

6a) Rizna' vyjadrení parametra p

vime už $A_{12} = k(t_2 - t_1) \sqrt{p}$, $A_{23} = k(t_3 - t_2) \sqrt{p}$, takže

$$\frac{A_{23}}{A_{12}} = \frac{t_3 - t_2}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{\frac{A_{23}}{n_{23}} \cdot n_{23}}{\frac{A_{12}}{n_{12}} \cdot n_{12}} = \frac{n_{23} \cdot \sqrt{p}}{n_{12} \cdot \sqrt{p}}$$

z toho rovnost vidíme, jakou chyba odhadme, když
nahrazeneme počty obsahu trajektorie $\frac{n_{23}}{n_{12}}$
obsahu vhest' $\frac{A_{23}}{A_{12}}$

Podobně pro průměry $\frac{A_{23}}{A_{13}} = \frac{n_{23}}{n_{13}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{p}}{\sqrt{p}}$ atd.

Samozřejmě, pokud $\frac{n_{23}}{n_{12}}$ / $\frac{n_{23}}{n_{13}}$ stále rovnáme

16b) Najdene pisek podaj v grednem! P
 2 polarnih ravnih

$$r_1 = \frac{P}{1 + e \cos \theta_1}, \quad r_2 = \frac{P}{1 - e \cos \theta_2}, \quad r_3 = \frac{P}{1 + e \cos \theta_3}$$

po uprave

$$\frac{P}{r_1} = 1 + e \cos \theta_1 \quad | \cdot \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_2)$$

$$\frac{P}{r_2} = 1 + e \cos \theta_2 \quad | \cdot \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3)$$

$$\frac{P}{r_3} = 1 + e \cos \theta_3 \quad | \cdot \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_1)$$

ynakobno, vseeno a povprečne součine! vore po 54

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{P}{r_1} \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_2) + \frac{P}{r_2} \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3) + \frac{P}{r_3} \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_1) &= \\ = \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_2) + \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3) - \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3) + (\theta_3 - \theta_2) \end{aligned}$$

16c) Forward wave

$$\sin x + \sin y - \sin(x+y) = 4 \cdot \sin \frac{x}{2} \sin \frac{y}{2} \sin \frac{x+y}{2}$$

$$p \cos x = \theta_3 - \theta_2, \quad y = \theta_1 - \theta_3, \quad \text{tedy } x+y = (\theta_1 - \theta_3) + (\theta_3 - \theta_2)$$

Dobroume

$$\frac{P}{r_1} \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_2) + \frac{P}{r_2} \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3) + \frac{P}{r_3} \sin(\theta_2 - \theta_1)$$

$$= 4 \sin \frac{\theta_3 - \theta_2}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\theta_1 - \theta_3}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\theta_1 - \theta_2}{2}$$

Levou shanu refove

$$P \frac{r_2 r_3 \sin(\theta_3 - \theta_2) + r_1 r_3 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_3) + r_1 r_2 \sin(\theta_1 - \theta_2)}{r_1 r_2 r_3}$$

$$= P \cdot 2 (k_{23} - k_{13} + k_{12})$$

16 d) Pridáme pravú stranu o vysofeme

$$M_{12} - M_{13} + M_{23} = \frac{2 r_1 r_2 r_3 \sin \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \sin \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}{p}$$

rozšírame zložené
 použiťeme operovaní $\sin x = 2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}$ a
 vorec pro plechu trojich/mleku a drahkuvne

$$M_{12} - M_{13} + M_{23} = \frac{r_1^2 r_2^2 r_3^2 \sin(\alpha_3 - \alpha_2) \sin(\alpha_3 - \alpha_1) \sin(\alpha_2 - \alpha_1)}{4 p r_1 r_2 r_3 \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{r_1 r_2 r_3 \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}{2 r_1 r_2 r_3 \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}$$

16c) N_{12} oder P darstellen 2. räumlich

$$P = \sqrt{P} \sqrt{P} = \frac{A_{12}}{k(t_2 - t_1)} \frac{A_{23}}{k(t_3 - t_2)} \quad \text{a. darstellen}$$

$$N_{12} - N_{13} + N_{23} = \frac{2 \cdot k(t_2 - t_1) k(t_3 - t_2) N_{12} N_{13} N_{23}}{A_{12} \cdot A_{23} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2 k(t_2 - t_1) \cdot k(t_3 - t_2) N_{13}}{N_{12} \cdot N_{23} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_2}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_3 - \alpha_1}{2} \cos \frac{\alpha_2 - \alpha_1}{2}}$$

Bemerkung! $N_{12} - N_{13} + N_{23}$

