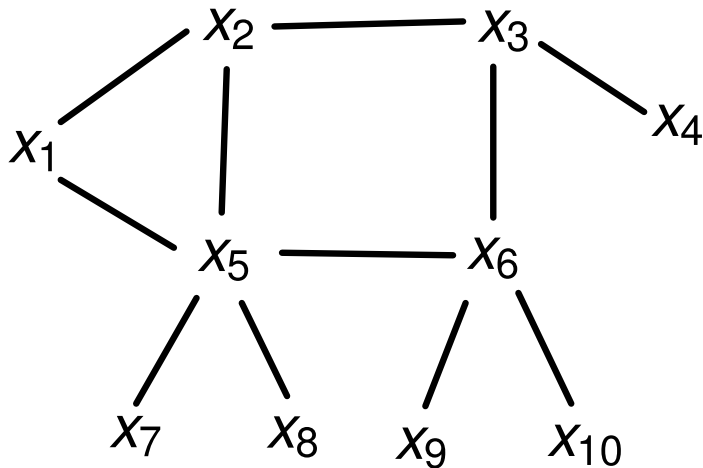


# Graph Compatible with Algebra

Vertices: Universe of **A**

Edges: Subalgebra of **A**<sup>2</sup>

$\Leftrightarrow$  Operation applied to edges is an edge



$$t(x_1, x_2, x_2, x_3, x_3, x_4, x_2, x_5, x_3, x_6, x_1, x_5, x_5, x_6, x_5, x_7, x_5, x_8, x_6, x_9, x_6, x_{10})$$

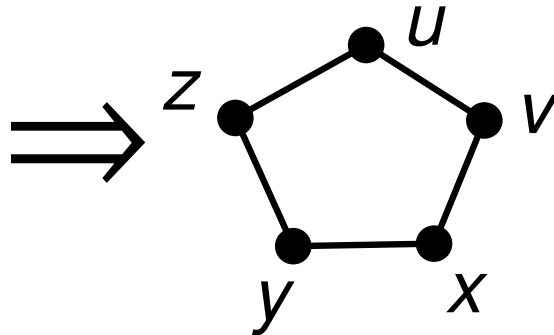
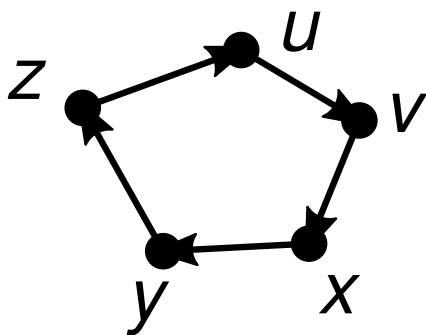
$$= t(x_2, x_1, x_3, x_2, x_4, x_3, x_5, x_2, x_6, x_3, x_5, x_1, x_6, x_5, x_7, x_5, x_8, x_5, x_9, x_6, x_{10}, x_6)$$

# Strength Ordering

$$G \leq H \quad \Rightarrow \quad G \Rightarrow H$$

$$t(u, v, x, y, z) \\ = t(v, x, y, z, u)$$

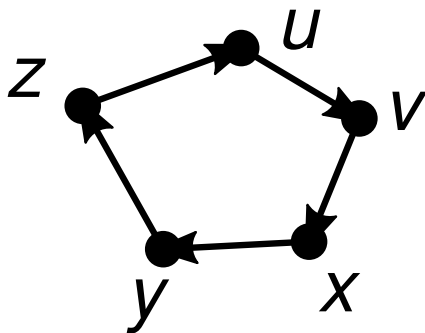
$$t(u, v, v, x, x, y, y, z, z, u) \\ = t(v, u, x, v, y, x, z, y, u, z)$$



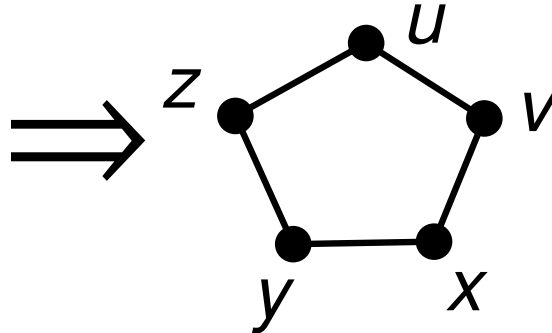
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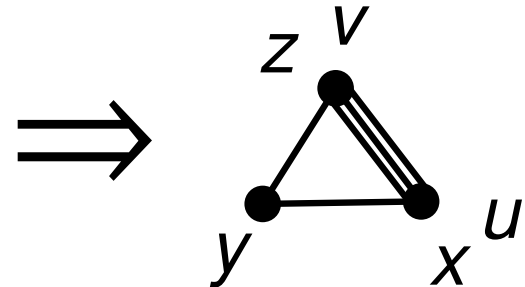
$$t(u, v, x, y, z) \\ = t(v, x, y, z, u)$$



$$t(u, v, v, x, x, y, y, z, z, u) \\ = t(v, u, x, v, y, x, z, y, u, z)$$



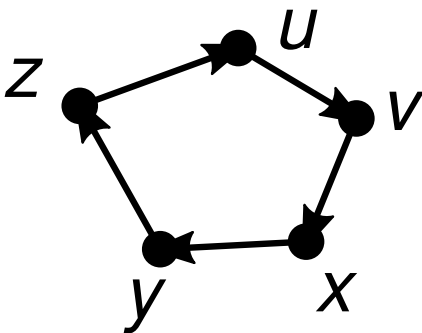
$$t(x, y, y, x, x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = t(y, x, x, y, y, x, z, y, x, z)$$



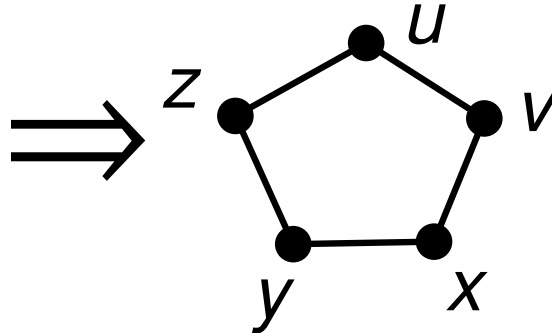
# Strength Ordering

$$G \leq H \quad \Rightarrow \quad G \Rightarrow H$$

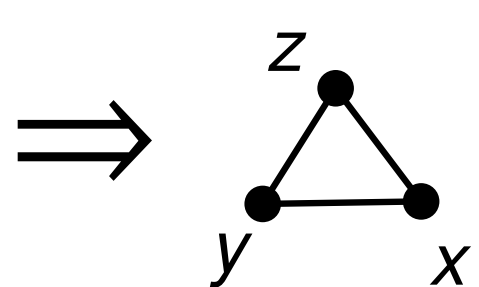
$$t(u, v, x, y, z) \\ = t(v, x, y, z, u)$$



$$t(u, v, v, x, x, y, y, z, z, u) \\ = t(v, u, x, v, y, x, z, y, u, z)$$



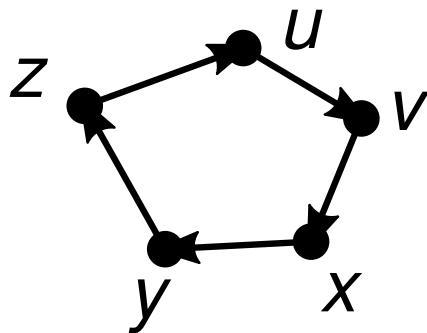
$$t(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = t(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$



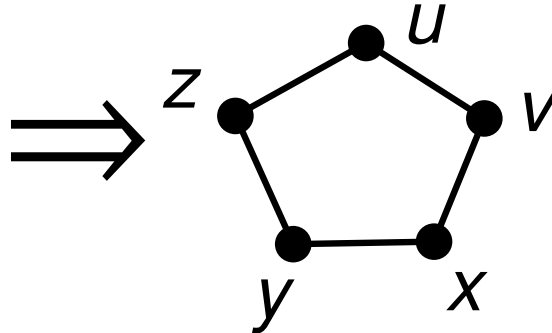
# Strength Ordering

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 G \leq H & \Rightarrow & G \Rightarrow H \\
 G \rightarrow H & & 
 \end{array}$$

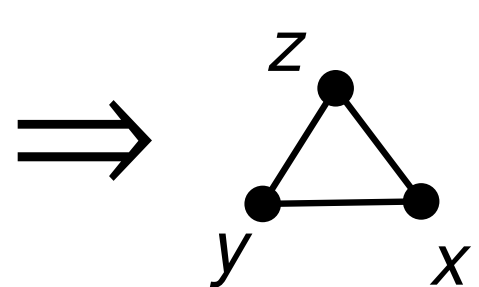
$$\begin{aligned}
 &t(u, v, x, y, z) \\
 &= t(v, x, y, z, u)
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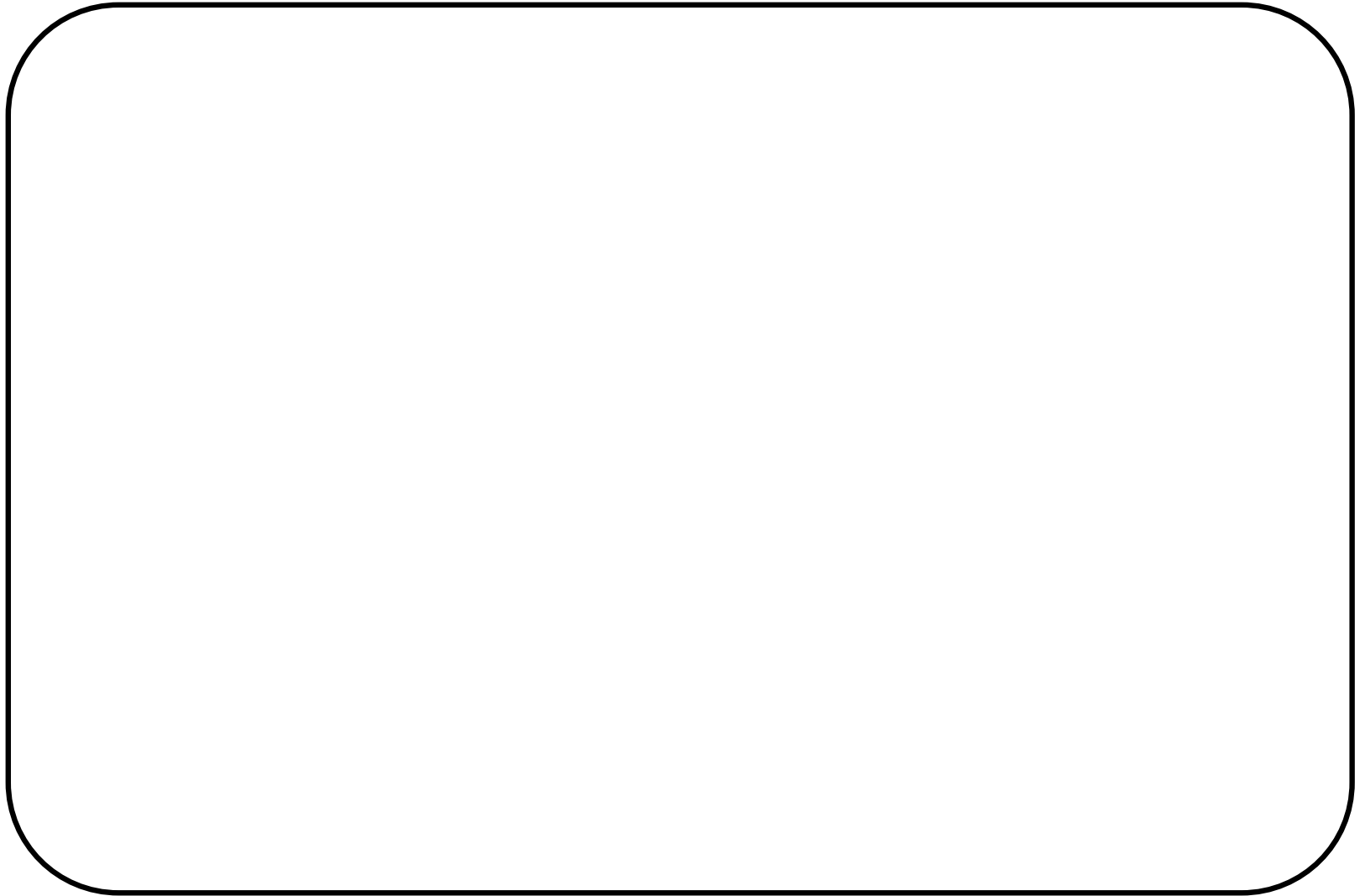
$$\begin{aligned}
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$$\begin{aligned}
 &t(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\
 &= t(y, x, z, y, x, z)
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# Non-trivial Undirect Loop Conditions



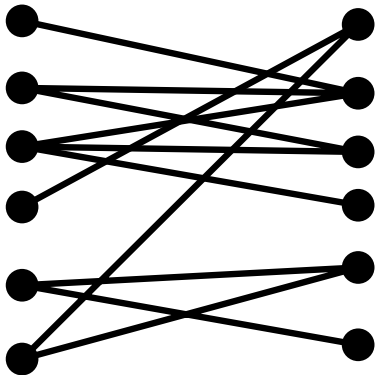
# Non-trivial Undirect Loop Conditions





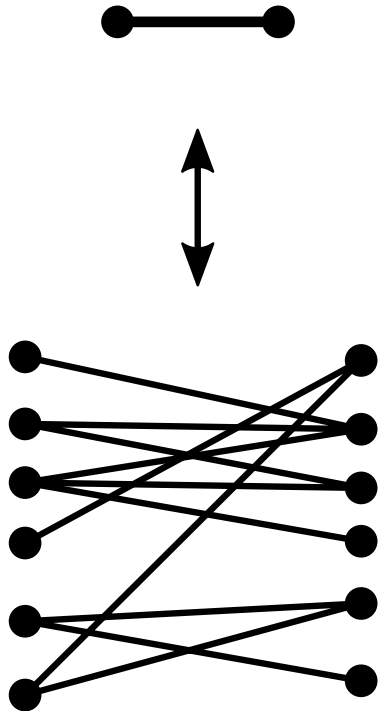
# Non-trivial Undirect Loop Conditions

Bipartite

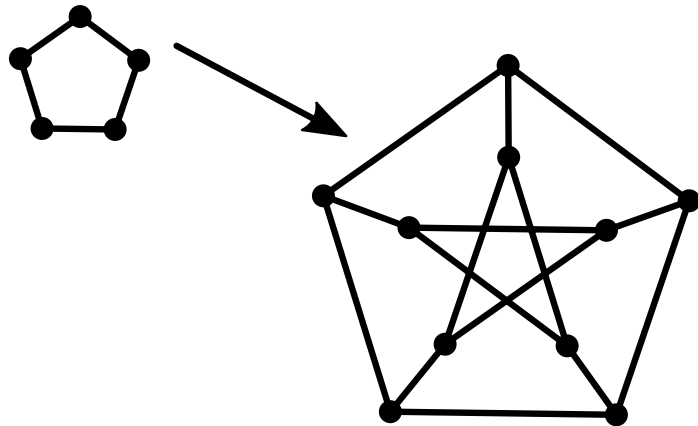


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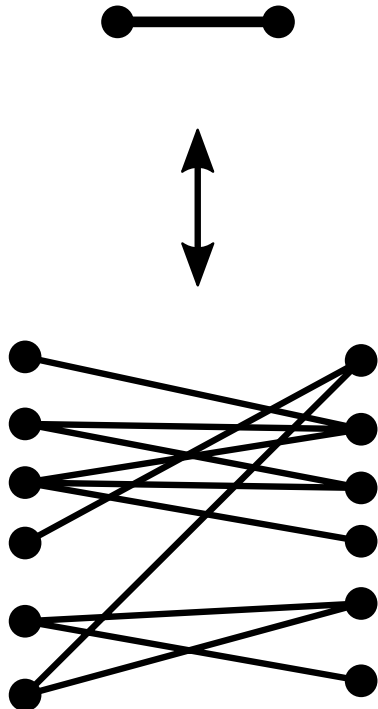


Non-bipartite

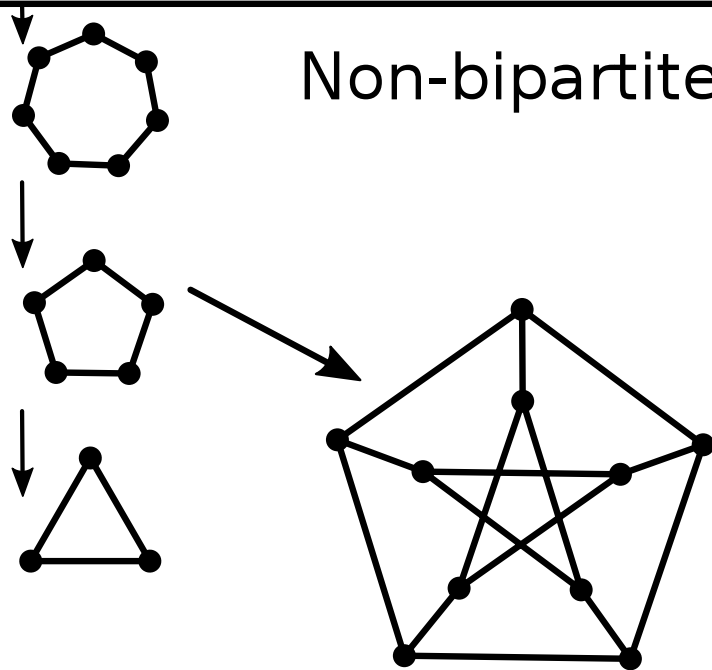


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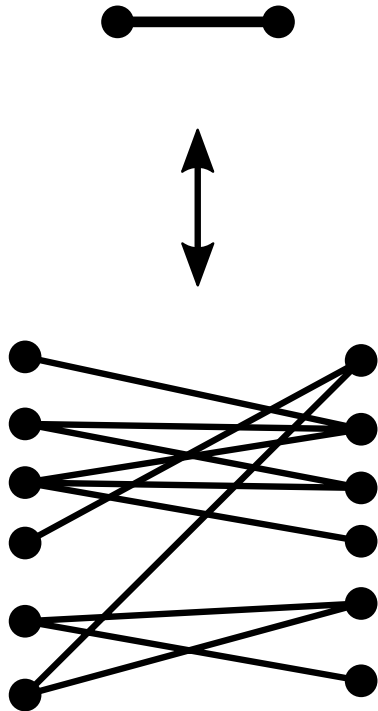


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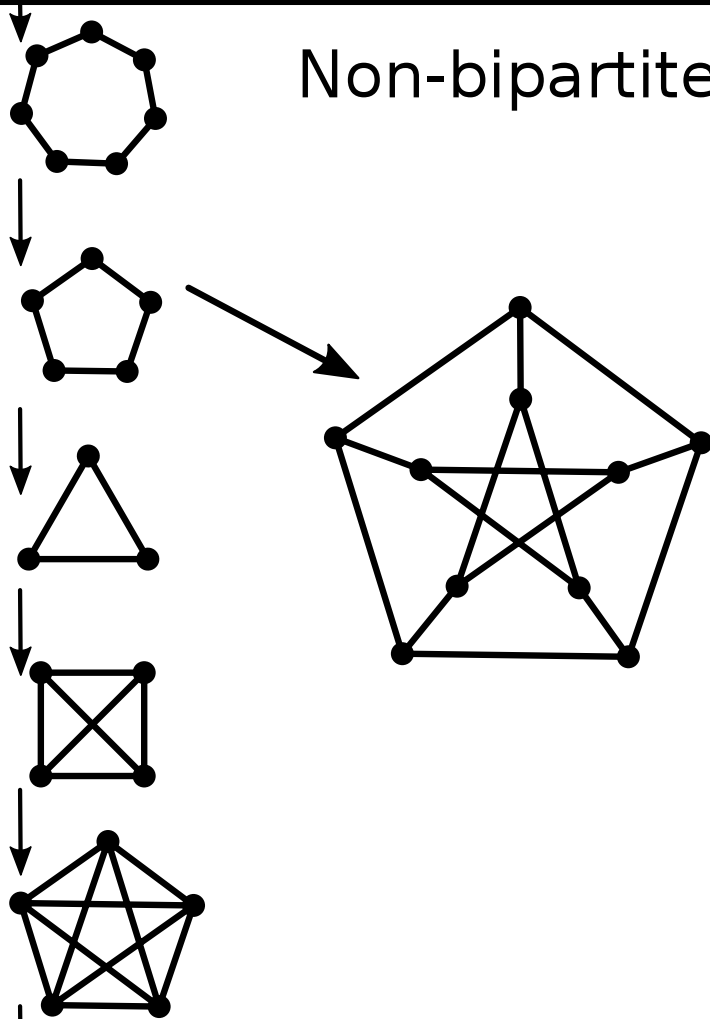


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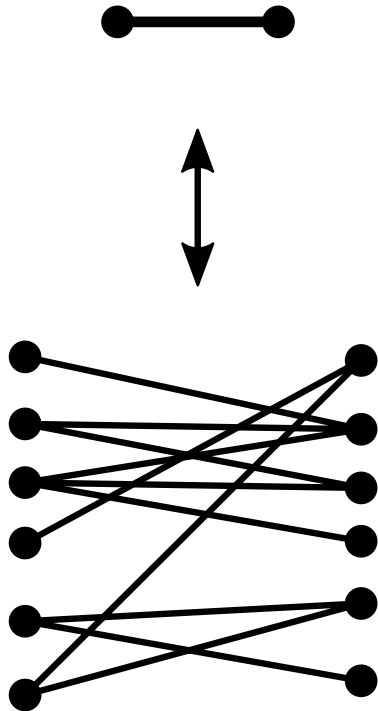


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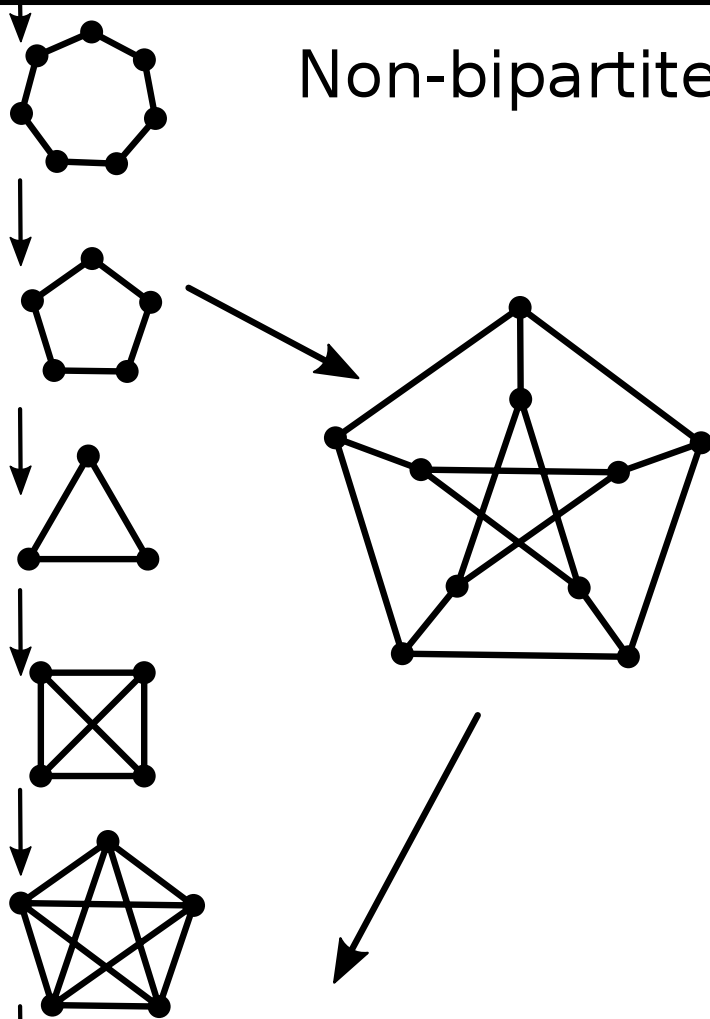


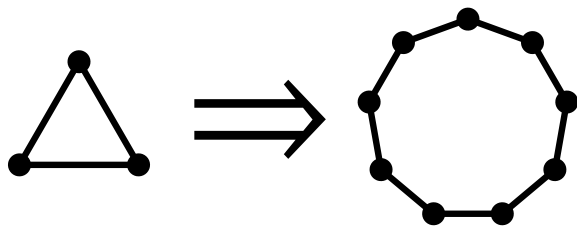
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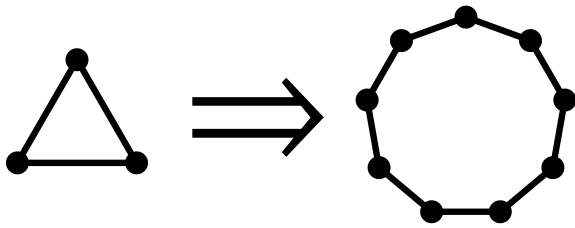


Non-bipartite

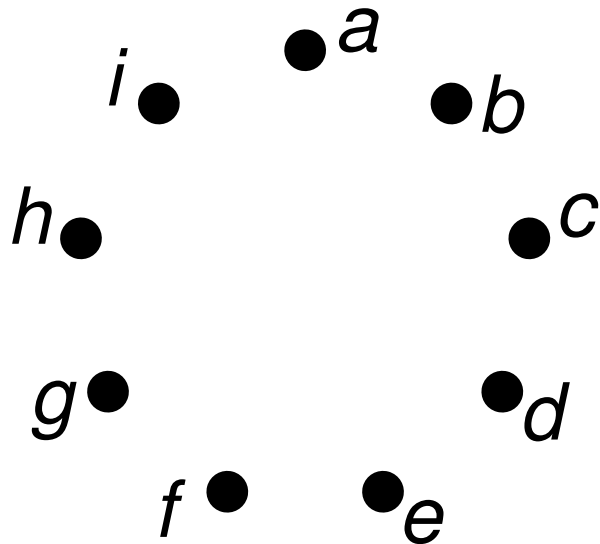


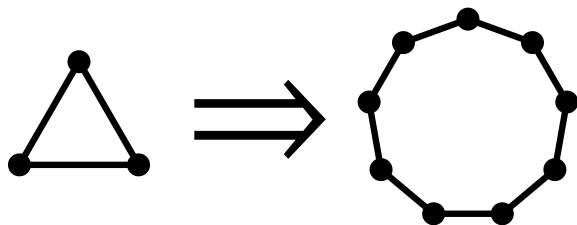


Free algebra over  modulo 



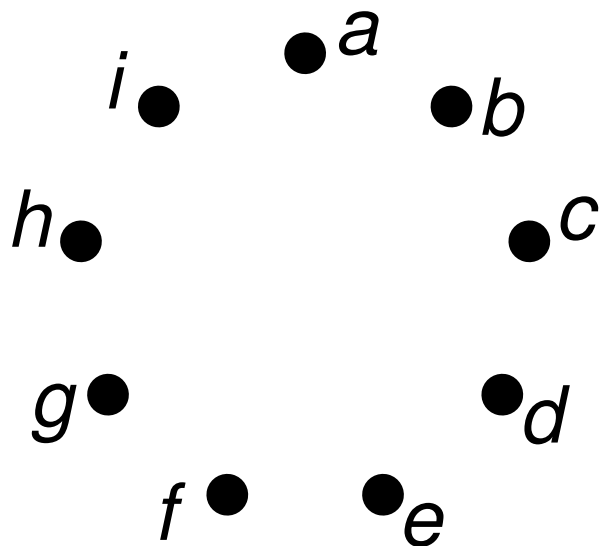
Free algebra over  modulo 





$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

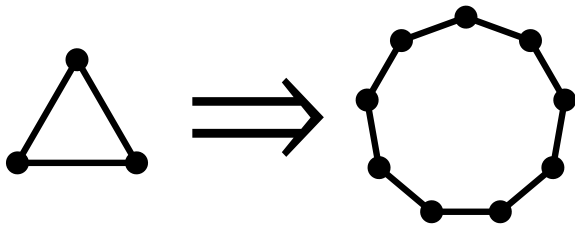
Free algebra over  modulo 



●  $s(a, b, e, f, c, h)$

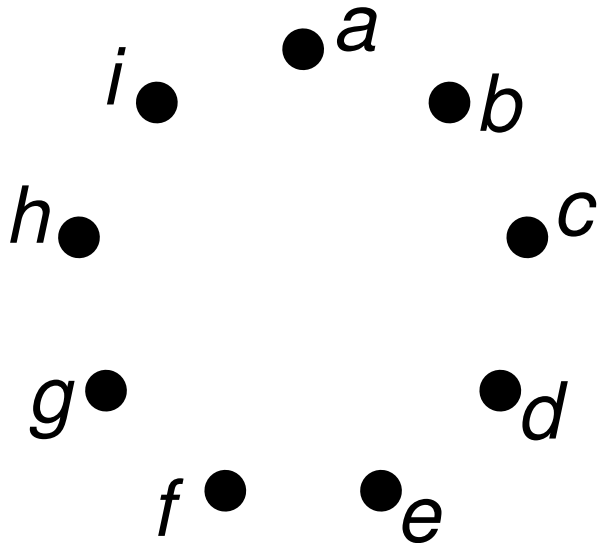
●  $s(b, a, d, g, b, g)$





$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 



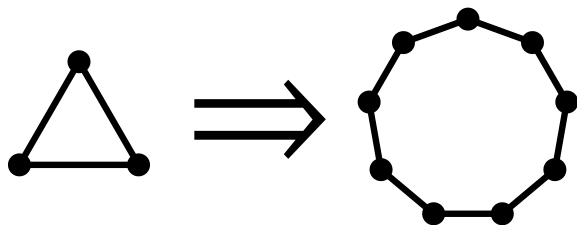
Edges of graph:

$t(a, b, b, c, c, d, d, e, e, f, f, g, g, h, h, i, i, a)$   
 $t(b, a, c, b, d, c, e, d, f, e, g, f, h, g, i, h, a, i)$

for all terms

●  $s(a, b, e, f, c, h)$

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$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 



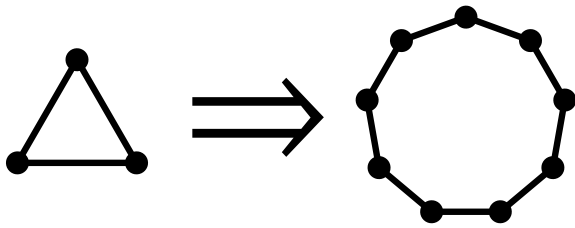
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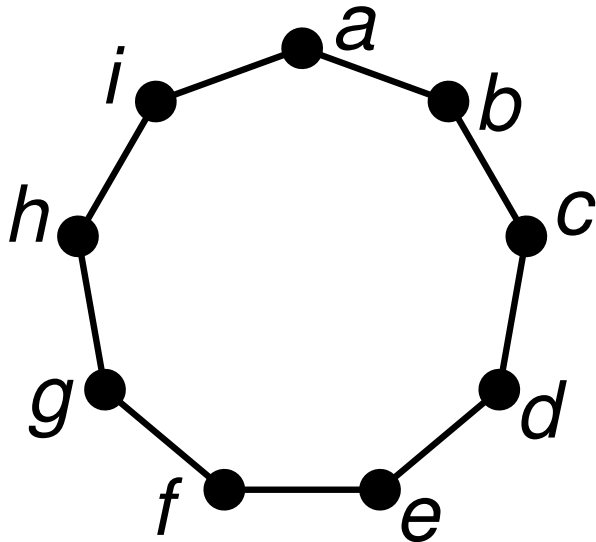
●  $s(a, b, e, f, c, h)$

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$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 



Edges of graph:

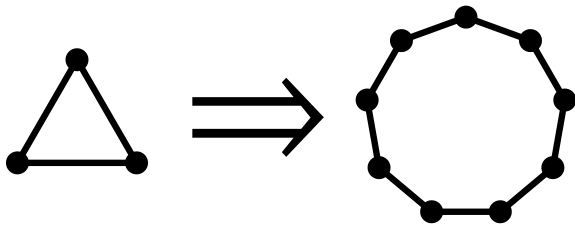
$t(a, b, b, c, c, d, d, e, e, f, f, g, g, h, h, i, i, a)$

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for all terms

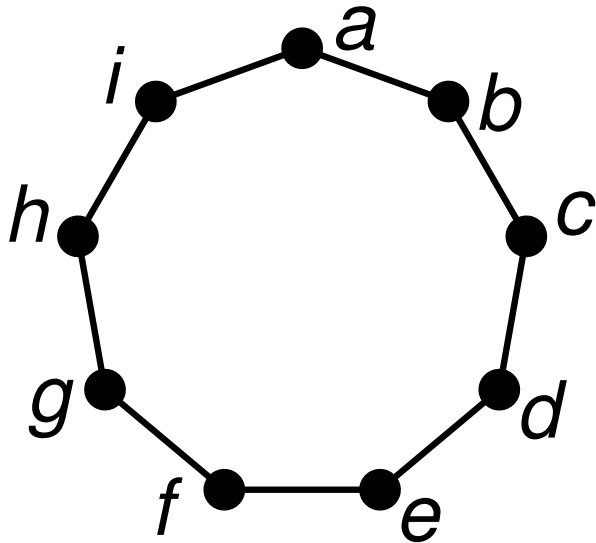
●  $s(a, b, e, f, c, h)$

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$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 

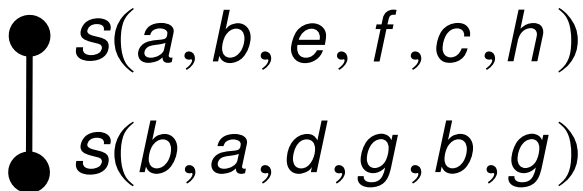


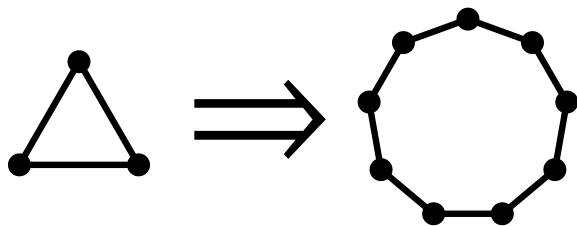
Edges of graph:

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$t(b, a, c, b, d, c, e, d, f, e, g, f, h, g, i, h, a, i)$

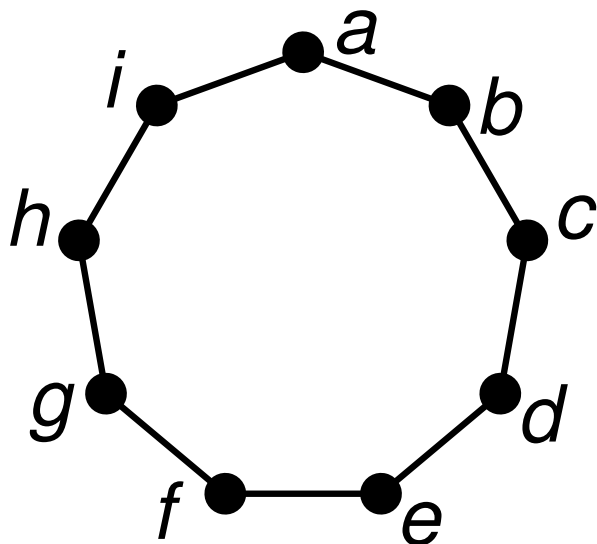
for all terms





$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 



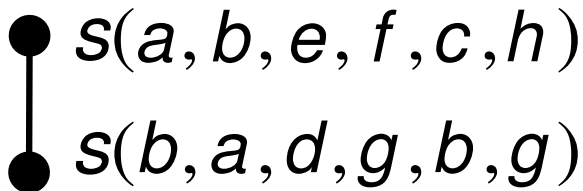
Edges of graph:

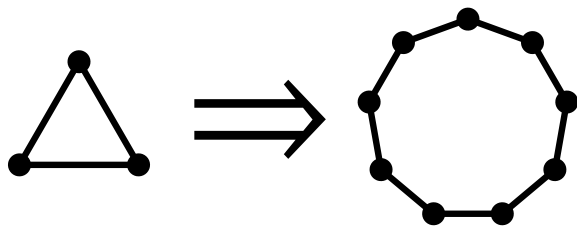
$t(a, b, b, c, c, d, d, e, e, f, f, g, g, h, h, i, i, a)$

$t(b, a, c, b, d, c, e, d, f, e, g, f, h, g, i, h, a, i)$

for all terms

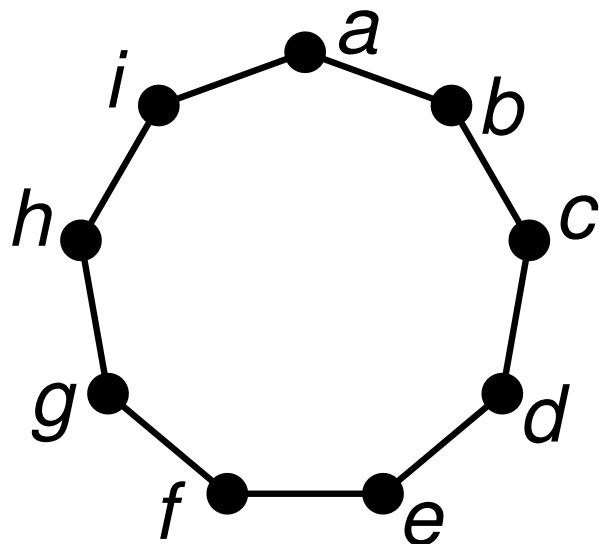
It is compatible





$$s(x, y, y, z, z, x) \\ = s(y, x, z, y, x, z)$$

Free algebra over  modulo 



Edges of graph:

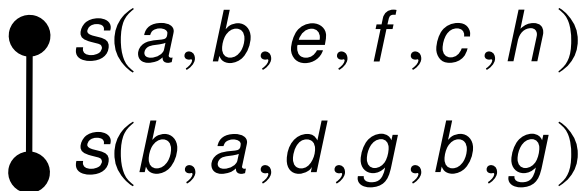
$t(a, b, b, c, c, d, d, e, e, f, f, g, g, h, h, i, i, a)$

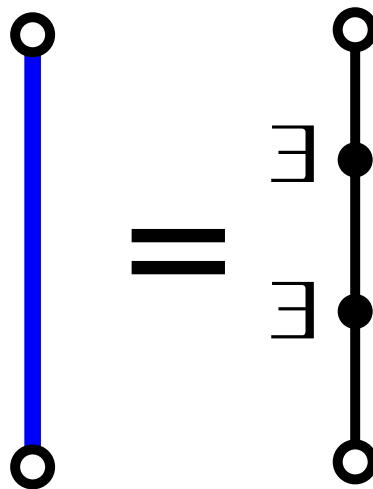
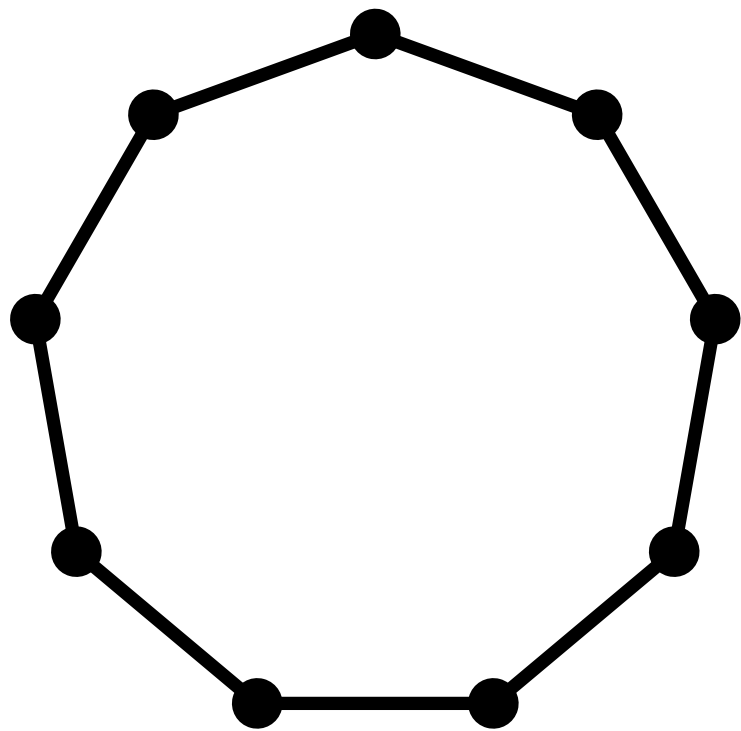
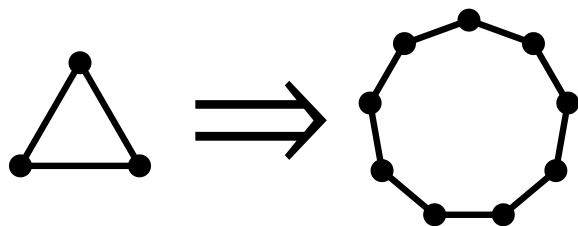
$t(b, a, c, b, d, c, e, d, f, e, g, f, h, g, i, h, a, i)$

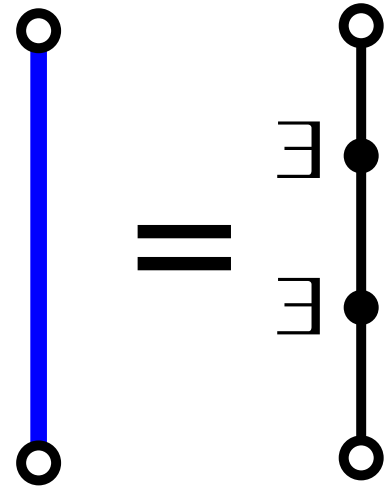
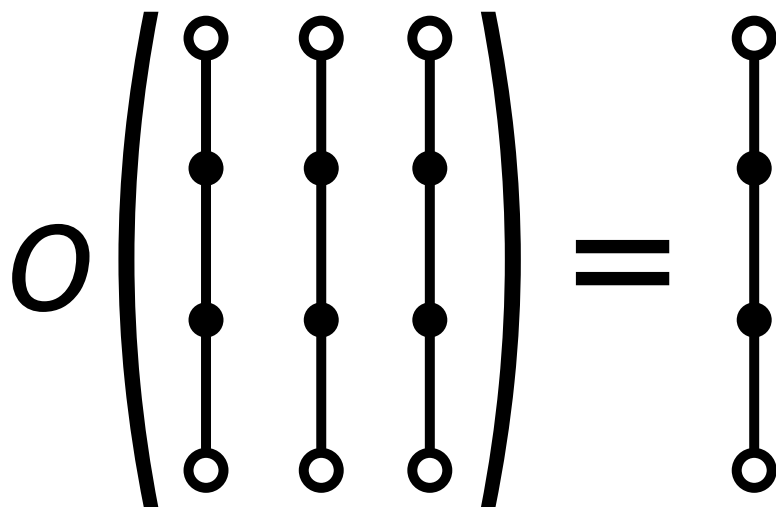
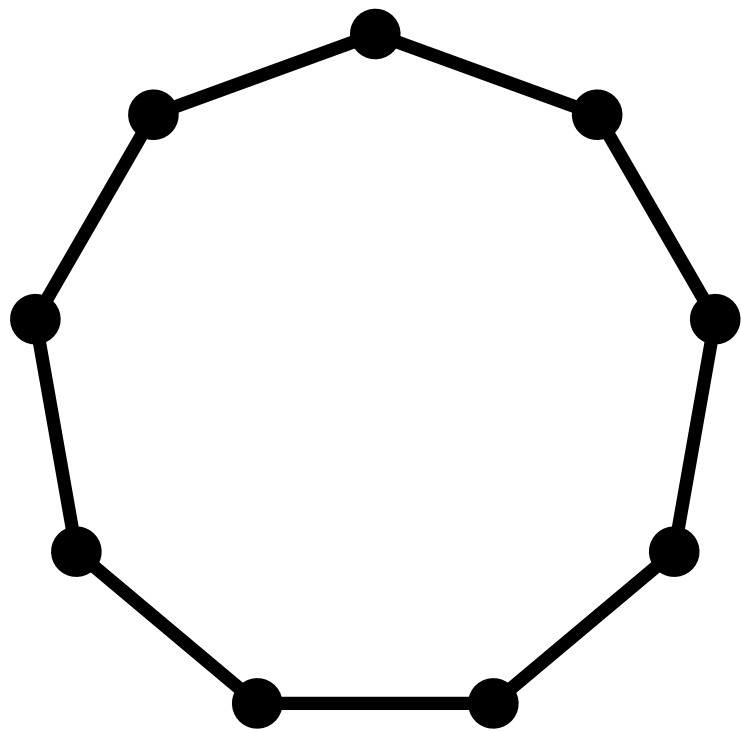
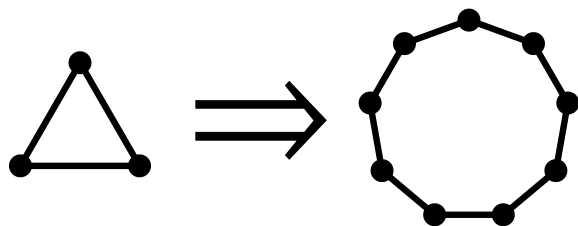
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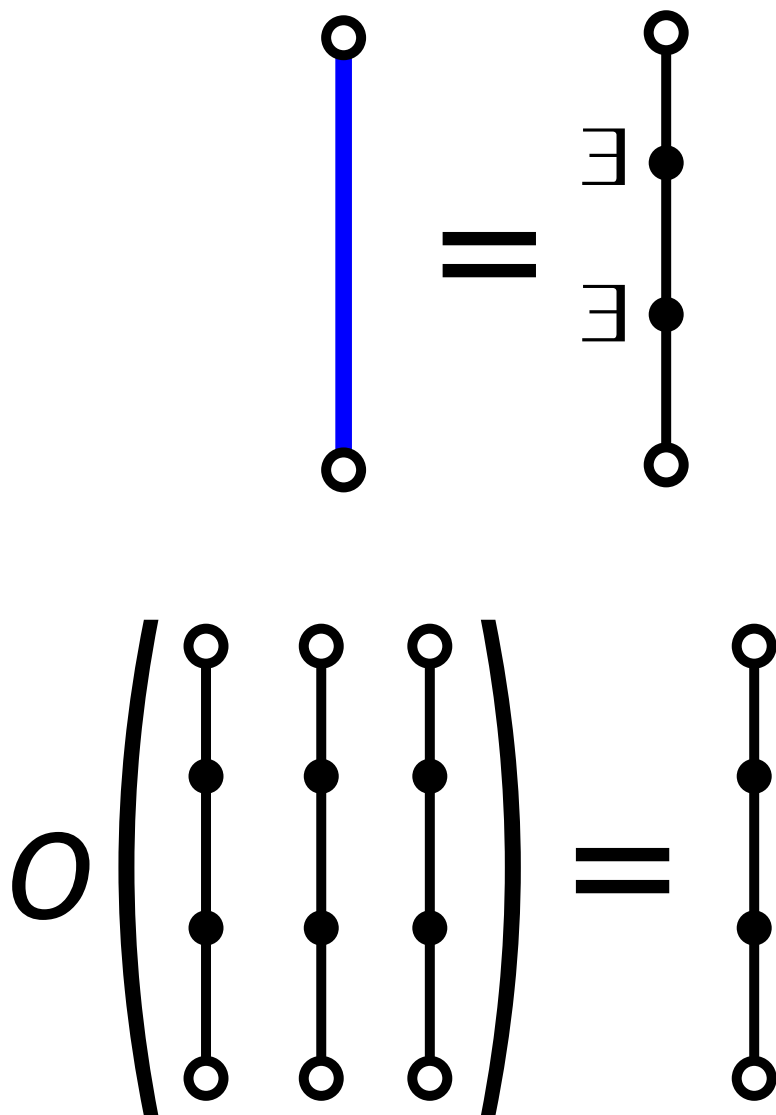
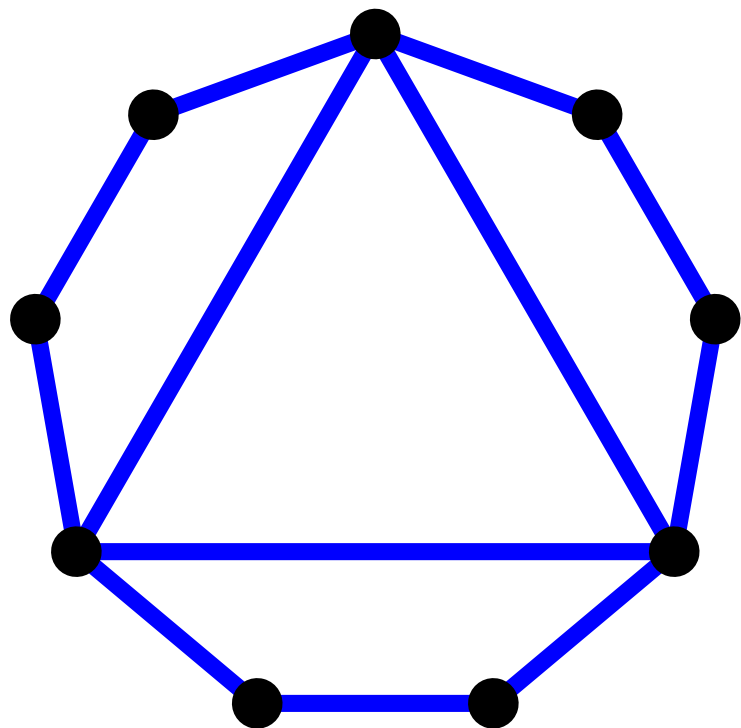
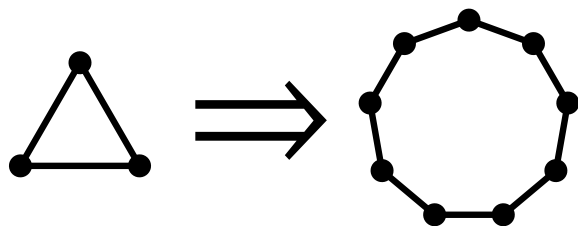
We want a loop!

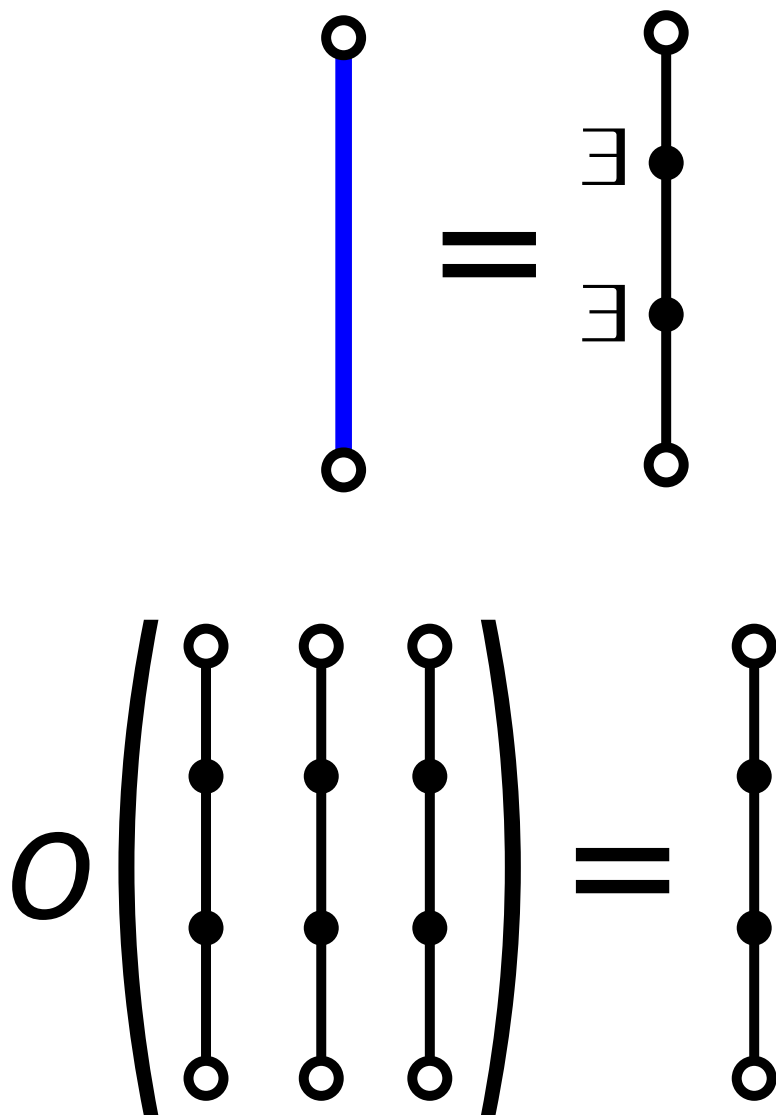
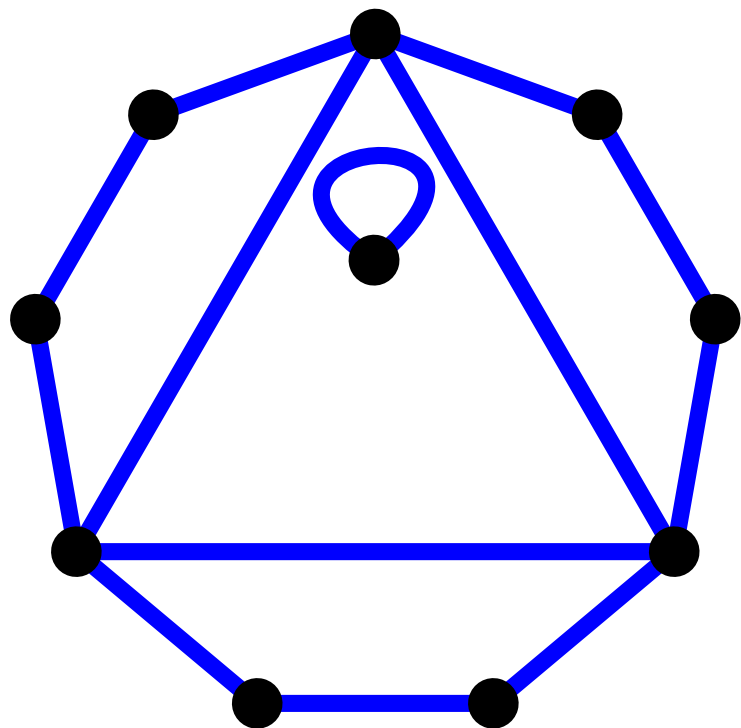
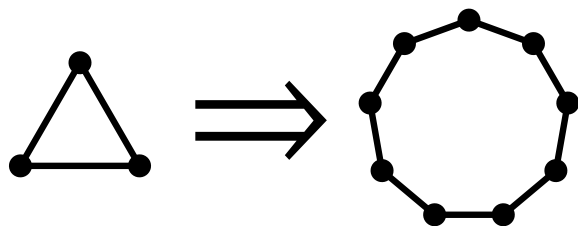


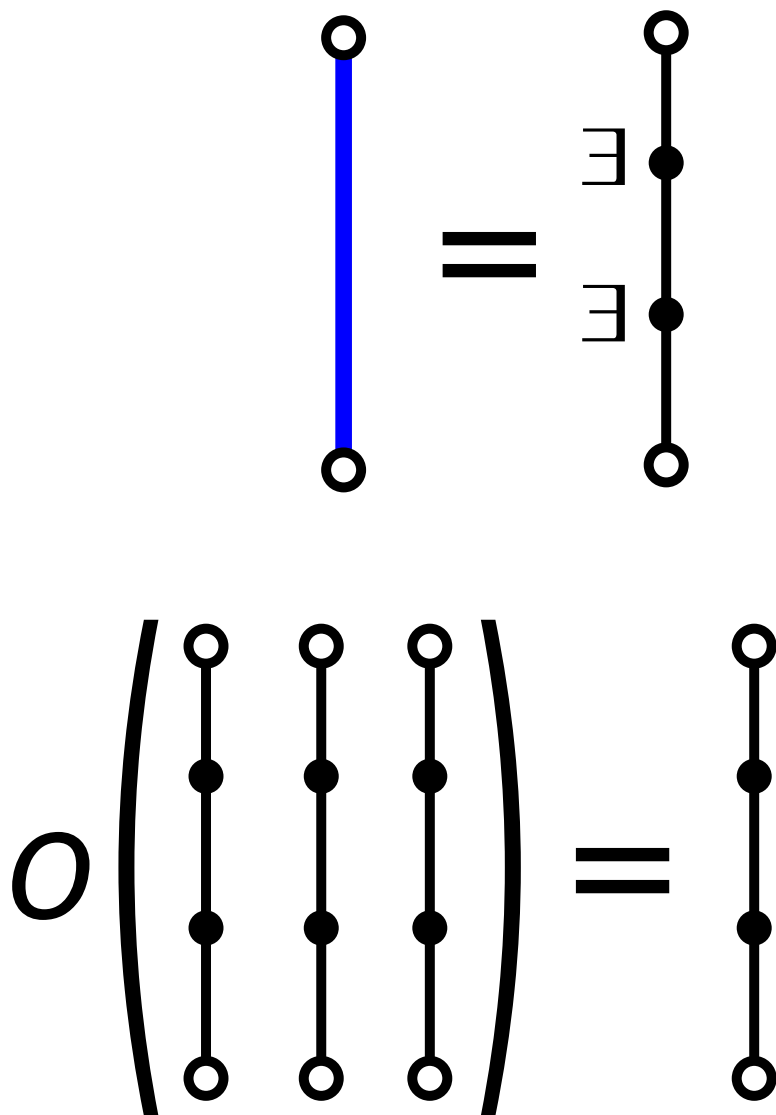
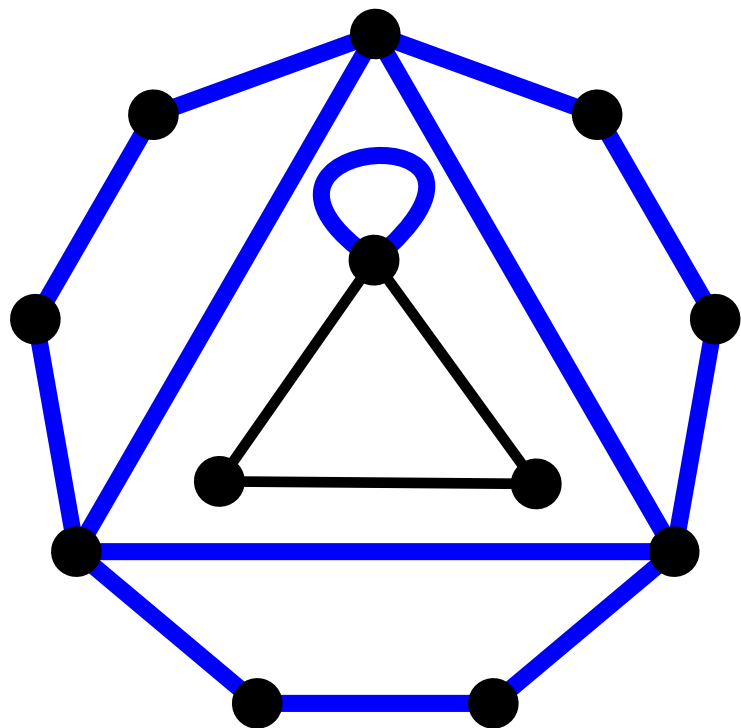
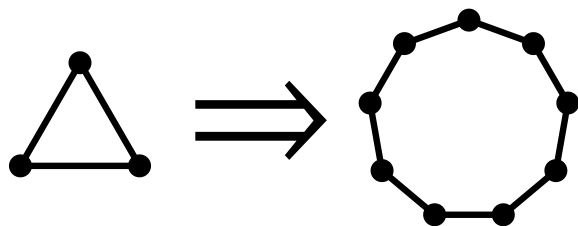


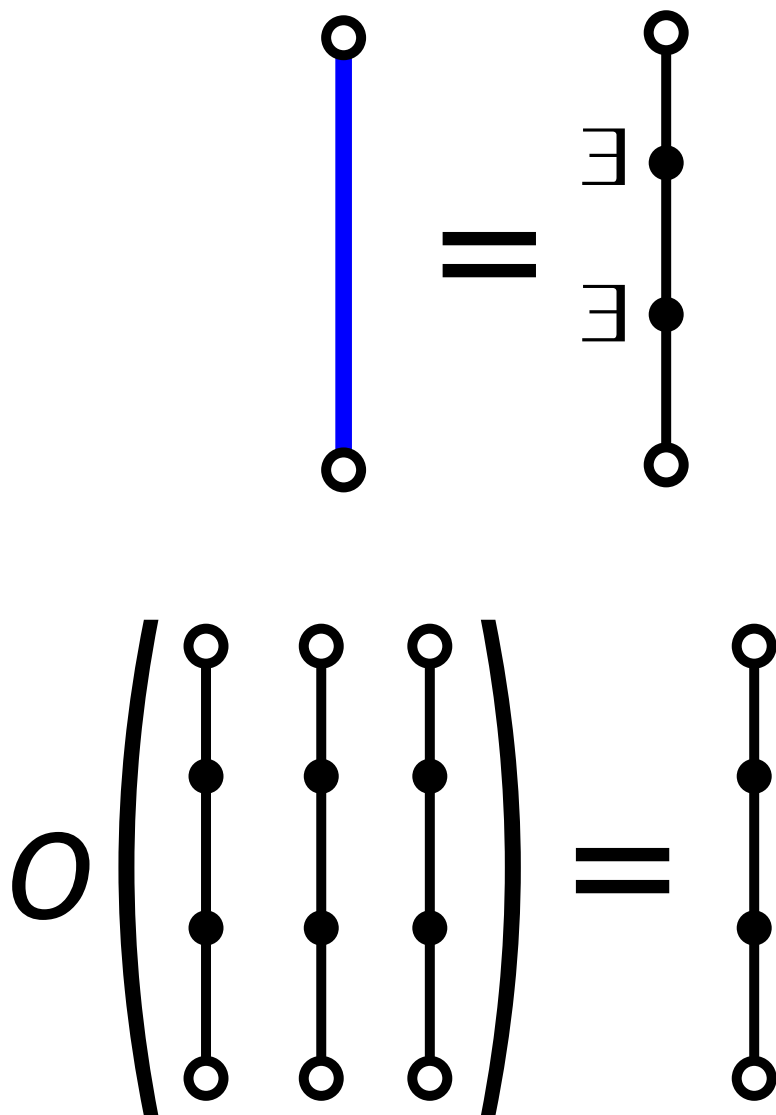
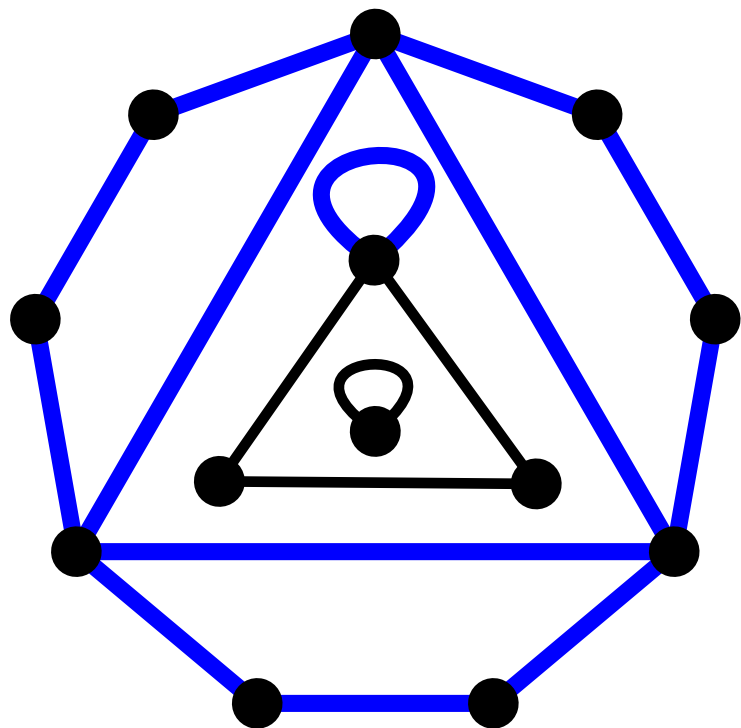
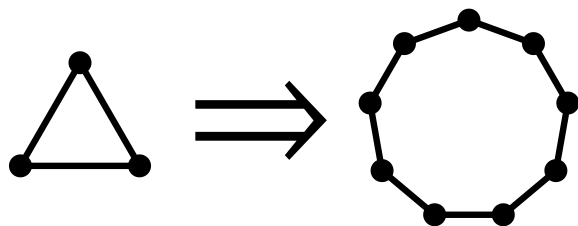


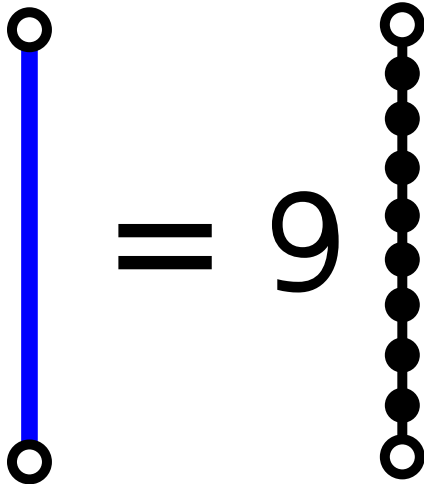
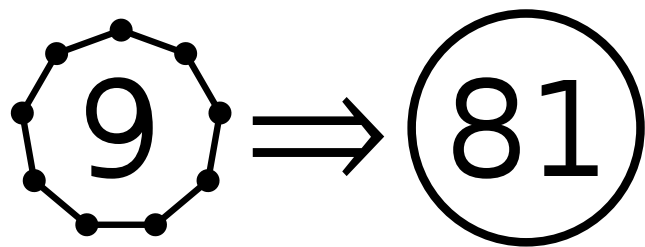


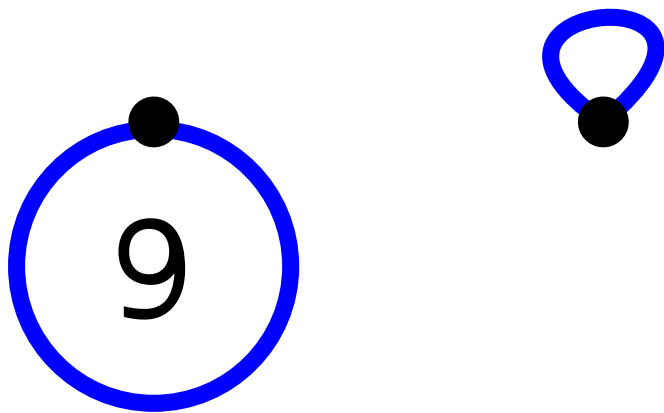
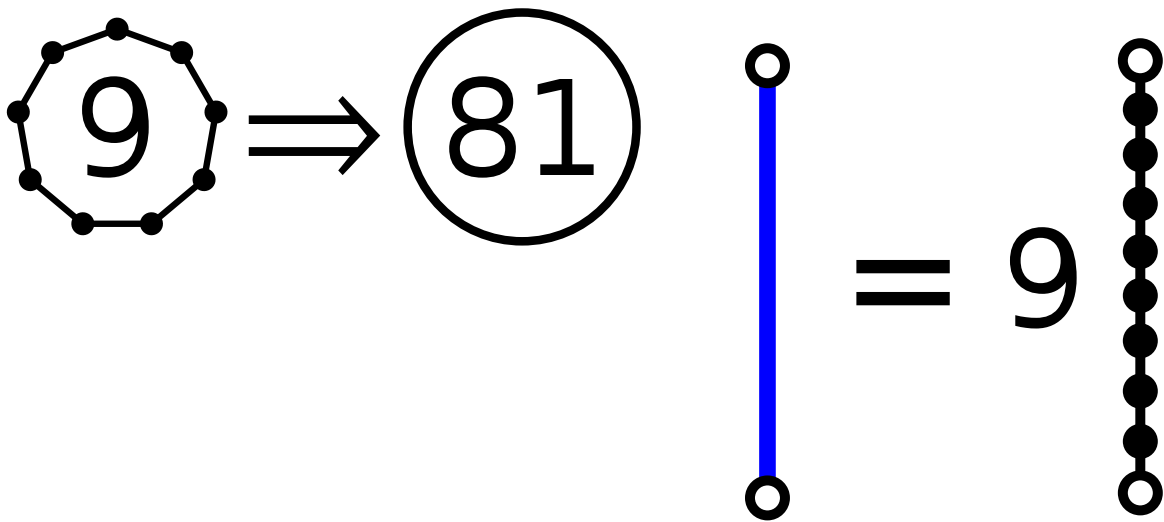


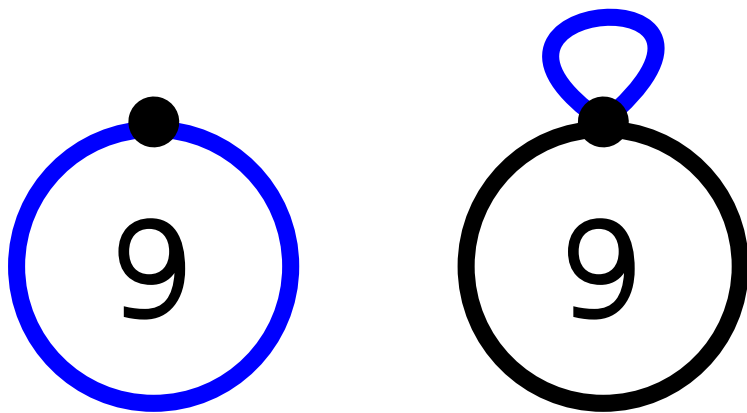
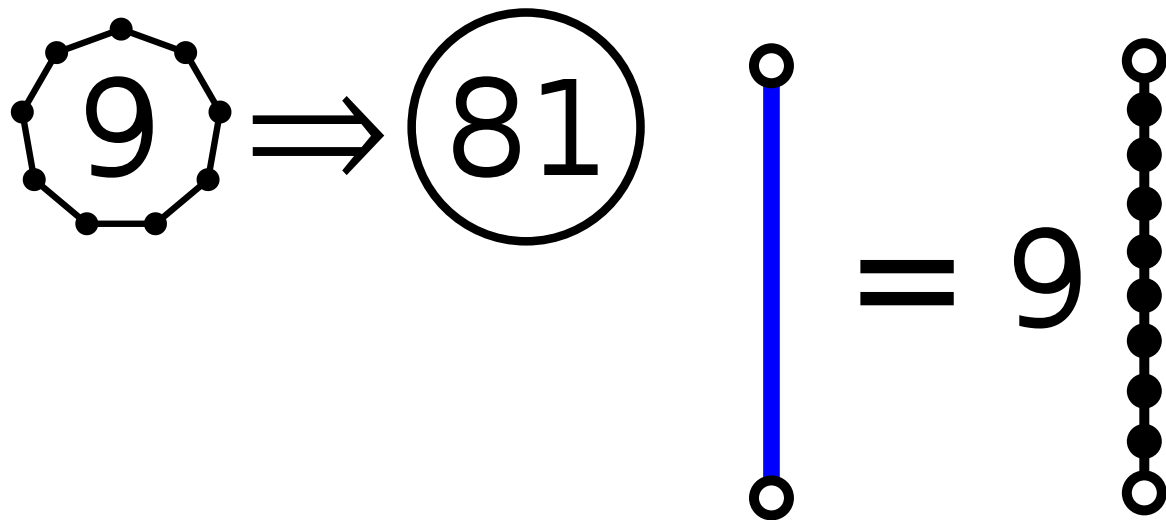


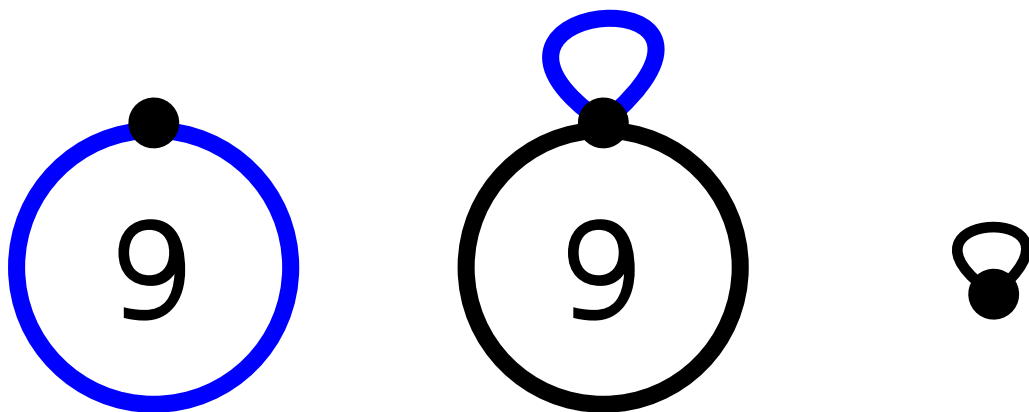
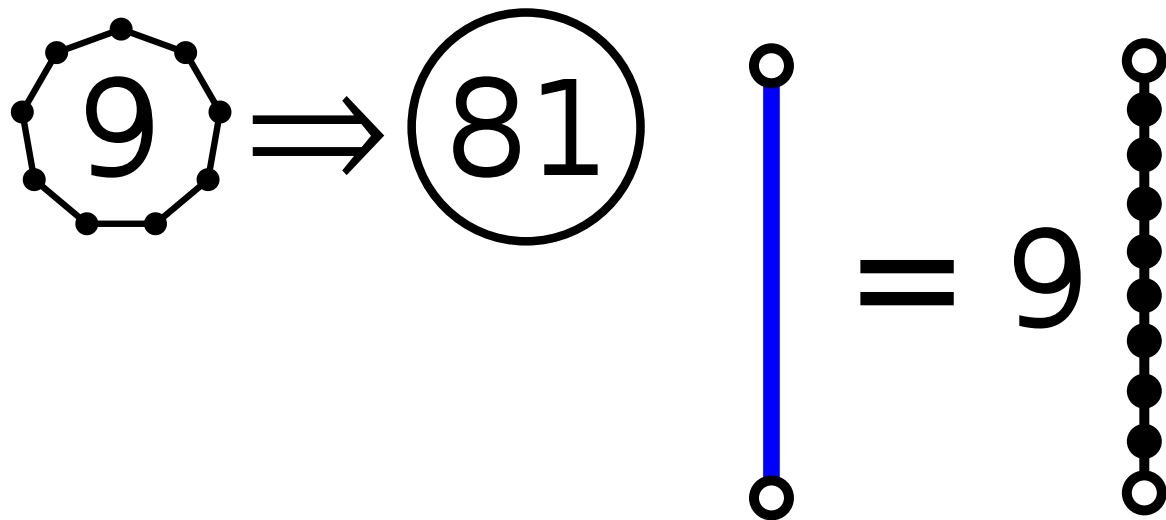




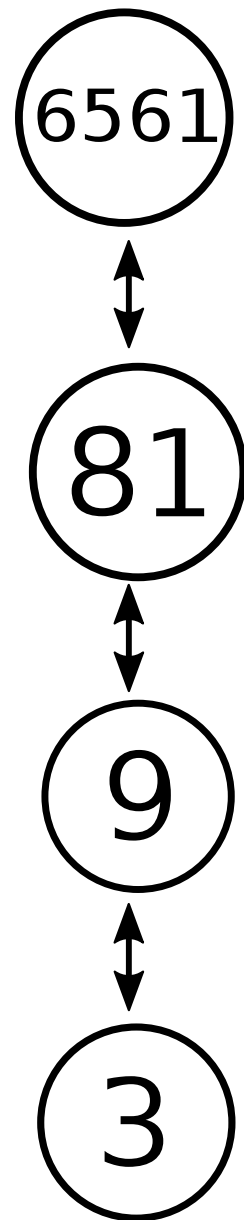
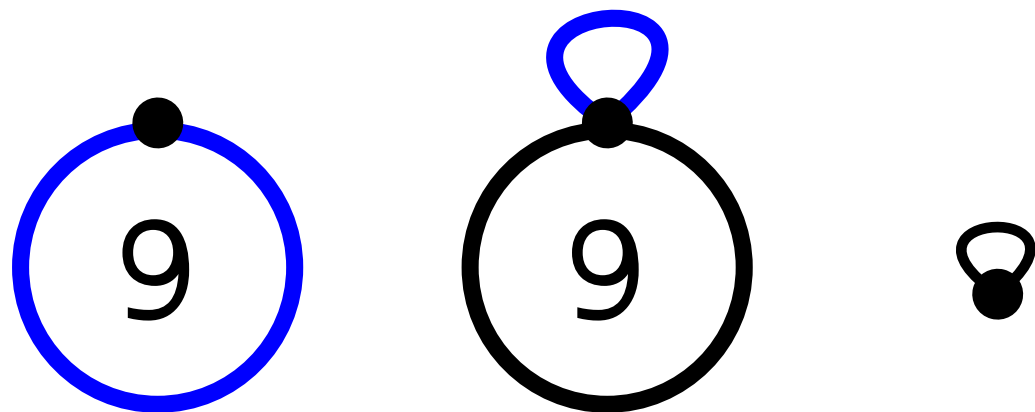
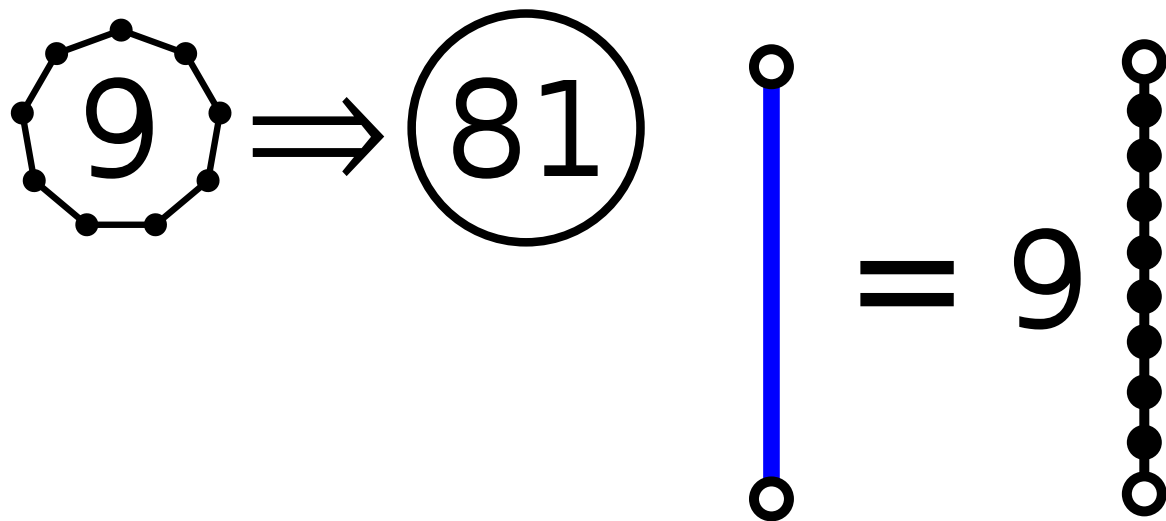






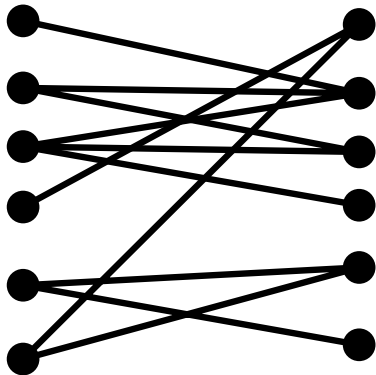




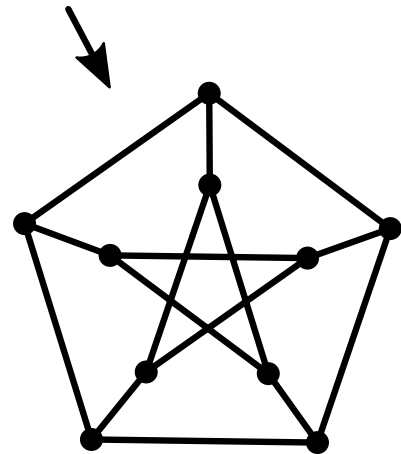
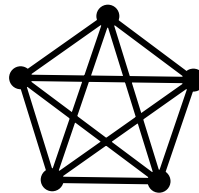
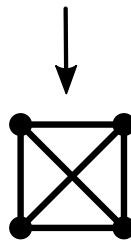
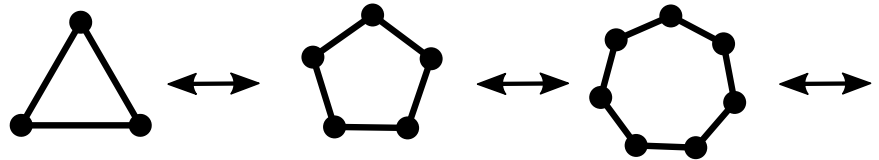


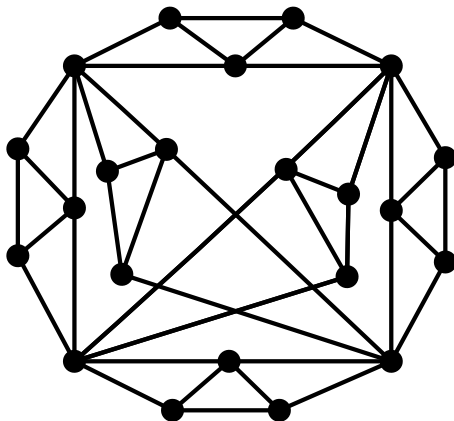
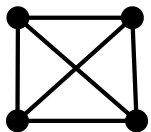
# Non-trivial Undirect Loop Conditions

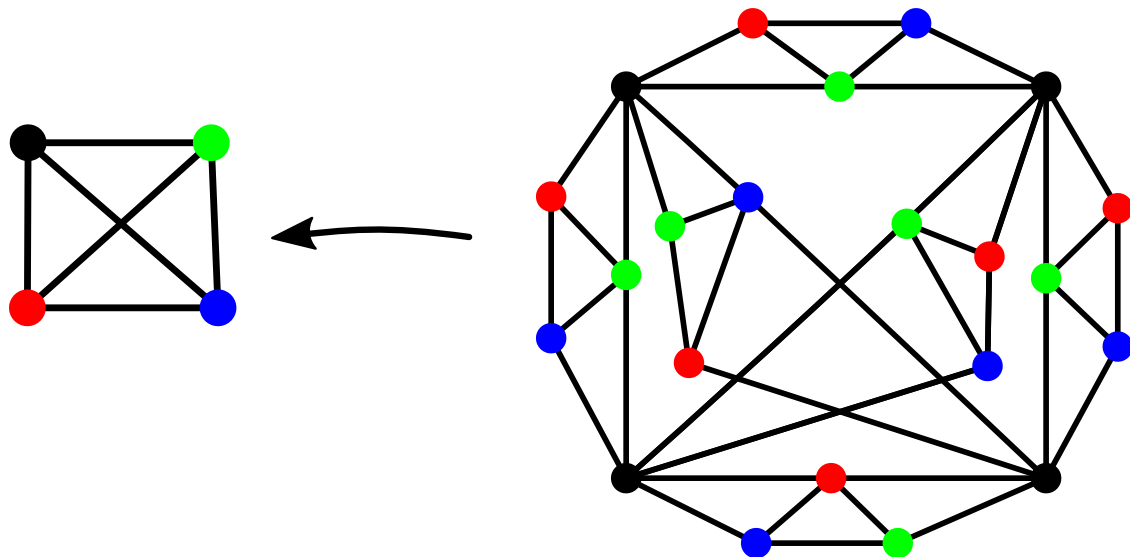
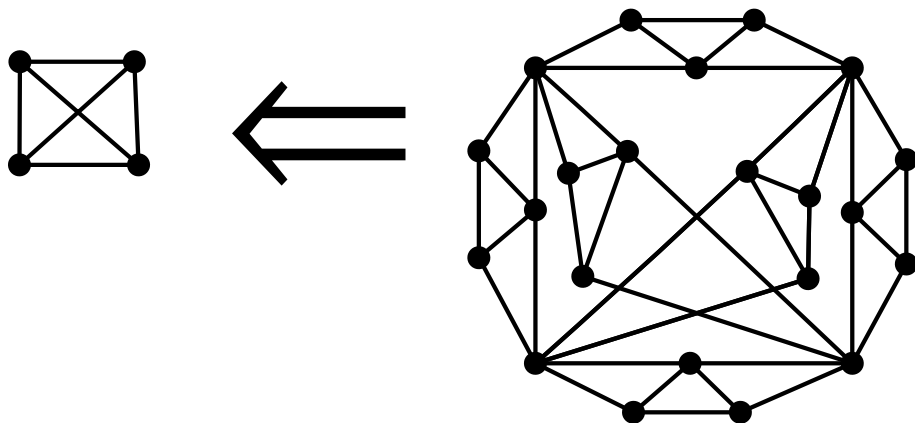
Bipartite

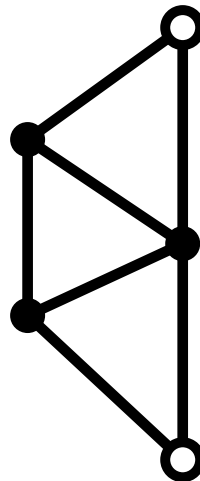
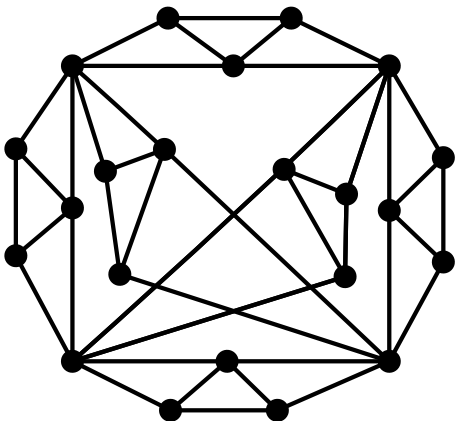
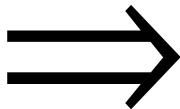
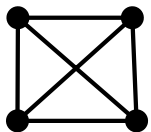


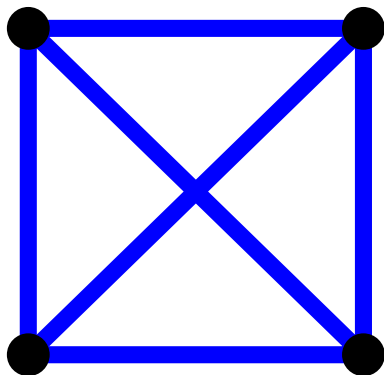
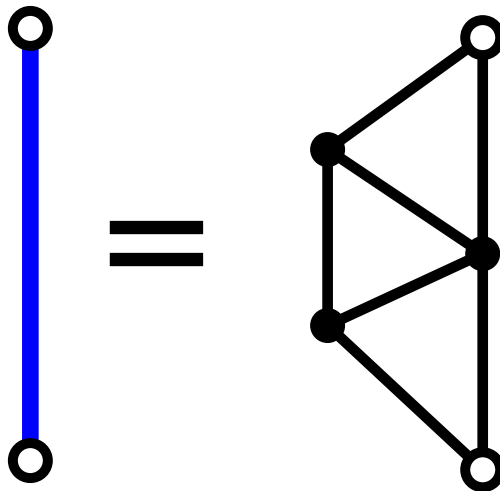
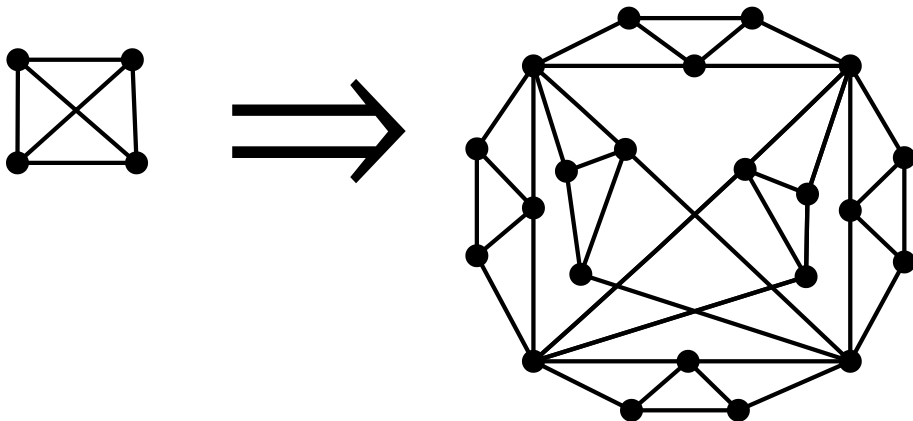
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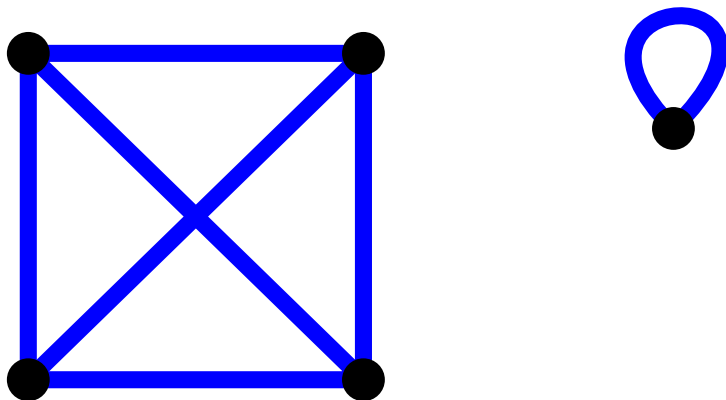
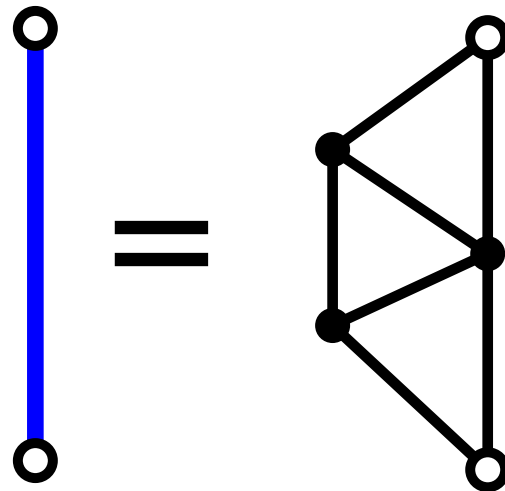
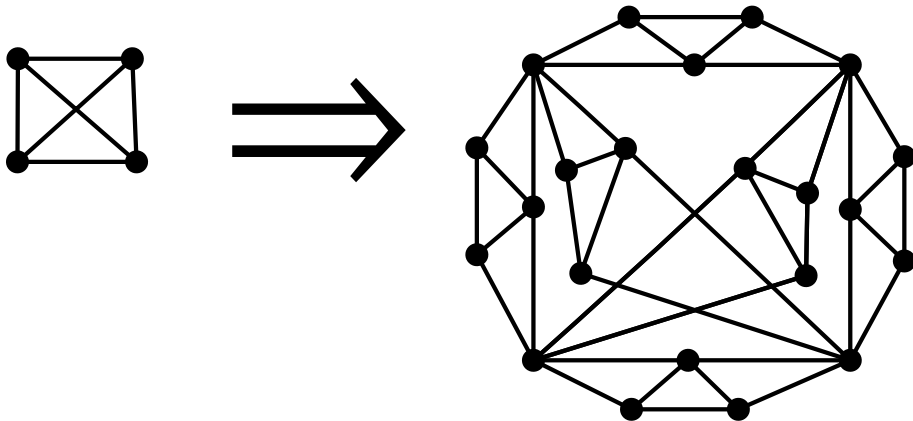


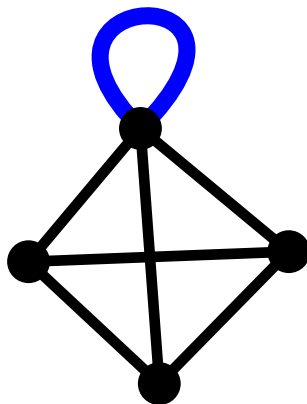
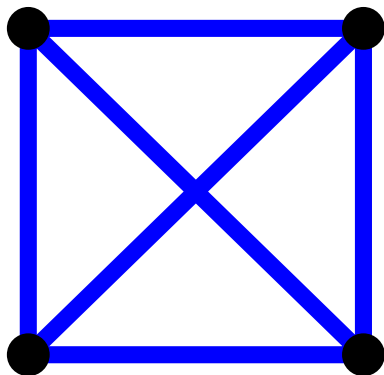
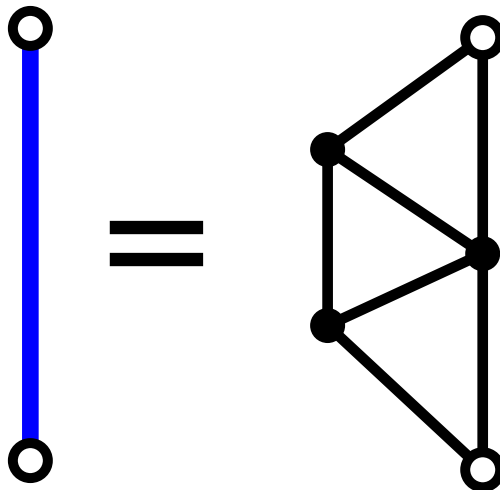
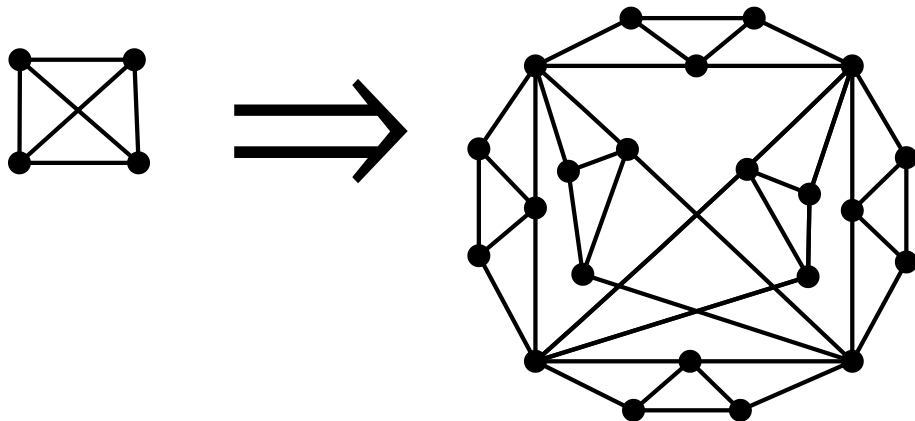




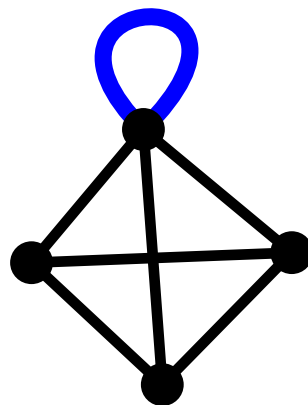
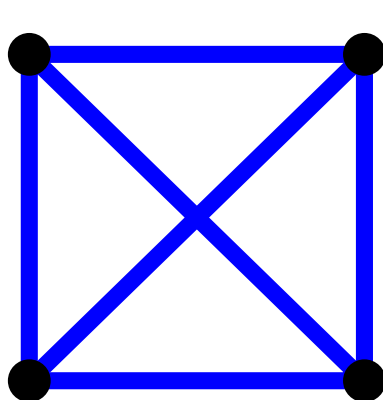
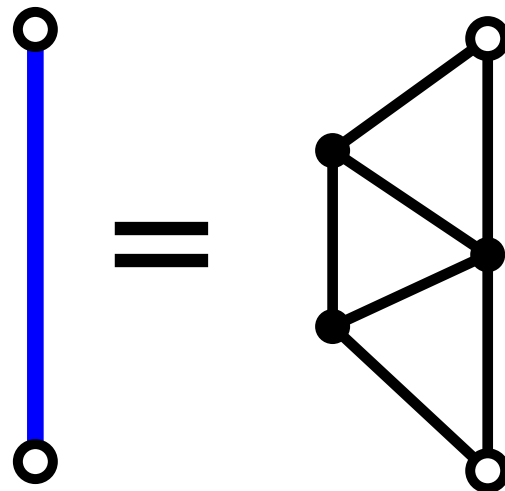
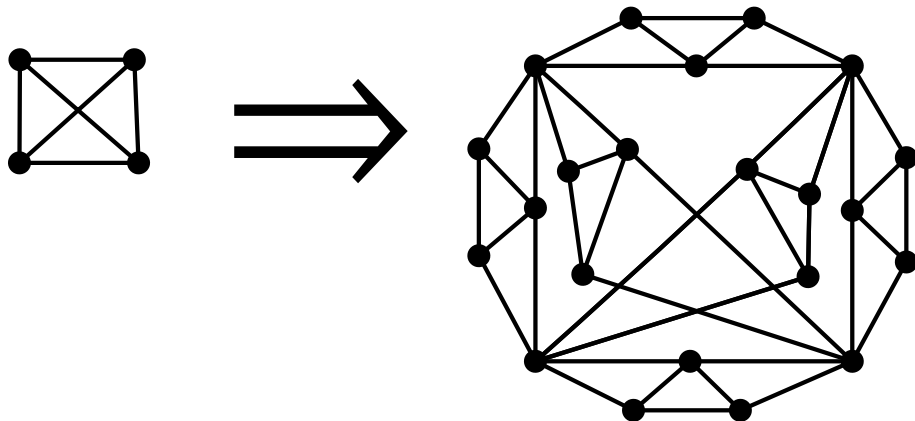


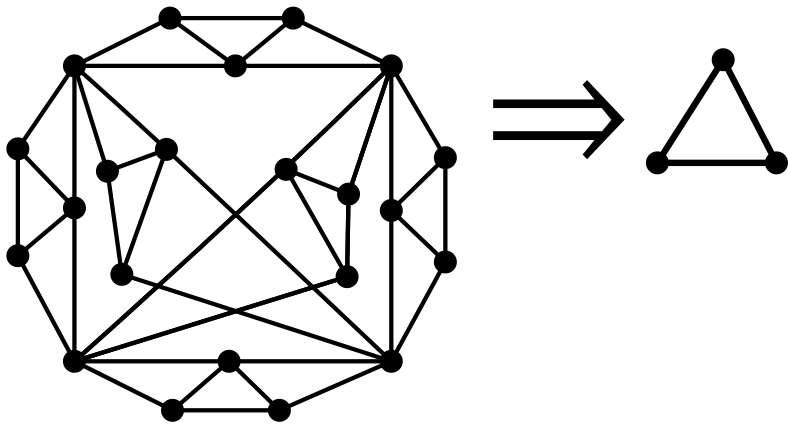




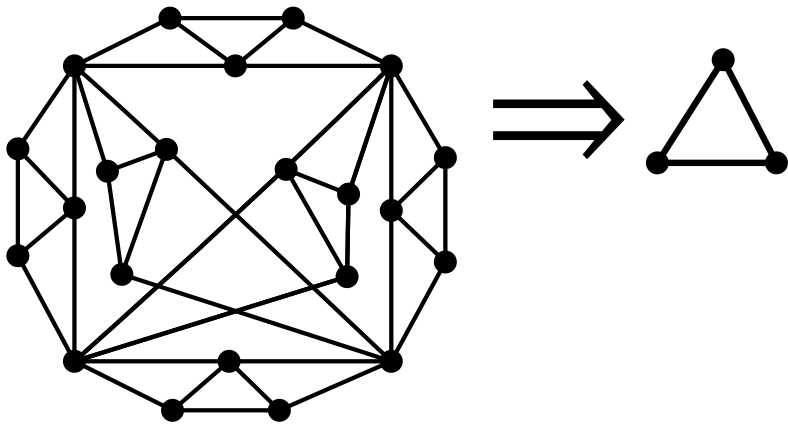






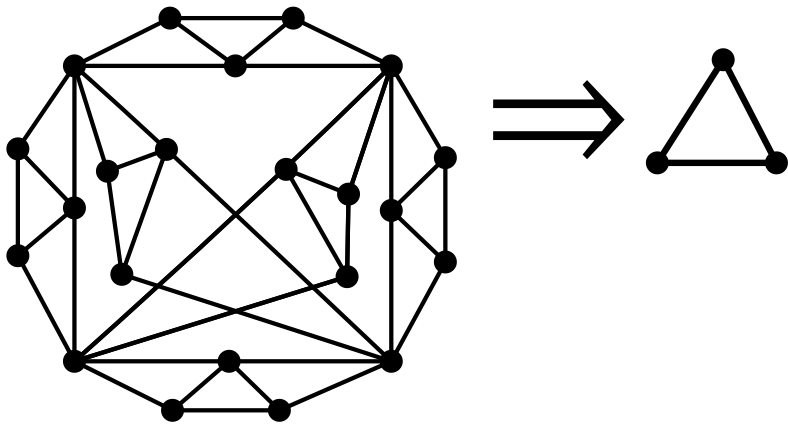


Homomorphism?



Homomorphism?

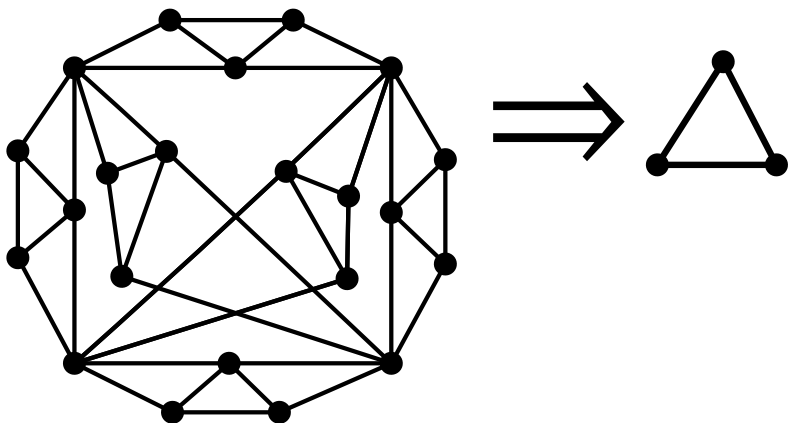
$\Leftrightarrow$  3-colorable?



Homomorphism?

$\Leftrightarrow$  3-colorable?

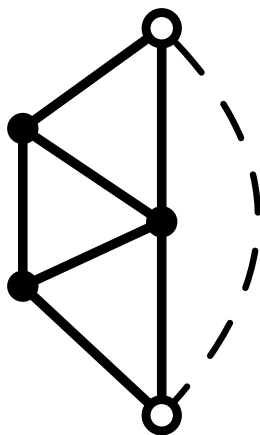
No!

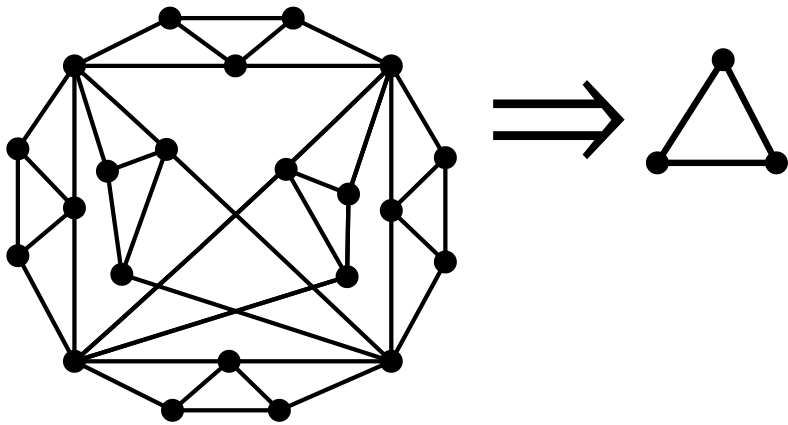


Homomorphism?

$\Leftrightarrow$  3-colorable?

No!

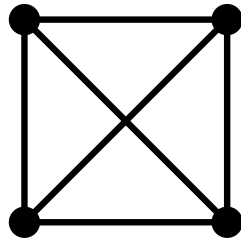
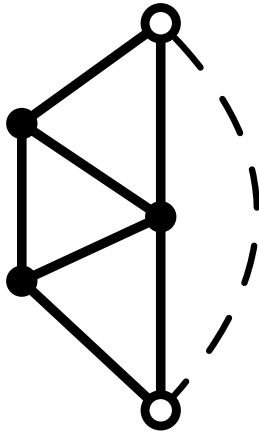


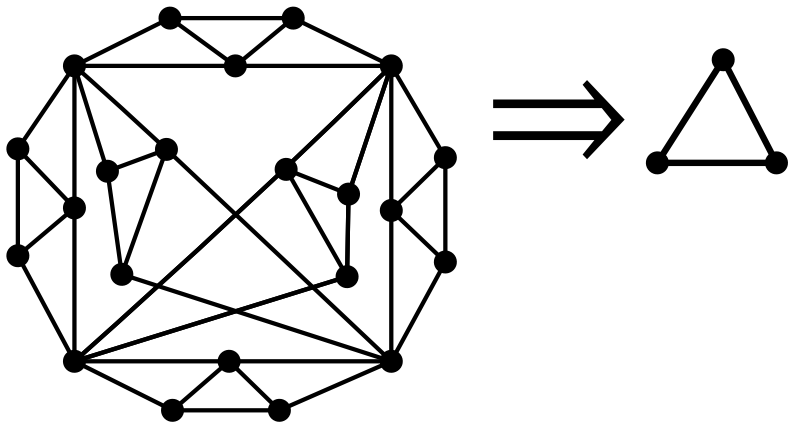


Homomorphism?

$\Leftrightarrow$  3-colorable?

No!

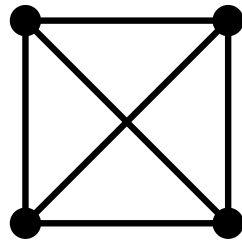
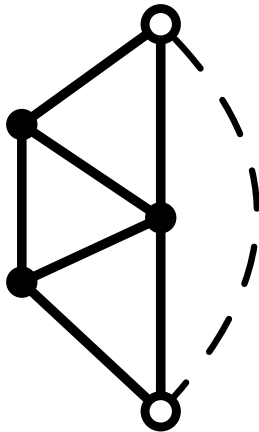




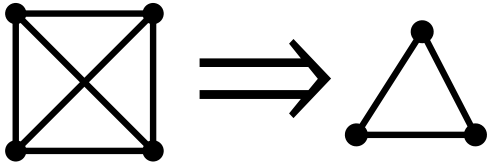
Homomorphism?

$\Leftrightarrow$  3-colorable?

No!

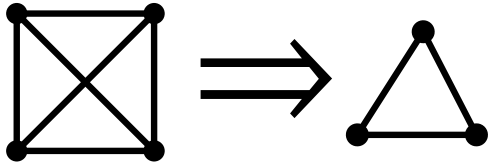


Something more  
advanced required...



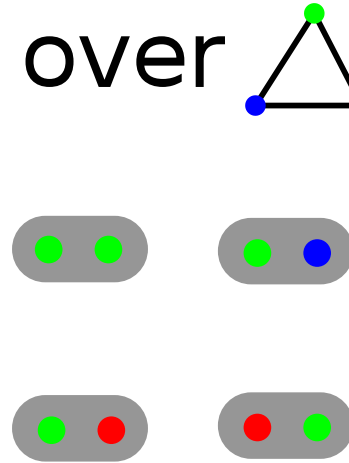
**A** = Free algebra over   
modulo 

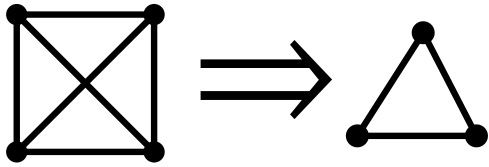




**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

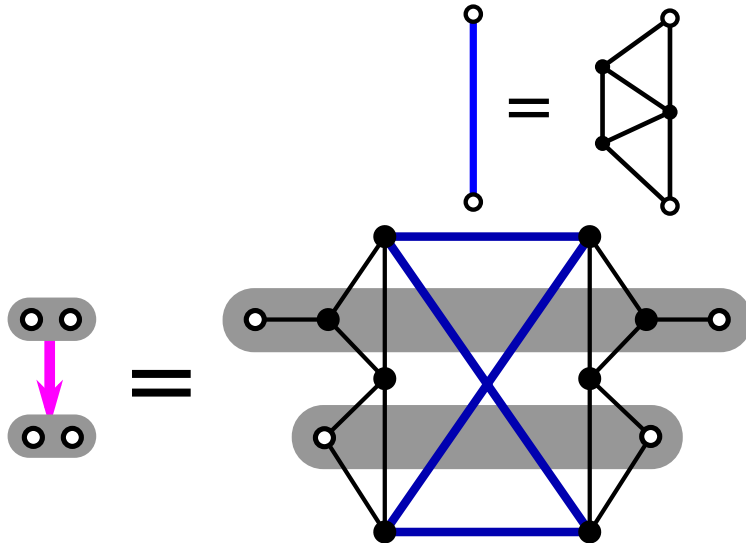
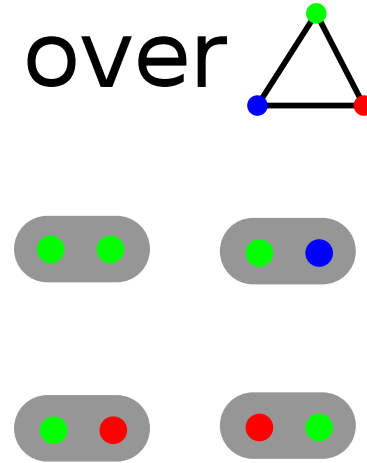
Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

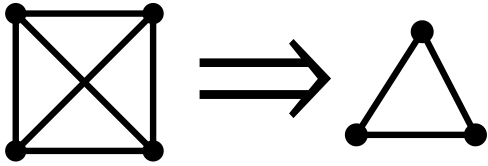




**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

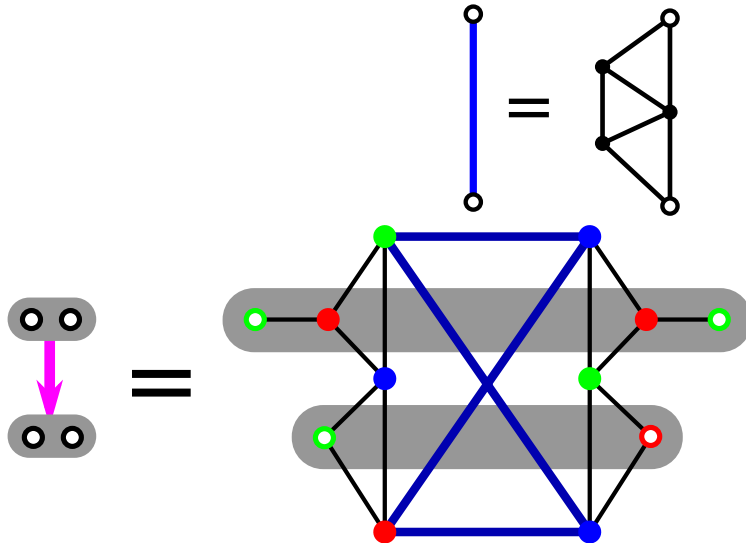
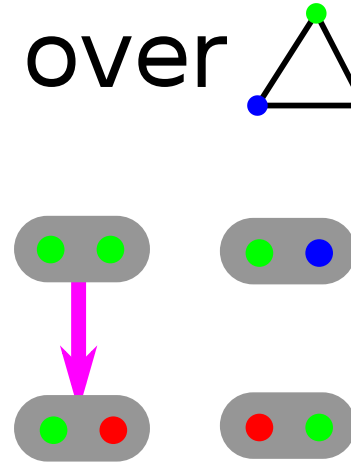
Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

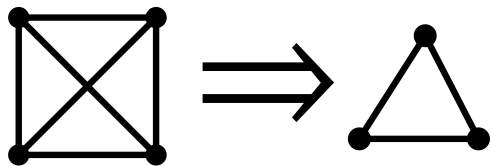




**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

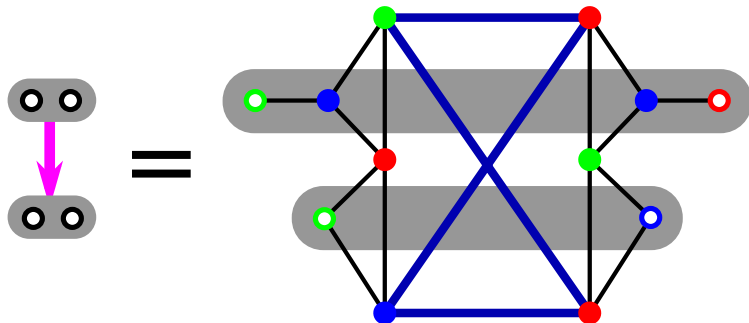
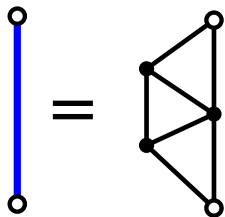
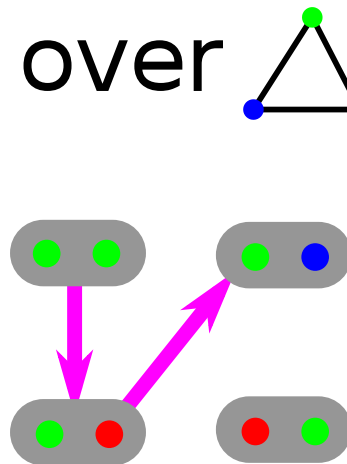
Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

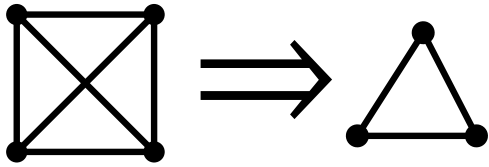




**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

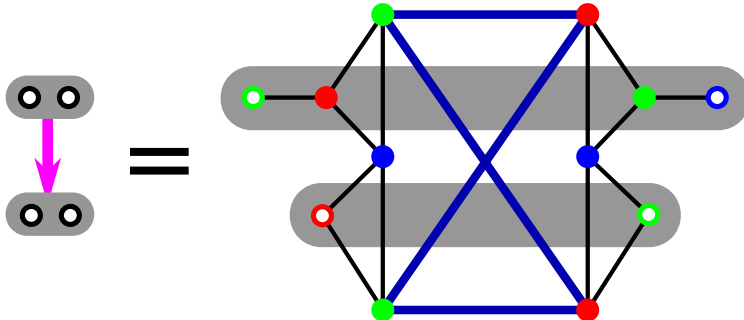
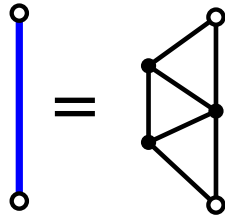
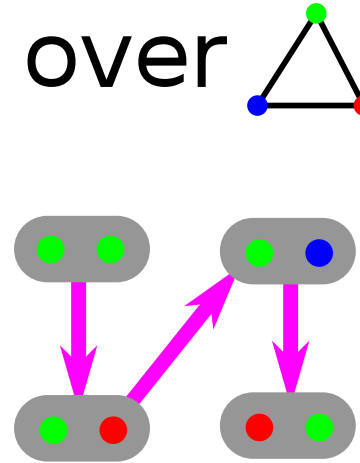
Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

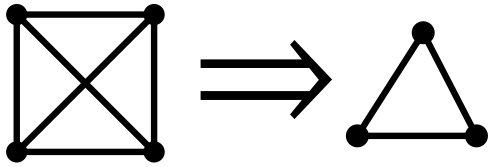




**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

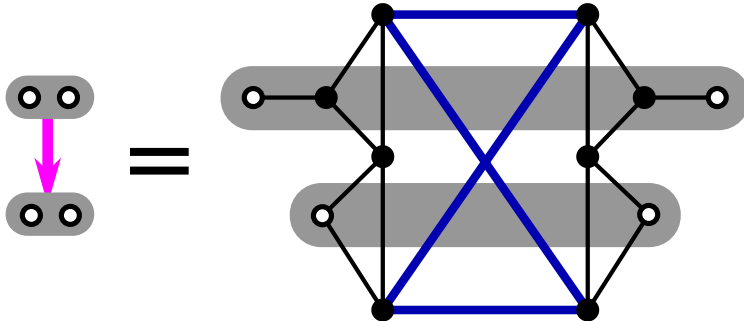
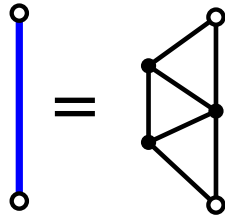
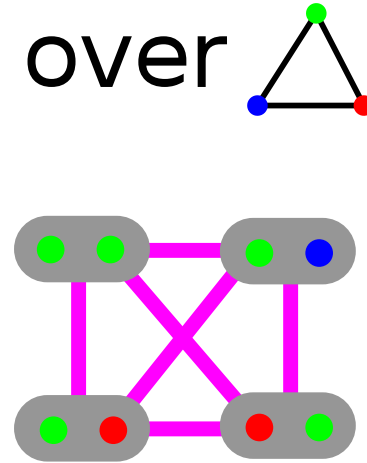
Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

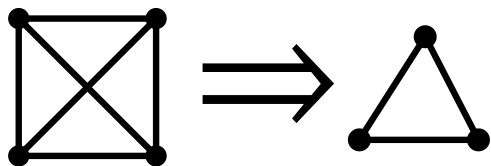




$\mathbf{A}$  = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

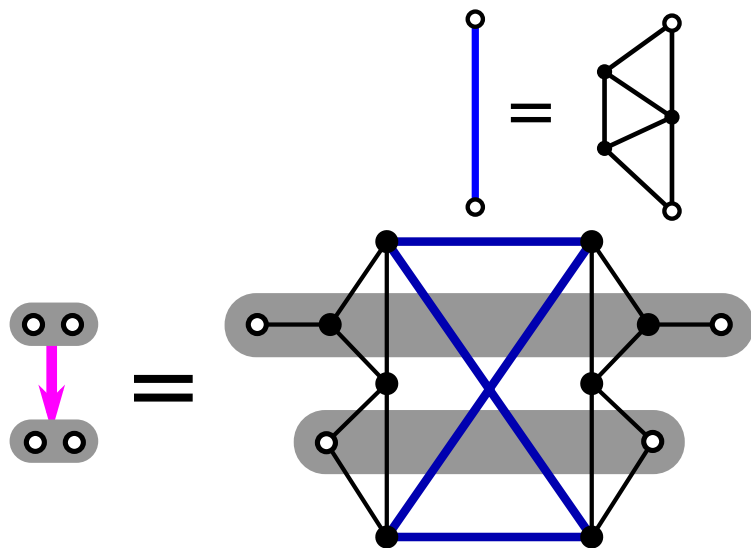
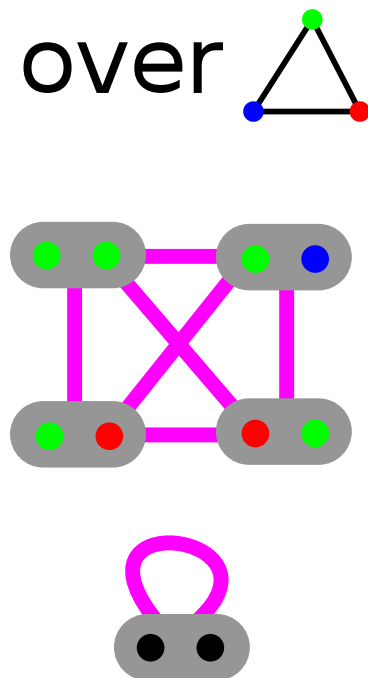
Consider  $\mathbf{A}^2$

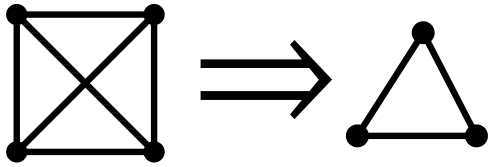




$\mathbf{A}$  = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

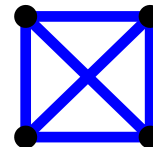
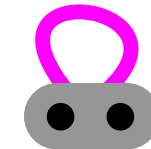
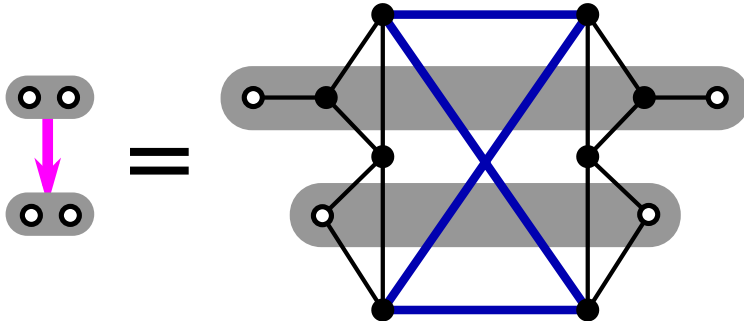
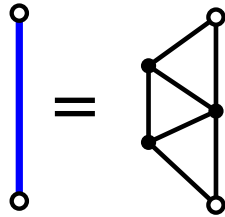
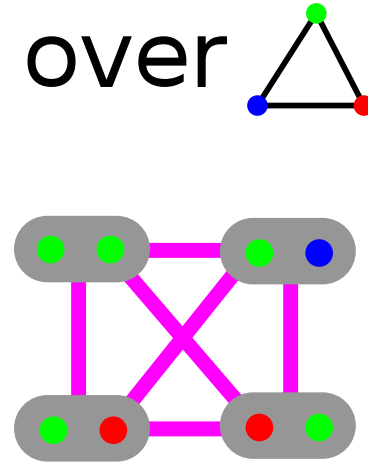
Consider  $\mathbf{A}^2$



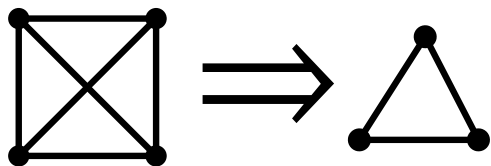


**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

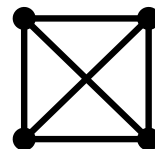
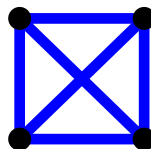
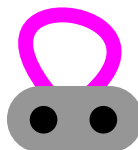
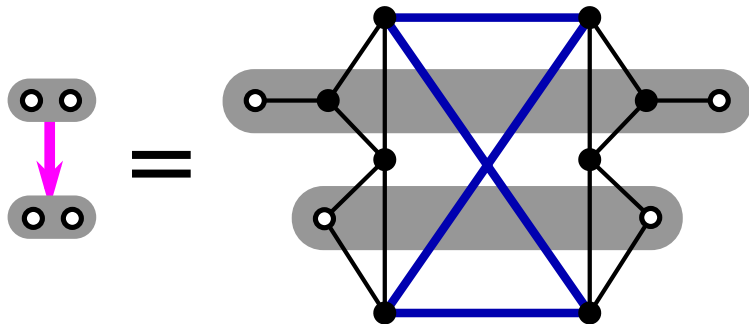
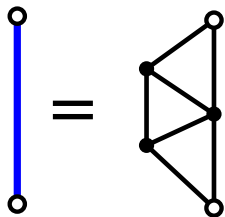
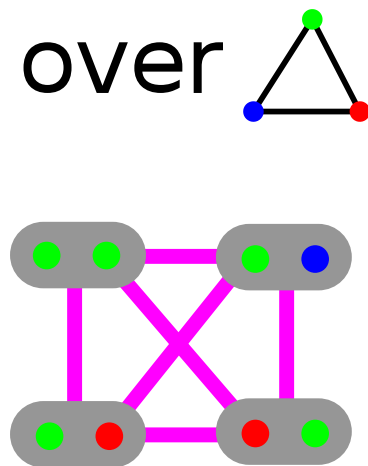


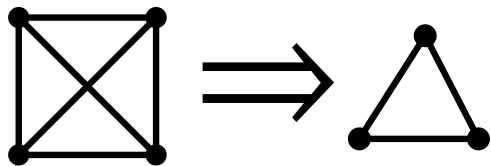




$\mathbf{A}$  = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

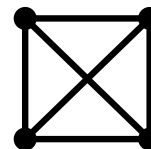
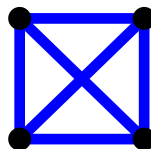
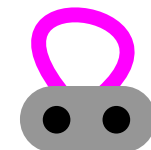
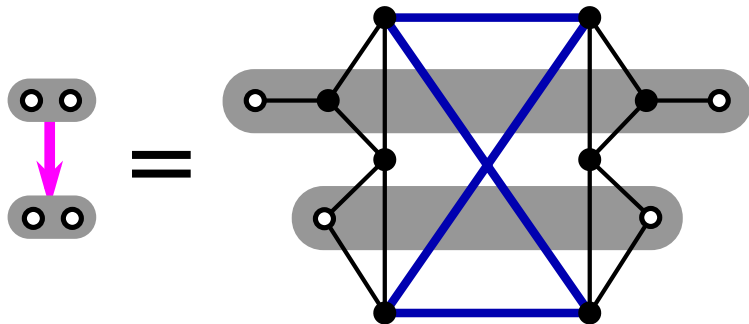
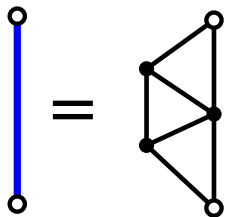
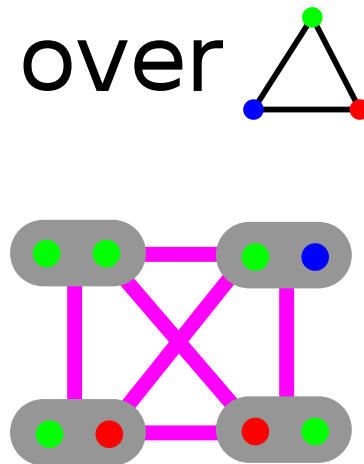
Consider  $\mathbf{A}^2$

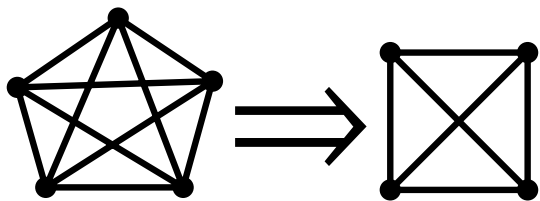




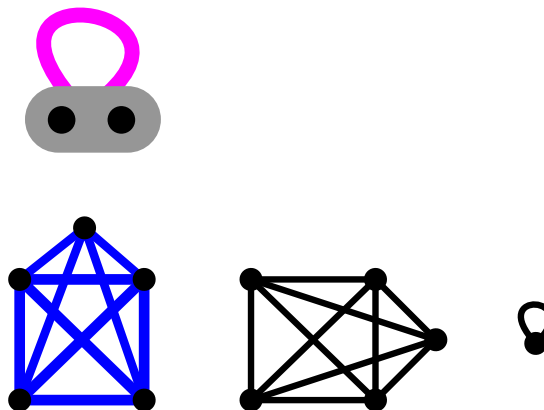
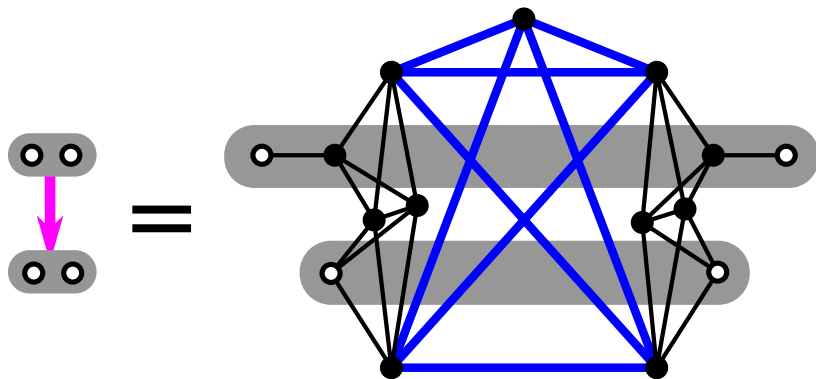
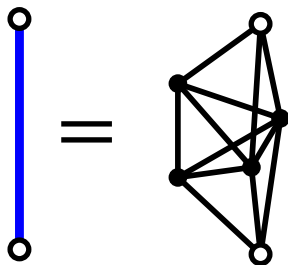
**A** = Free algebra over   
 modulo 

Consider **A**<sup>2</sup>

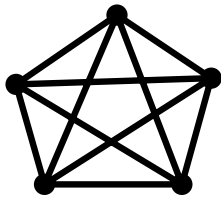
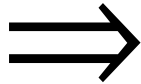




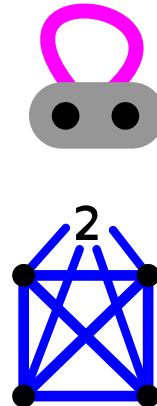
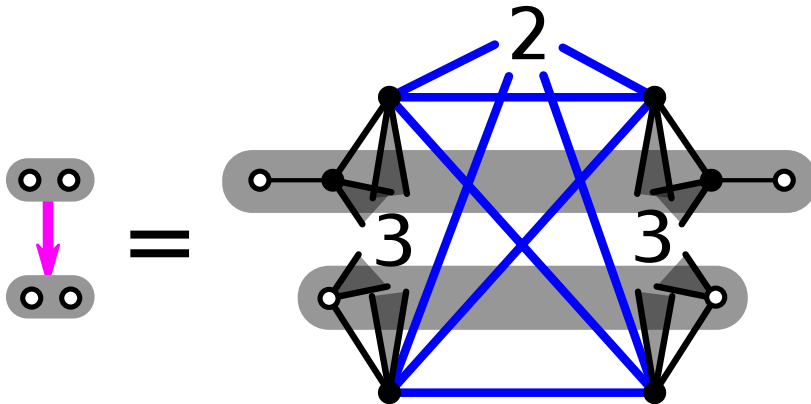
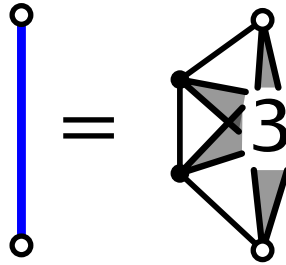
Generalize...



6



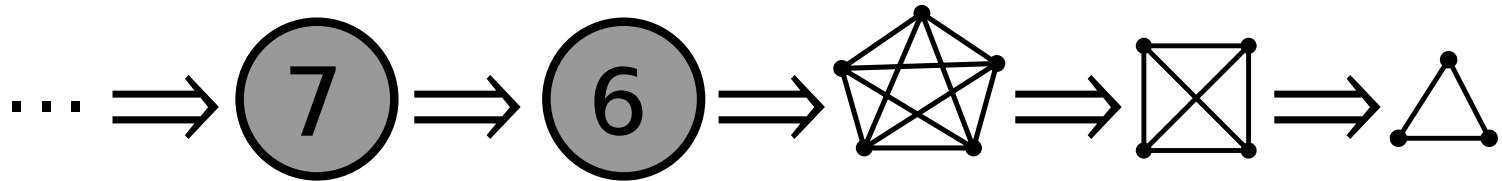
Generalize...



6

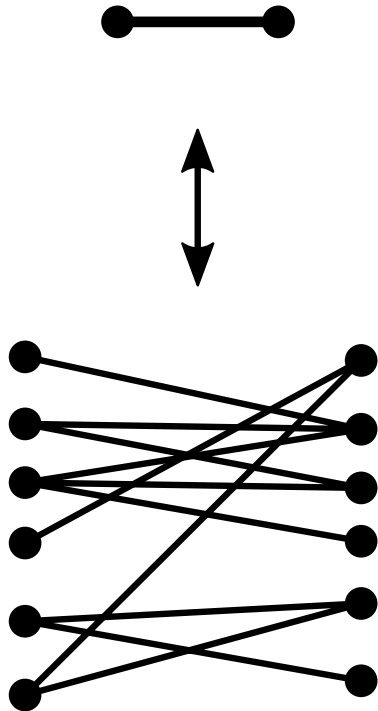


# Generalize...

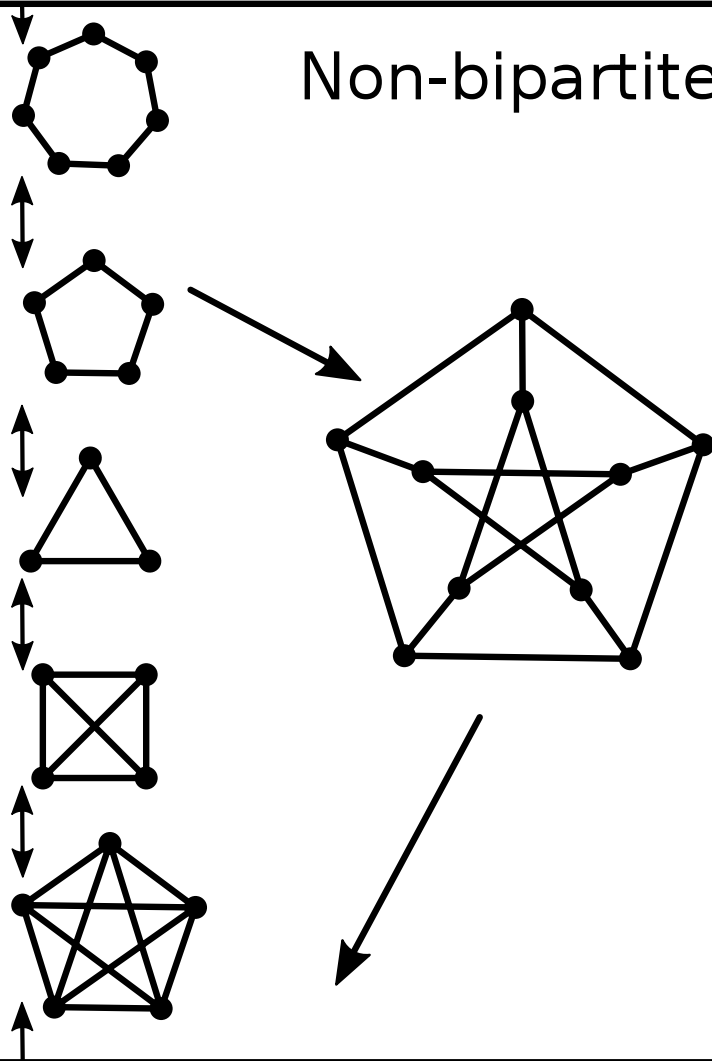


# Non-trivial Undirect Loop Conditions

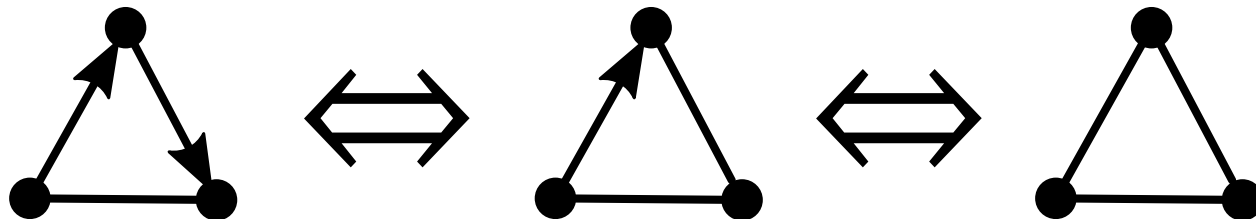
Bipartite



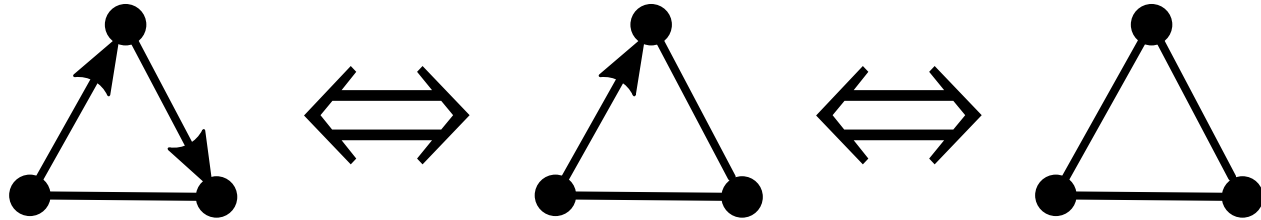
Non-bipartite



# Directed finite case



# Directed finite case



open for infinite...



Thank you for your attention

Questions?