

① $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cos x - \arctan x}{x^3}$

$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2)$ $\arctan x = x - \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^4)$ $x \cos x = x - \frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^4)$
 $x \rightarrow 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^2) - x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^2)}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}) + o(x^2)}{x^3} = -\frac{1}{6} + 0$

② T_3^{k0} $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{1-x}\right)$

$\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 + \underbrace{x + x^2 + x^3 + o(x^3)}_y$ $\ln(1+y) = y - \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{y^3}{3} + o(y^3)$
 $x \rightarrow 0$ $y \rightarrow 0$

$\ln\left(\frac{1}{1-x}\right) = x + x^2 + x^3 + o(x^3) - \frac{1}{2}(x + x^2 + x^3 + o(x^3))^2 + \frac{1}{3}(x + x^2 + x^3 + o(x^3))^3 + o((x + x^2 + x^3 + o(x^3))^3)$
 $= x + x^2 + x^3 - \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 2x^3) + \frac{1}{3}x^3 + o(x^3)$
 $= x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 + x^3 \left(\underbrace{1 - 1 + \frac{1}{3}}_{\frac{1}{3}}\right) + o(x^3)$

③ $\sum \frac{n^4 - 2u^2 - 1}{n^5 \sqrt{n} + \ln u}$ $t = n^2$ $t^2 - 2t - 1$ $t_{1,2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+4}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{2}$
 $a_n \geq 0$ pro $u \geq 2$

LSP: $b_n = \frac{n^4}{n^5 \sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{n \sqrt{n}} = \frac{1}{n^{3/2}}$ $\sum b_n < \infty$ $b_n \neq 0$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_n}{b_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{n^4 - 2u^2 - 1}{n^5 \sqrt{n} + \ln u}}{\frac{n^4}{n^5 \sqrt{n}}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \frac{2}{n^2} - \frac{1}{n^4}}{1 + \frac{\ln n}{n^5 \sqrt{n}}} = \frac{1 - 0 - 0}{1 + 0} = 1 \in (0, \infty)$

Protože $\sum b_n < \infty$, tak $\sum a_n < \infty$.

(1, 2)

$$(1) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x - xe^x + x^2}{x^3}$$

$$\sin x = x - \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \quad x \rightarrow 0 \quad e^x = 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \quad xe^x = x + x^2 + \frac{x^3}{2} + o(x^3)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \frac{x^3}{6} - x - x^2 - \frac{x^3}{2} + x^2 + o(x^3)}{x^3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2(-\frac{1}{6} - \frac{1}{2}) + o(x^3)}{x^3} = \underline{\underline{-\frac{2}{3} + 0}}$$

$$(2) \quad \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad f = \sqrt[3]{\cos x}$$

$$\cos x = 1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + o(x^5)$$

$$x \rightarrow 0 \quad y \rightarrow 0$$

$$(1+y)^{1/3} = 1 + \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{1/3(\frac{1}{3}-1)}{2!}y^2 + o(y^2)$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\cos x} = 1 + \frac{1}{3} \left(-\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + o(x^5) \right) + \frac{-1}{9} \left(-\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4!} + o(x^5) \right)^2 + o \left(\left(-\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{24} + o(x^5) \right)^2 \right)$$

$$= 1 + \frac{-1}{6}x^2 + \frac{x^4}{3 \cdot 24} - \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{x^4}{4} \right) + o(x^4)$$

$$= 1 - \frac{1}{6}x^2 + x^4 \left(\frac{1}{72} - \frac{1}{36} \right) + o(x^4) = \underline{\underline{1 - \frac{x^2}{6} - \frac{x^4}{72} + o(x^4)}}$$

$$(3) \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \underbrace{\frac{n \cdot 2^{2n}}{n!}}_{a_n \neq 0}$$

$$\downarrow A \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{(n+1) \cdot 2^{2(n+1)}}{(n+1)!}}{\frac{n \cdot 2^{2n}}{n!}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n!}{(n+1)!} \cdot \frac{n+1}{n} \cdot \frac{2^{2n+2}}{2^{2n}} =$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \cdot 2^2 = 0.4 = 0 < 1$$

tedy $\sum a_n$ konverguje

①

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x^2) - x \arcsin x}{x^4}$$

$$\ln(1+y) = y - \frac{y^2}{2} + o(y^2) \quad \ln(1+x^2) = x^2 - \frac{x^4}{2} + o(x^4) \quad x \rightarrow 0$$

$$\arcsin x = x + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^4) \quad x \arcsin x = x^2 + \frac{x^4}{6} + o(x^4)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 - \frac{x^4}{2} + o(x^4) - x^2 - \frac{x^4}{6} + o(x^4)}{x^4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^4 \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}\right) + o(x^4)}{x^4} = -\frac{2}{3} + 0$$

x → 0

②

$$\tan x = x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3) \quad e^y = 1 + y + \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{y^3}{6} + o(y^3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{\tan x} &= 1 + x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3) + \frac{1}{2} \left(x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right)^2 + \frac{1}{6} \left(x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right)^3 + o\left(\left(x + \frac{x^3}{3} + o(x^3)\right)^3\right) \\ &= 1 + x + \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{1}{2} x^2 + \frac{1}{6} x^3 + o(x^3) = \\ &= 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + o(x^3) \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{u}{n^3 - 2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} b_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n^2 - 2/n} = 0$$

$$b_{n+1} \leq b_n$$

$$\frac{n+1}{(n+1)^3 - 2} \leq \frac{n}{n^3 - 2}$$

pro $n > 1$ si $n^3 - 2 > 0$ a $(n+1)^3 - 2 > 0$

pres dérivée:

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{x}{x^3 - 2}\right)' = \frac{x^3 - 2 - x \cdot 3x^2}{(x^3 - 2)^2} = \frac{-2x^3 - 2}{(x^3 - 2)^2}$$

pro $x > 1$

tedy $f < 0$ tedy $b_n < 0$

tedy \sum Leibnize $\sum (-1)^n \frac{u}{n^3 - 2}$ k