

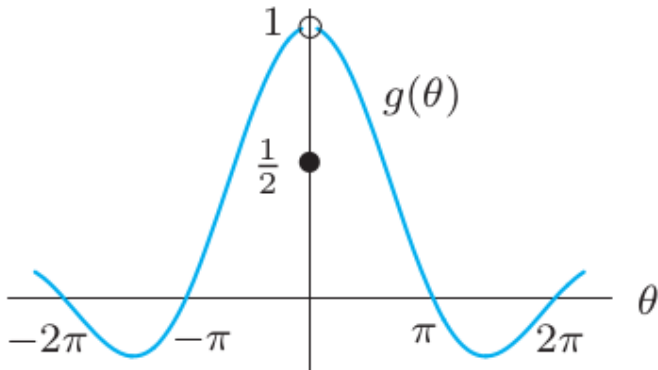
Continuity

Kristýna Kuncová

Definition

Let $f : M \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $M \subset \mathbb{R}$, $a \in M$. We say that f is *continuous at a* , if

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = f(a).$$



Caption: Calculus: Single and Multivariable, Hughes-Hallett

Question

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3. has discontinuity at infinitely many points.

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Find functions continuous on \mathbb{R} :

A $x^3 + \sin(4 - x)$

C $\frac{2+x}{e^x}$

E $\ln(2 + x^2)$

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A, C, E

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Is not.

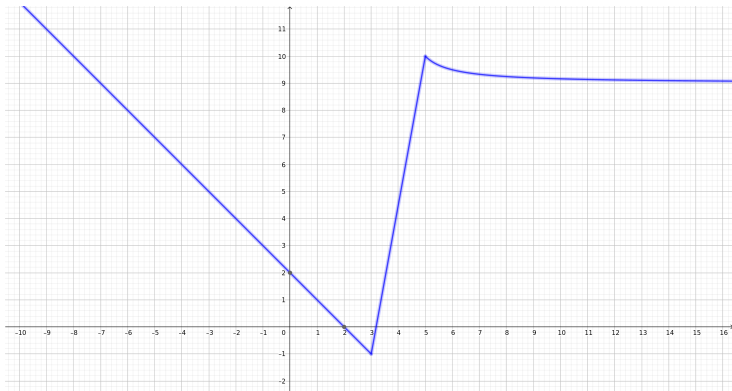
Source: Calculus: Single and Multivariable, Hughes-Hallett

Question

Sketch a graph of the function such that:

1. f is continuous
2. $f(0) = 2$
3. f is decreasing for $0 \leq x \leq 3$
4. f is increasing for $3 < x \leq 5$
5. f is decreasing for $x > 5$
6. $f \rightarrow 9$ as $x \rightarrow \infty$

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Find $k \in \mathbb{R}$, such that f is continuous on \mathbb{R} .

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} kx, & x < 3, \\ 5, & 3 \leq x \end{cases}$$

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no solution:(

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