# List of definitions and theorems

# Functions of multiple variables

## Definitions

- 1. Euclidean metric (distance)
- 2. open ball with radius r centred at x
- 3. interior point of M, interior of M, open set
- 4. boundary point of M, boundary of M, closure of M, closed set
- 5. convergence in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , limit of the sequence in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , convergent sequence in  $\mathbb{R}^n$
- 6. bounded set, bounded sequence in  $\mathbb{R}^n$
- 7. compact sets
- 8. function of two variables, function of multiple variables
- 9. limit of function of multiple variables, continuous function at x
- 10. Partial derivative.
- 11. function of the class  $C^1$
- 12. tangent hyperplane
- 13. gradient
- 14. maximum on M, (strict) local maximum with respect to M. Minimum...
- 15. f attains a local maximum
- 16. stationary (or critical) point
- 17. partial derivative of the second order
- 18. convex set
- 19. (strictly) concave function, convex...
- 20. (strictly) quasiconcave function, quasiconvex...

#### Theorems

- 1. properties of the Euclidean metric
- 2. properties of open sets. **Proof**.
- 3. convergence is coordinatewise
- 4. characterisation of closed sets
- 5. properties of closed sets. **Proof**.
- 6. Properties of  $\overline{M}$ , Int M, characterisation of open sets (Theorem 6)
- 7. Characterisation of bounded sets (Theorem 7). Proof.
- 8. characterisation of compact subsets of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .
- 9. limit of a composed function (Theorem 9)
- 10. Continuity of sum/product/dividing of functions
- 11. Continuity of composed functions.
- 12. Characterizaton of levelsets of continuous functions. **Proof**.
- 13. tangent hyperplane
- 14.  $C^1$  function and continuity **Proof**.

- 15. Chain rule
- 16. Implicit function.
- 17. attaining extrema
- 18. boundedness of a continuous function
- 19. necessary condition of the existence of local extremum
- 20. interchanging of partial derivatives
- 21. Lagrange multiplier theorem
- 22. Lagrange multipliers theorem
- 23. Concavity and continuity (Theorem 22).
- 24. characterisation of strictly concave functions of the class  $C^1$
- 25. characterisation of concave functions of the class  $C^1$
- 26. Concavity and extrema (Corollary 25) Proof.
- 27. level sets of concave functions **Proof**.
- 28. characterization of quasiconcave functions using level sets **Proof**.
- 29. a uniqueness of an extremum **Proof**.
- 30. (sufficient condition for concave and convex functions in  $\mathbb{R}^2$

# Matrices

## Definitions

- 1. Matrix of type  $m \times n$ , square matrix of order n.
- 2. ith row of a matrix, jth column
- 3. equal matrices
- 4. sum of matrices, product of real number and matrix
- 5. product of matrices
- 6. transpose of a matrix
- 7. symmetric matrix
- 8. invertible matrix, inverse of a matrix
- 9. determinant of a matrix
- 10. upper/lower triangular matrix
- 11. linear combination of vectors, trivial linear combination, non-trivial lin. comb.
- 12. linearly in/dependent vectors,
- 13. rank of a matrix
- 14. row echelon form of a matrix
- 15. elementary row operations on a matrix
- 16. matrix transformation
- 17. system of equations, coefficient matrix, vector of the right-hand side, vector of unknowns
- 18. augmented matrix of the system
- 19. Definiteness of matrices
- 20. Hessian matrix

### Theorems

- 1. properties of the matrix multiplication
- 2. properties of the transpose of a matrix
- 3. operations with invertible matrices **Proof**.
- 4. cofactor expansion
- 5. Determinant of sum of matrices with one different row (Lemma 6). Proof.
- 6. determinant and transformations
- 7. determinant of a triangular matrix
- 8. determinant and invertibility **Proof**.
- 9. determinant of a product
- 10. determinant of a transpose
- 11. properties of matrix transformations
- 12. reprezentation of a transformation
- 13. transformation and identity matrix (Lemma 14)
- 14. invertible matrix and rank (Theorem 15)
- 15. solutions of a transformed system
- 16. Rouché-Fontené
- 17. solvability of an  $n \times n$  system
- 18. Cramer's rule
- 19. definiteness of diagonal matrices
- 20. necessary conditions for definiteness
- 21. Sylvester's criterion
- 22. Definiteness and convexity (Theorem 23)
- 23. Sufficient condition of the existence of local extremum

# Integrals

#### Definitions

- 1. antiderivative of f on I
- 2. rational function
- 3. root of multiplicity k
- 4. partition of the interval
- 5. refinement of the partition
- 6. Riemann integral (including definition of  $\int_a^b f$ ,  $\overline{\int_a^b} f$ )

#### Theorems

- 1. Uniqueness of an antiderivative **Proof**.
- 2. Existence of an antiderivative
- 3. Linearity of antiderivatives **Proof**.
- 4. substitution **Proof**.

- 5. integration by parts **Proof**.
- 6. fundamental theorem of algebra
- 7. polynomial division
- 8. factorisation into monomials
- 9. roots of a polynomial with real coefficients
- 10. Newton-Leibniz formula
- 11. integration by parts for definite integral **Proof**.
- 12. substitution for definite integral
- 13. Properties of Riemann integral (Theorem 14+15).
- 14. Linearity of Riemann integral (Theorem 16).
- 15. Arrangement and the Riemann integral (Theorem 17).
- 16. Continuity and Riemann integral (Theorem 18).
- 17. Continuity and Riemann integral (Theorem 18).
- 18. fundamental theorem of calculus (Theorem 19).