



10. cvičení – Lebesgue-Stieltjesův integrál

<https://www2.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~kuncova/vyuka.php>, kuncova@karlin.mff.cuni.cz

Příklady

Zdroj: https://www2.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~cuth/archiv/MFF/Kalkulus/kalkulus2_prikklady.pdf

Spočítejte hodnotu Lebesgueova-Stieltjesova integrálu $\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x)$:

1. (a) $M = [2, 3]$, $f(x) = x^2$, $\varphi(x) = \chi_{[2, \infty)}(x)$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{3\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \chi_{[2, \infty)} - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \chi_{[2, \infty)} \right) + \int_2^3 x^2 \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(3) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \chi_{[2, \infty)} - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \chi_{[2, \infty)} \right) \\ &= 4(1 - 0) + 0 + 9(1 - 1) \\ &= 4.\end{aligned}$$

(b) $M = [0, \infty)$, $f(x) = e^x$, $\varphi(x) = (3 - e^{-2x})\chi_{[0, \infty)}(x)$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(0, \infty)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(0) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (3 - e^{-2x})\chi_{[0, \infty)} - (3 - e^{-2x}) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \chi_{[0, \infty)} \right) + \int_0^\infty e^x (3 - e^{-2x})' dx \\ &= 1((3 - 1)1 - (3 - 1)0) + \int_0^\infty e^x (0 + 2e^{-2x}) \\ &= 2 + \int_0^\infty 2e^{-x} dx = 2 + 2[-e^{-x}]_0^\infty = 2 + 2(0 + 1) \\ &= 4\end{aligned}$$

(c) $M = [1, 3]$, $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \neq 2 \\ 1 & x = 2 \end{cases}$, $\varphi(x) = \begin{cases} x & x < 0 \\ x + 1 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(1,2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &\quad + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{3\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(1)(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (x+1) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (x+1)) + \int_1^2 x \cdot 1 dx \\ &\quad + f(2)(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} (x+1) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} (x+1)) + \int_2^3 x \cdot 1 dx \\ &\quad + f(3)(\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} (x+1) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} (x+1)) \\ &= 1(2-2) + \left[\frac{x^2}{2}\right]_1^2 + 1(3-3) + \left[\frac{x^2}{2}\right]_2^3 + 3(4-4) \\ &= \frac{3}{2} + \frac{5}{2} = 4.\end{aligned}$$

(d) $M = [-1, 1]$, $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & x \neq 0 \\ 1 & x = 0 \end{cases}$, $\varphi(x) = \begin{cases} x & x < 0 \\ x+1 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{-1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(-1,0)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &\quad + \int_{(0,1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(-1)(\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} x - \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} x) + \int_{-1}^0 x \cdot 1 dx \\ &\quad + f(0)(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (x+1) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} (x)) + \int_0^1 x \cdot 1 dx \\ &\quad + f(1)(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} (x+1) - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} (x+1)) \\ &= -1(-1+1) + \left[\frac{x^2}{2}\right]_{-1}^0 + 1(1-0) + \left[\frac{x^2}{2}\right]_0^1 + 1(2-2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1\end{aligned}$$

(e) $M = [0, 3]$, $f(x) = x^2$, $\varphi(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 1 \\ x^2 - 2x + 2 & x \in [1, 2) \\ 3 & x = 2 \\ x + 2 & x > 2 \end{cases}$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(0,1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &\quad + \int_{(1,2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(0) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} 0 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} 0 \right) + \int_0^1 x^2 \cdot 0 dx + f(1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} x^2 - 2x + 2 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} 0 \right) \\ &\quad + \int_1^2 x^2 \cdot (2x - 2) dx + f(2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} x + 2 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} x^2 - 2x + 2 \right) + \int_2^3 x^2 \cdot 1 dx \\ &= 0 + 0 + 1(1 - 0) + \left[\frac{x^4}{2} - \frac{2x^3}{3} \right]_1^2 + 4(4 - 2) + \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_2^3 \\ &= 1 + \frac{8}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + 8 + 9 - \frac{8}{3} \\ &= \frac{109}{6}\end{aligned}$$

(f) $M = [0, 5]$, $f(x) = x^2 + 1$, $\varphi(x) = [x]$ (celá část)

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(0,1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(1,2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &\quad + \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{3\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(3,4)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &\quad + \int_{\{4\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(4,5)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{5\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(0) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} [x] \right) + \int_0^1 (x^2 + 1) \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} [x] \right) + \int_1^2 (x^2 + 1) \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} [x] \right) + \int_2^3 (x^2 + 1) \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(3) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} [x] \right) + \int_3^4 (x^2 + 1) \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(4) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} [x] \right) + \int_4^5 (x^2 + 1) \cdot 0 dx \\ &\quad + f(5) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} [x] \right) \\ &= 1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 1 + 10 \cdot 1 + 17 \cdot 1 + 26 \cdot 1 \\ &= 4.\end{aligned}$$

(g) $M = [0, 5]$, $f(x) = e^x$, $\varphi(x) = x + [x]$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(0,1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(1,2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &+ \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{3\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(3,4)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &+ \int_{\{4\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(4,5)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{5\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\ &= f(0) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} x + [x] \right) + \int_0^1 e^x \cdot 1 dx \\ &+ f(1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} x + [x] \right) + \int_1^2 e^x \cdot 1 dx \\ &+ f(2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} x + [x] \right) + \int_2^3 e^x \cdot 1 dx \\ &+ f(3) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} x + [x] \right) + \int_3^4 e^x \cdot 1 dx \\ &+ f(4) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} x + [x] \right) + \int_4^5 e^x \cdot 1 dx \\ &+ f(5) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} x + [x] - \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} x + [x] \right) \\ &= e^0 \cdot 1 + e^1 \cdot 1 + e^2 \cdot 1 + e^3 \cdot 1 + e^4 \cdot 1 + e^5 \cdot 1 + [e^x]_0^5 \\ &= e^x + e^2 + e^3 + e^4 + 2e^5\end{aligned}$$

Zkouškové příklady

Zdroj: https://www2.karlin.mff.cuni.cz/~cuth/archiv/MFF/Kalkulus/kalkulus_2_zkPis.pdf

2. (a) Spočítejte následující Lebesgueův-Stieltjesův integrál ($[\cdot]$ značí celou část)

$$\int_{[1,5]} [x]x d\varphi(x), \quad \text{kde } \varphi(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2 + 4x - 2, & x \in [1, 2) \\ 1, & x = 2 \\ x - 2, & x \in (2, 3] \\ -2x & x \in (3, 5]. \end{cases}$$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(1,2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(2,3)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
 &\quad + \int_{\{3\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(3,4)} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
 &\quad + \int_{\{4\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(4,5)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{5\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
 &= f(1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} 3x^2 + 4x - 2 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} 3x^2 + 4x - 2 \right) + \int_1^2 x[x] \cdot (6x + 4) dx \\
 &\quad + f(2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} x - 2 - \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} 3x^2 + 4x - 2 \right) + \int_2^3 x[x] \cdot 1 dx \\
 &\quad + f(3) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} -2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} x - 2 \right) + \int_3^4 x[x] \cdot (-2) dx \\
 &\quad + f(4) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} -2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} -2x \right) + \int_4^5 x[x] \cdot (-2) dx \\
 &\quad + f(5) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} -2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^-} -2x \right) \\
 &= 1(5 - 5) + \int_1^2 x(6x + 4) dx + 4(0 - 18) + \int_2^3 2x dx + 9(-6 - 1) \\
 &\quad + \int_3^4 3x(-2) dx + 16 \cdot 0 + \int_4^5 4x(-2) dx + 25 \cdot 0 \\
 &= 20 - 72 + 5 - 63 - 21 - 36 = -167
 \end{aligned}$$

(b) Spočítejte následující Lebesgueův-Stieltjesův integrál ($[\cdot]$ značí celou část)

$$\int_{[-2,2]} f(x) d([2x] - 2x), \quad \text{kde } f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 2, & x \in [-2, -1] \\ 1, & x \in (-1, 0) \\ 100, & x = 0 \\ -x^2 + 7, & x \in (0, 2]. \end{cases}$$

Řešení:

$$\begin{aligned}
\int_M f(x) d\varphi(x) &= \int_{\{-2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(-2, -\frac{3}{2})} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{-\frac{3}{2}\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
&+ \int_{(-\frac{3}{2}, -1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{-1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(-1, -\frac{1}{2})} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
&+ \int_{\{0\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(0, \frac{1}{2})} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{\frac{1}{2}\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
&+ \int_{(\frac{1}{2}, 1)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{1\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(1, \frac{3}{2})} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
&+ \int_{\{\frac{3}{2}\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{(\frac{3}{2}, 2)} f(x) d\varphi(x) + \int_{\{2\}} f(x) d\varphi(x) \\
&= f(-2) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{-2}^{-\frac{3}{2}} (x+2) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{3}{2}^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{-\frac{3}{2}}^{-1} (x+2) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f(-1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{-1}^{-\frac{1}{2}} 1 \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{-\frac{1}{2}}^0 1 \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f(0) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (-x^2 + 7) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^1 (-x^2 + 7) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f(1) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_1^{\frac{3}{2}} (-x^2 + 7) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&+ f\left(\frac{3}{2}\right) \left(\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^+} [2x] - 2x - \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{3}{2}^-} [2x] - 2x \right) + \int_{\frac{3}{2}}^2 (-x^2 + 7) \cdot (-2) dx \\
&= 0 \cdot 1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 1 + 100 \cdot 1 + \frac{27}{4} \cdot 1 + 6 \cdot 1 + \frac{19}{4} \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 1 \\
&+ [-x^2 - 4x]_{-2}^{-1} + [-2x]_{-1}^0 + \left[\frac{2x^3}{3} - 14x \right]_{-2}^0 \\
&= 123 - 1 - 2 - \frac{68}{3} \\
&= \frac{292}{3}
\end{aligned}$$