

10th lesson

<https://www2.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~kuncova/en/teachMat1.php>
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Theory

Theorem 1 (Squeeze theorem). Let I be an interval having the point a as a limit point. Let g , f , and h be function defined on I , except possibly at a itself. Suppose that for every x in I not equal to a , we have

$$g(x) \leq f(x) \leq h(x)$$

and also suppose that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} h(x) = L.$$

Then

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L.$$

Facts

1. $\beta > 0, a > 1: \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^\beta}{a^x} = 0.$
2. $\alpha > 0, \beta > 0: \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln^\alpha x}{x^\beta} = 0.$

Exercises

Set x

1. Find limits:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} 10x + 7$	(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{\tan x}{x}$	(g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \ln(2x + 6)$
(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (3x - 1)^{10}$	(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} x \cos x$	(h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x} + \operatorname{arccot} x$
(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{3x - 4}{8x^2 + 2x - 2}$	(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 4 - \frac{3}{x^2}$	(i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-\sin x}{\ln x}$

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2. Find limits:

(a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2x + 3}{3x^2 + 1}$	(d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x^2 - x - 1}$
(b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2x^2 + 3}{3x^2 + 1}$	(e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{3x^2 + 2}}$
(c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2x^3 + 3}{3x^2 + 1}$	(f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x - \cos x}{x}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (g) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x} \\
 (h) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^x + 3^x}{2^{x+1} + 3^{x+1}} \\
 (i) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^x + 2^x + 3^x + 4^x + 5^x}{5,0001^x} \\
 (j) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln x + x^3 + \frac{1}{x} + e^x + 5^x}{\ln_{10} x + x^4 + 5^x + x^3 + 4^x} \\
 (k) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} \\
 (l) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^{-x} \cos x
 \end{aligned}$$

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3. Find limits:

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - 1}{x^2 + x - 2} & (g) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2x}{x - 3} \\
 (b) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 3} & (h) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 16} \\
 (c) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 + 3x - 4}{x^2 - 4x + 4} & (i) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x^2 - 2x - 3}{x^2 + 6x + 9} \\
 (d) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sin x} & (j) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{e^x} \\
 (e) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{-4}{x + 2} & (k) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|2x|}{x}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (m) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + \sin x}{x - \sin x} \\
 (n) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow 0+} x \cos \left(\frac{x + 3}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \right) \\
 (o) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{e^x - e^{-x}} \\
 (p) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} e^x \cos x \\
 (q) \quad & \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sin x}
 \end{aligned}$$