

(24)

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n - n^3 + \frac{4}{n}}{n^2 + 3n^3 - \frac{5}{3\sqrt{n}}} \stackrel{(2+3)}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n}{n^3}}{\frac{1}{n^2} + 3 - \frac{5}{3\sqrt{n} \cdot n^2}} = AL = \frac{0 - 1 + 0}{0 + 3 - 0} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{2n^2 + 3} \left(\sqrt{n^2 + 2} - \sqrt{n^2 - 4} \right) \stackrel{(1+1+2)}{=}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{2n^2 + 3}}{\sqrt{n^2 + 2} + \sqrt{n^2 - 4}} \left(n^2 + 2 - n^2 + 4 \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6\sqrt{n^2}}{\sqrt{n^2} + \sqrt{n^2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2 + \frac{3}{n^2}}}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{3}{n^2}} + \sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{n^2}}} \stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{=} \textcircled{2}$$

(1)

$$AL = 6 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2+0}}{\sqrt{1+0} + \sqrt{1-0}} = 3\sqrt{2} \stackrel{\textcircled{2}}{=}$$

Véba o odmocinu

(3)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{2^u + n + 3 + \log u} = 2$$

(5+1)

$$2 = \sqrt[n]{2^u + 0 + 0 + 0} \leq \sqrt[n]{2^u + n + 3 + \log u} \stackrel{(*)}{\leq} \sqrt[n]{2^u + 2^u + 2^u + 2^u} = \sqrt[n]{4 \cdot 2^u} = \sqrt[n]{4} \cdot 2$$

↓

2

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ ze 2 polocjitu i } \lim \sqrt[n]{2^u + n + 3 + \log u} = 2$$

$$1 \cdot 2 = 2$$

(3)

(*) platí od istého no: $\forall n \geq n_0$ je $\log u$

$$n \leq 2^u \text{ pre jist} \quad \frac{n}{2^u} \leq 1 \quad \lim \frac{n}{2^u} = 0 \quad \text{tedy } \exists n_1 \forall n \geq n_1 \quad \frac{n}{2^u} \leq 1$$

analogicky

$$3 \leq 2^u \quad \frac{3}{2^u} \leq 1 \quad \lim \frac{3}{2^u} = 0 \quad \exists n_2 \forall n \geq n_2 \quad \frac{3}{2^u} \leq 1$$

$$\log u \leq 2^u \quad \frac{\log u}{2^u} \leq 1 \quad \lim \frac{\log u}{2^u} = 0 \quad \exists n_3 \forall n \geq n_3 \quad \frac{\log u}{2^u} \leq 1$$

$$n_0 = \max \{n_1, n_2, n_3\}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n + \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt[4]{n^3 + 3n + 6}} \stackrel{(2+2)}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n} \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} - \frac{5}{n^2}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} + 3 + \frac{6}{n}} \stackrel{\text{V0AL}}{=} \frac{1+0-0}{0+3+0} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{4n} \left(\sqrt{n^3-1} - \sqrt{n^3-n} \right) \stackrel{(1+1+2)}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{4n} \left(n^3-1 - (n^3-n) \right)}{\sqrt{n^3-1} + \sqrt{n^3-n}}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{4n} (n-1)}{\sqrt{n^3-1} + \sqrt{n^3-n}} \stackrel{(1+2)}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n\sqrt{n}}{n\sqrt{n}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{4} - \frac{2}{n}}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n^3}} + \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{n^2}}} \\ \stackrel{\text{V0AL}}{=} \frac{\sqrt{4}-0}{\sqrt{1-0} + \sqrt{1-0}} \stackrel{\textcircled{1}}{=} \frac{\sqrt{4}}{2} = \underline{\underline{1}}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{2^n} + n + 4^n + \sqrt{n}} = 4$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{2} \quad 4 = \sqrt[n]{4^n} \leq \sqrt[n]{4^n + n + \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{2^n}} \leq \sqrt[n]{4 \cdot 4^n} = \sqrt[n]{4} \cdot 4 \\ \text{V0AL}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \exists h_0: \forall h > h_0 \quad h \leq 4^n \text{ protoze } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{h}{4^n} = 0 \quad 1.4 \\ -n- \quad \sqrt{n} \leq h \leq 4^n$$

$$\frac{1}{2^n} \leq 4^n \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^4 - \sqrt{2n}}{n^4 + 3n^2 - \sqrt{n}}$$

(2+3) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^4}{n^4} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{n^3 \sqrt{n}}}{1 + \frac{3}{n^2} - \frac{\sqrt{n}}{n^3}} \xrightarrow[0]{0} \frac{1-0}{1+0-0} = 1$

$$\textcircled{2} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (n-2) \left(\sqrt{n^2-1} - n \right) \cdot \frac{\sqrt{n^2-1} + n}{\sqrt{n^2-1} + n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n-2)(n^2-1-n^2)}{\sqrt{n^2-1} + n}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-1 \cdot n}{n} \cdot \frac{1 - \frac{3}{n}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{3}{n^2}} + 1} \xrightarrow[\text{V0AL}]{1} -1 \cdot \frac{1-0}{\sqrt{1-0}+1} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{5^n + 2 + \sin n} = 5$$

pol.
 ⑤ ② lim
 ① ob.
 ② závör

$$\begin{aligned} \sqrt[n]{5^n} &\leq \sqrt[n]{5^n + 1} \\ &\leq \sqrt[n]{5^n + 2 + \sin n} \stackrel{2 \text{ polickajti}}{\leq} \sqrt[n]{5^n + 3} \leq \sqrt[n]{2 \cdot 5^n} \\ &\stackrel{\text{AL}}{\leq} \sqrt[1]{2 \cdot 5} = 1 \cdot 5 \end{aligned}$$