

**Problem 1 [7 pts]** Show that the system

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= -y \\ y' &= x + 2\mu y - 24y^3\end{aligned}$$

has a Hopf bifurcation for the parameter value  $\mu = 0$  in the origin  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ . Determine the stability of the origin and the periodic solutions (in case these exist). Draw the bifurcation diagram in the half-plane  $(\mu, r)$ , where  $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ .

**Problem 2 [5 pts]** Consider the system

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= x^2 + \sin(\alpha y - u) \\ y' &= 2x + \beta y \\ z' &= \frac{1}{1 - \gamma y} - \frac{1}{1 + u} + z^2\end{aligned}$$

where  $\alpha, \beta, \gamma$  are real parameters. Under which conditions is the system locally controllable in the neighborhood of  $(x, y, z) = (0, 0, 0)$ ? – Admissible controls are of the form  $u : [0, \infty) \rightarrow (-\delta, \delta)$  and measurable, with some small  $\delta > 0$  fixed.

**Problem 3 [8 pts]** Show that the system (with a real parameter  $a$ )

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= ax^3 + x^2y \\ y' &= -y + y^2 + xy - x^3\end{aligned}$$

has a centre manifold of the form  $y = \phi(x)$  in some neighborhood of  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ . Find a suitable approximation of  $\phi(x)$  to determine the stability of the origin.