## Sample Midterm test – summer term 2024/25

In every problem, justify all steps properly.

1. (2 points) Find the limit

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{3n\sqrt{16n^2+7n+1}}{(2n+3)^2}$$

**2.** (2 points) Solve for x:

$$\log_2(x+2) + \log_2(3x-2) = 2 + \log_2(5x+2)$$

3. (2 points) Find the derivative of the function

$$f(x) = e^{(3x^2 + 5x)} + \frac{x - 5}{x^2}$$

4. (4 points) A parabola is given as a graph of the function

$$f(x) = 2x^2 - 4x - 6.$$

- Find the equation of the tangent line to the parabola at the point  $x_0 = 2$ .
- Draw the parabola including its intercepts with the axes and vertex.
- Draw the previously found tangent line into the same picture, including its intercepts with the axes and its contact point with the parabola.
- 5. (10 points) Consider the function

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{2x - 6}$$

- Find its domain  $D_f$ .
- $\bullet$  Find intercepts of f with axes.
- Find limits at all endpoints of  $D_f$ .
- Find the derivative of f.
- Find the intervals of monotony.
- Find the local, global extremes.
- Draw the graph.

## **Solutions:**

- **1.** 3
- **2.** the only solution is 6, while  $-\frac{2}{3}$  is a "false root", it does not lie in the domain of  $\log_2(3x-2)$ 
  - 3.  $e^{3x^2+5x}(6x+5)+\frac{10-x}{x^3}$
  - **4.** tangent y = 4x 14, contact point [2, -6], roots -1, 3, vertex [1, -8]
- 5.  $D_f = \mathbb{R} \{3\}; \ P_x : [-5,0], [1,0]; \ P_y = [0,\frac{5}{6}]; \ \lim_{x \to -\infty} f(x) = -\infty, \lim_{x \to 3-} f(x) = -\infty, \lim_{x \to 3-} f(x) = \infty; \ f'(x) = \frac{x^2 6x 7}{2(x 3)^2}; \ \text{increases in } (-\infty, -1) \ \text{and in } (7,\infty), \ \text{decreases in } (-1,3) \ \text{and in } (3,7); \ \text{loc. minimum } [7,9], \ \text{loc. maximum } [-1,1].$

