

Nonlinear Differential Equations

Practical Exercises 5

Due: 27th March 2024

1. Show that every monotone and potential operator is demicontinuous (Lemma 2.25).
2. Prove the following.

Lemma 2.26. *Let $A : X \rightarrow X^*$ be a monotone potential operator. Then, for $u \in X$ to be a solution of $Au = f$, $f \in X^*$, it is necessary and sufficient for*

$$\int_0^1 \langle Atu, u \rangle dt - \langle f, u \rangle = \min_{v \in X} \left[\int_0^1 \langle Atv, v \rangle dt - \langle f, v \rangle \right].$$

3. Prove that for an operator $A : X \rightarrow X^*$ with inverse $A^{-1} : X^* \rightarrow X$ that

$$A \text{ monotone potential operator} \iff A^{-1} \text{ monotone potential operator.}$$

(Corollary 2.32).

4. Prove the following.

Theorem 2.33. *Let $A : X \rightarrow X^*$ be a strictly monotone, coercive, potential operator. Then, there exists an inverse operator A^{-1} , which is a strictly monotone potential operator. The functional F ,*

$$F(x) = \int_0^1 \langle Atx, x \rangle dt, \quad x \in X,$$

is the potential of A and for any $x \in X$ and $x^* \in X$

$$F^*(x^*) = F^*(0) + \int_0^1 \langle x^*, A^{-1}tx^* \rangle dt,$$

$$F^*(0) = -F(A^{-1}0),$$

$$F(x) + F^*(x^*) - \langle x^*, x \rangle \geq 0,$$

$$F(x) + F^*(Ax) - \langle Ax, x \rangle = 0,$$

where F^* is the potential of A^{-1} .

5. Prove the following.

Corollary 2.34. *Let $A : X \rightarrow X^*$ be a strictly monotone, coercive, potential operator with potential F . For any $f \in X^*$ there exists a unique solution $u \in X$ of $Au = f$ which minimises the potential of the problem $G = F - f$ and*

$$\begin{aligned} G(u) &\equiv F(u) - \langle f, u \rangle \\ &= \min_{v \in X} \left(\int_0^1 \langle Atv, v \rangle dt - \langle f, v \rangle \right) \\ &= - \int_0^1 \langle f, A^{-1}tf \rangle dt + \int_0^1 \langle AtA^{-1}0, A^{-1}0 \rangle dt. \end{aligned}$$