

### TOPIC 03

Solve the following problems in the real domain.

(1)

$$2 \cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$\left[ \pm \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(2)

$$(3 \cos x + 7)(-2 \sin x - 1) = 0$$

$$\left[ -\frac{1}{6}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{5}{6}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(3)

$$(6 \tan 2x - 2)(2 \tan 2x - 6) = 0$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{2} \arctan \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}k\pi, \frac{1}{2} \arctan 3 + \frac{1}{2}k\pi \right]$$

(4)

$$\sin 2x = -\sin(-x)$$

$$\left[ k\pi, \pm \frac{1}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(5)

$$\sin x + \sqrt{3} \cos x = 2$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{6}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(6)

$$4 \sin^3 x + 4 \sin^2 x - 3 \sin x = 3$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{3}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{2}{3}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{4}{3}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{3}{2}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{5}{3}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(7)

$$\tan(-x + \frac{\pi}{6}) = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\left[ -\frac{\pi}{6} + k\pi \right]$$

(8)

$$2|\cos x| = \sin^2 x.$$

$$\left[ \pm \arccos(\sqrt{2}-1) + k\pi \right]$$

(9)

$$\cos |x| = \sin x$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{4}\pi + 2k\pi, \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi \right]$$

(10)

$$|\sin x| = \cos^2 x$$

$$\left[ \pm \arcsin\left(\frac{1}{2}(\sqrt{5}-1)\right) + k\pi \right]$$

(11)

$$\sin |x| = \cos x$$

$$\left[ \frac{1}{4}\pi + 2k\pi, k \geq 0; \frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi, k \geq 0; -\frac{1}{4}\pi + 2k\pi, k \leq 0; -\frac{5}{4}\pi + 2k\pi, k \leq 0 \right]$$

In all cases we assume  $k \in \mathbf{Z}$ .