

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3^n n}{3^n} = 0 \rightarrow 3^n n \leq C \cdot 3^n$$

$$T_{a, f}^n(x) = f(a) + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{f^{(k)}(a)}{k!} \cdot \frac{(x-a)^k}{(x-1)^k}$$

(1) $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ $a=1$ $n=3$

$$\wedge = f(a), \frac{f'(a)}{1!}, \frac{f''(a)}{2!}, \frac{f'''(a)}{3!}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \sqrt{1} = 1 \\ & (\sqrt{x})' = \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)' = \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \\ & \left(x^{\frac{1}{2}}\right)' = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right)' = -\frac{1}{4} x^{-\frac{3}{2}} \\ & \left(-\frac{1}{4} x^{-\frac{3}{2}}\right)' = \frac{3}{8} x^{-\frac{5}{2}} \\ & \downarrow x=1 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_{1, \sqrt{\cdot}}^3(x) = 1 + \frac{1}{2}(x-1) - \frac{1}{8}(x-1)^2 + \frac{1}{16}(x-1)^3$$

$\sin^2 x$

$n=5$ $a=0$

$\sin x$

$n-1$ $n-0$

$\sin x \cdot \sin x$

$$T_{0, \sin x}^5(x) = X - \frac{X^3}{6} + \frac{X^5}{120} = T_{0, \sin x}^6$$

$$T_{0, \sin^2 x}^5(x) = T_{0, \sin x}^5(x) \cdot T_{0, \sin x}^5(x) + \mathcal{U}(x^5)$$

$$= \left(X - \frac{X^3}{6} + \frac{X^5}{120} \right) \left(X - \frac{X^3}{6} + \frac{X^5}{120} \right) + \mathcal{U}(x^5)$$

$$= X^2 + X^4 \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6} \right) + \mathcal{U}(x^5)$$

$$T_{0, \sin^2 x}^6(x) = T_{0, \sin x}^6(x) \cdot T_{0, \sin x}^6(x) + \mathcal{U}(x^6)$$

$$= \left(X - \frac{X^3}{6} + \frac{X^5}{120} \right) \left(X - \frac{X^3}{6} + \frac{X^5}{120} \right) + \mathcal{U}(x^6)$$

$$= X - \frac{X^4}{3} + X^6 \left(\frac{1}{120} + \frac{1}{120} + \frac{1}{36} \right) + \mathcal{U}(x^6)$$

$$\frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{36} = \frac{3}{180} + \frac{5}{180} = \frac{8}{180} = \frac{2}{45}$$

$$T_{0, \sin^2 x}^6(x) = X - \frac{X^4}{6} + \frac{2}{45} X^6$$

$$T_{0, \sin(\sin x)}^6$$

$$\sin 0 = 0$$

(3) (5)

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120} + o(x^5)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\sin x) &= \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120}\right)^3 + \frac{1}{120} \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^5}{120}\right)^5 + o(x^5) \\ &= x + x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{6}\right) + x^5 \left(\frac{1}{120} + 3 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) \left(-\frac{1}{6}\right) + \frac{1}{120}\right) \\ &= x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{10} x^5 + o(x^5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{60} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{6}{60} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$(7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}}{x^4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_{0, e^x}^4(x) &= 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} \\ &\quad (e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \text{ je sada}) \\ T_{0, \cos x}^4(x) &= 1 + 0 \cdot x - \frac{x^2}{2} + 0 \cdot x^3 + \frac{x^4}{8} \\ T_{0, \cos x}^4(x) &= 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} \end{aligned}$$

64

$$h > 0 \quad T_{0, -\frac{x^2}{2}}^n(x) = -\frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$T_{0, -\frac{x^2}{2}}^0(x) = T_{0, -\frac{x^2}{2}}^1(x) = 0$$

$$T_{0, -\frac{x^2}{2}}^4 = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{8}$$

$$T_{0, \cos x}^4 = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24}$$

$$T_{0, \cos x - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}}^4 = \frac{x^4}{24} - \frac{x^4}{8} = -\frac{x^4}{12}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}}{x^4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\dots}{x^4}$$

$\varphi(x) \cdot x^4 \xrightarrow{\text{"L'Hôpital's rule"}} \frac{\varphi'(x)}{x^3} \rightarrow 0$
 $\varphi(x) \rightarrow 0 \quad \frac{\varphi(x)}{x^4} \rightarrow 0$

$$\frac{-\frac{x^4}{12} + o(x^4)}{x^4} = -\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x \sin x - x(x+1)}{x^3}$$

$$T_{0, f}^3(x) =$$

$$x(x+1) = x^2 + x$$

$$e^x \sin x = \left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} \right) \left(x - \frac{x^3}{6} \right) + o(x^3)$$

$$e^x \sin x = \left(\underline{1} + \underline{x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \right) \left(\underline{x} - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \right)$$

$$= \underline{x} + \underline{x^2} + x^3 \left(-\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \underline{x} + \underline{x^2} + \frac{x^3}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x \sin x - \underline{x} - \underline{x^2}}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)}{x^3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{o(x^3)}{x^3} = \frac{1}{3} + 0$$

$$12) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - \cos(\sin x)}{x^4} \neq 0, +\infty$$

$$\cos x = \underline{1} - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} - \frac{x^6}{720} \dots$$

$$\cos(\sin x) = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\underline{x} - \frac{x^3}{6} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{24} \left(\underline{x} - \frac{x^3}{6} \right)^4$$

$$= 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + x^4 \left(2 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{6} \right) \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2} \right) + \frac{1}{24} \right)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + x^4 \cdot \frac{5}{24} + o(x^4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - \cos(\sin x)}{x^4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{24}x^4 - \frac{5}{24}x^4 + o(x^4)}{x^4}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e}$$

e s dyxbon 10^{-4}

$$e = e^1 = 1 + 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3!} + \frac{1}{4!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} + R$$

$$f(x) - T_n f(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} (x-a)^{n+1}$$

$$f(x) = e^x$$

$$|R_n| \leq \left| \frac{e^\xi}{(n+1)!} x^{n+1} \right| \quad x=1$$

$$= \frac{e^\xi}{(n+1)!} \cdot 1 \leq \frac{e}{(n+1)!} \quad \begin{matrix} (a, x) \\ \xi \in (0, 1) \end{matrix}$$

$$|e - T_n e^x(1)| \leq \frac{e}{(n+1)!} \leq \frac{4}{(n+1)!} \quad e \leq 4$$

puv jake' $n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\frac{4}{(n+1)!} \leq \frac{1}{10000}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n \rightarrow \dots$$

$$(n+1)! \geq 40000$$

$$(x-1)e^{\frac{x}{x+1}}$$

ex-2e

