

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos^2 \varphi}{5 + 3 \cos \varphi} d\varphi$$

$$= \int_{|z|=1} \frac{\frac{(z^2+1)^2}{4z^2}}{5 + 3 \frac{z^2+1}{z^2}} dz = \int \frac{(z^2+1)^2 dz}{4z^2 (3z^2 + 10z + 5)}$$

$$(3z^2+1)(z+3)$$

$$z_0=0 \quad z_1 = -\frac{1}{3} \quad z_2 = -3$$

$$\operatorname{Res}_0 = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{(z^2+1)^2}{3z^2+10z+5} \right)' = \lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{4z(2z^2+1)(3z^2+10z+5) - (z^2+1)^2(6z+10)}{(3z^2+10z+5)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{10}{9}$$

$$\operatorname{Res}_{-1/3} = \lim_{z \rightarrow -1/3} \frac{(z^2+1)^2}{5z^2(z+3)} = \left(\frac{10}{9} \right)^2 \frac{1}{3} = \frac{10}{9} \cdot \frac{5}{4}$$

$$I = 2\pi i \frac{10}{9} \left(-1 + \frac{5}{4} \right) = \frac{5\sqrt{5}}{18}$$

$$\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{d\varphi}{\sqrt{5 + 2 \cos \varphi}}$$

$$= \int_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{iz(\sqrt{5 + 2 \frac{z^2+1}{z^2}})} = \int \frac{dz}{z^2 i \sqrt{5z^2 + 2z^2 + 2 - 1}}$$

$$z_1 = \frac{-i(\sqrt{5}-1)}{2} \rightarrow \text{write}$$

$$z_2 = \frac{-i(\sqrt{5}+1)}{2}$$

$$\operatorname{Res}_{z_1} = \lim_{z \rightarrow z_1} \frac{1}{z-z_2} = \frac{1}{i}$$

$$\text{return } I = 2\pi i \frac{1}{i} = 2\pi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 - 2a \cos \theta + a^2} \quad 0 < a < 1$$

$$= \int_{|z|=1} \frac{-dz}{i(az^2 - (a^2+1)z + a)}$$

pólky $z_1 = a$ wewnątrz

$$HCS_a = \lim_{z \rightarrow a} \frac{-(z-a)}{ia(z-a)(z-\frac{1}{a})} = \frac{-1}{i(a^2-1)}$$

wynik

$$\int = 2\pi i \left(\frac{-1}{i(a^2-1)} \right) = \frac{-2\pi i}{a^2-1}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\varphi}{5 + 4 \cos \varphi}$$

VZOR

$$\cos \varphi = \frac{z + \frac{1}{z}}{2}$$

$$d\varphi = \frac{dz}{iz}$$

$$z = e^{i\varphi}$$

$$I = \int_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{z \left(5 + 4 \frac{z + \frac{1}{z}}{2} \right)} = \int_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{i(z^2 + 5z + 2)}$$

$$z_1 = \frac{-5 + \sqrt{25-16}}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{multi, pol 1. řádku}$$

$$z_2 = \frac{-5 - \sqrt{25-16}}{4} = -2$$

$$\text{Res}_{z_1} = \lim_{z \rightarrow z_1} \frac{z + \frac{1}{z}}{2i(z + \frac{1}{z})(z + 2)} = \frac{1}{5i}$$

$$\text{celkem } I = 2\pi i \cdot \frac{1}{5i} = \frac{2}{5}\pi$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\varphi}{(2 + \cos \varphi)^2}$$

$$\left(2 + \frac{z + \frac{1}{z}}{2} \right)^2 i dz = i \left(2z + \frac{z^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = i \frac{1}{2} (4z + z^2 + 1)$$

$$z_{1,2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-1}}{2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{3}$$

$$\text{Res}_{z_1} = \frac{4z}{i(z^2 + 4z + 1)^2} = \frac{2}{3i\sqrt{3}}$$

$$I = 2\pi i \cdot \frac{2}{3i\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\pi}{3\sqrt{3}}$$

Möchte in wronski für

$$f(z) = \frac{z^2 + 1}{z - 1} \quad f \text{ we } D = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{1\}$$

$$\frac{zw + 1}{w - 1} = z$$

$$2zw + 1 = z(w - 1)$$

$$z + 1 = zw - zw$$

$$\frac{z + 1}{z - 2} = w$$

$$f^{-1}(z) = \frac{z + 1}{z - 2}$$

pro $z \neq 2$

$$f(z) = iz + 1 \quad \mathbb{C}$$

$$w = iz + 1$$

$$\frac{w - 1}{i} = z$$

$$f^{-1}(z) = i(1 - w) \text{ we } \mathbb{C}$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2} \left(z + \frac{1}{z} \right) \quad z \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{wiederumäue } \mathbb{C}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(w + \frac{1}{w} \right) = z \rightarrow w^2 + 1 = 2zw$$

$$w^2 - 2zw + 1 = 0 \quad w_{1,2} = \frac{2z \pm \sqrt{4z^2 - 4}}{2}$$

$$w = z \pm \sqrt{z^2 - 1}$$

$$f(z) = \cos z$$

$$\cos w = z$$

$$z = \frac{1}{2} (e^{iw} + e^{-iw})$$

$$2ze^{iw} = e^{2iw} + 1$$

$$y = e^{iw}$$

$$\Rightarrow e^{iw} = z \pm \sqrt{z^2 - 1}$$

$$y^2 - 2zy + 1$$

$$iw = \ln \left(z \pm \sqrt{z^2 - 1} \right)$$

wiederumäue

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(z) &= \text{lin. lom.} \\
 f(0) &= i \\
 f(-1) &= \frac{1}{2}(1-i) \\
 f(-i) &= 1 + \frac{i}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

3 DF, nyfö $f(z) = W$

$$\frac{2(w-i)}{2w-1+i} ; \frac{2-i}{1+2i} = \frac{z}{z+1} ; \frac{-2i}{1-i}$$

nyfö värdet w :

$$w = \frac{2z+1}{z-i}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{1-ni}$$

$$\frac{n}{1-ni} = \frac{n(1+ni)}{1+n^2} = \frac{n}{1+n^2} + \frac{n^2}{1+n^2} \cdot i$$

\downarrow \downarrow

0 1 \cdot i

$$\lim = i$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{ni}$$

$$e^{ni} = \cos n + i \sin n$$

\Rightarrow nemá limitu (proč?)