

$$(54) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n^{n^{\alpha}} - 1)$$

$$a_n = \exp(n^{\alpha} \ln n) - 1 = \frac{\ln n}{n^{-\alpha}} + o\left(\frac{\ln n}{n^{-\alpha}}\right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{\ln n}{n^{-\alpha}}$$

$$\lim \frac{a_n}{b_n} = 1$$

$$k \Leftrightarrow \alpha < -1$$

u k a z a

$$(52) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(n^{\frac{1}{n^2+1}} - 1 \right)$$

$$a_n = \exp \left\{ \frac{\ln n}{n^2+1} \right\} - 1 = \frac{\ln n}{n^2+1} + o \left(\frac{\ln n}{n^2} \right)$$

störterm' s $b_n = \frac{\ln n}{n^2}$ ∇
0

$$\lim \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \lim \frac{n^2}{n^2+1} + \frac{o \left(\frac{\ln n}{n^2} \right)}{\frac{\ln n}{n^2}} = 1$$



$$(3) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sin \frac{1}{n} - \arcsin \frac{1}{n}$$

$$a_n = \cancel{\frac{1}{n}} - \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{1}{6} + O\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right)$$

$$- \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{n}} + \frac{2}{4 \cdot 3} \frac{1}{n^3} + O\left(\frac{1}{n^2}\right) \right)$$

$$= - \left(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{2}{6} \right) \cdot \frac{1}{n^3} + O\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right)$$

$$AZ: b_n = \frac{1}{n^3}$$

$\sum \epsilon$

$$\lim \left| \frac{-\frac{2}{6} \frac{1}{n^3} + O\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right)}{\frac{1}{n^3}} \right|$$

$$\lim a_n = A \Rightarrow \lim |a_n| = |A|$$

$$(37) \quad a_n = \log_b \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right) \quad a > 0, b > 0, b \neq 1$$

$$\log_b x = \frac{\ln x}{\ln b} = \frac{1}{\ln b} \cdot \frac{\ln x}{1}$$

$$a_n = \frac{\ln \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)}{n} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln b}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\ln b} \cdot \frac{1}{n} \left[\cancel{\left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)^2}{n^2} + O \left(\left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)^3 \right) \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{\ln b} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n} O \left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)$$

Lsg

Stromme s $bu = \frac{1}{n^2}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{1} + \frac{\frac{1}{n} O \left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)}{\frac{1}{n^2}} = 1$$

$$n \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{O \left(\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n} \right)}{\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{n}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{1}$$

(k)

$$(1) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\sin \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \right) \frac{1}{n^{\alpha}}$$

$$\sin \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{1}{6} + o\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right)$$

tedy

$$a_n = \left[-\frac{1}{6n^3} + o\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right) \right] \cdot \frac{1}{n^{\alpha}}$$

vytkneme

$n - n$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n^{\alpha} \cdot n^3}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \frac{1}{6} + 0$$

$\sum b_n < \infty$

$$\alpha + 3 > 1$$

$$\boxed{\alpha > -2}$$

lim
 $n \rightarrow \infty$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{n^3} + o\left(\frac{1}{n^3}\right) \right) \cdot \frac{1}{n^{\alpha}}}{\frac{1}{n^3} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{\alpha}}} = \frac{1}{6} + 0$$

$$(36) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n})^p \text{ kon } \frac{n-1}{n+1}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n})^p} \cdot \text{kon} \left(1 - \frac{2}{n+1} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(-\frac{2}{n+1} + o\left(-\frac{2}{n+1}\right) \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{(n^{\frac{p}{2}})^p} \cdot \frac{1}{n+1} \quad \text{ryt konvergenz } n \rightarrow \infty$$

$$\text{lim} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n}} \right)^p \cdot \left[\frac{-\frac{2}{n+1}}{1/n+1} + o\left(\frac{-\frac{2}{n+1}}{1/n+1} \right) \right]}{\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \right)^p}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2^p} (2 + 0) = 1$$

$$\sum k \text{ kon } \sum \frac{1}{(n+1) \cdot n^{\frac{p}{2}}} k$$

$$\text{kon } \underline{\underline{p > 0}}$$

$$(56) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{1}{n^\alpha}\right) - \ln\left(\sin \frac{1}{n^\alpha}\right)$$

$$a_n = -\ln\left(n^\alpha \sin \frac{1}{n^\alpha}\right) =$$

$$= -\ln n^\alpha \left(\frac{1}{n^\alpha} - \frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right) \right)$$

operacja

$$= -\ln \left(1 - \frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right) \right)$$

$$= - \left[-\frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right) + O\left(-\frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right)\right) \right]$$

$$\text{LSE } b_n = \frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}$$

$$\lim \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \lim \left(-\frac{1}{6} + \frac{n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right)}{\frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}} + O\left(\frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right)\right) \right)$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right)}{\frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}}$$

$$\text{z tego wynika, że } O\left(-\frac{1}{6n^{2\alpha}} + n^\alpha O\left(\frac{1}{n^{3\alpha}}\right)\right)$$

$$\text{jeżeli jest } O\left(\frac{1}{n^{2\alpha}}\right)$$

$$\text{tedy } \sum_k \text{ } (\Leftrightarrow) \alpha > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(2) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2 \log \left(\frac{1}{n^{1/5}} \right) - \operatorname{Si} \left(\frac{1}{n^{1/5}} \right) - \frac{1}{n^{3/5}}$$

$$a_n = 2 \left(\frac{1}{n^{1/5}} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{3/5}} + O \left(\frac{1}{n^{3/5}} \right) \right) - \left(\frac{1}{n^{1/5}} - \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{1}{n^{3/5}} + O \left(\frac{1}{n^{3/5}} \right) \right) - \frac{1}{n^{3/5}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^{1/5}} + \frac{1}{n^{3/5}} \left(\underbrace{\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} - 1}_{-1/6} \right) + O \left(\frac{1}{n^{3/5}} \right)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n^{1/5}}$$

Ab:

$$\lim \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \lim \left(1 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{n^{1/5}}{n^{3/5}} + \frac{O \left(\frac{1}{n^{3/5}} \right)}{\frac{1}{n^{3/5}}} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{n^{1/5}}} \right)$$

$$= \lim \left(1 + \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{n^{2/5}} + \frac{0}{0} \cdot \frac{0}{0} \right) = 1$$

$\sum \leq \Leftrightarrow \sum_k \frac{1}{n^{1/5}}$

$$\sum \frac{1}{n^{1/5}} \quad \text{D}$$