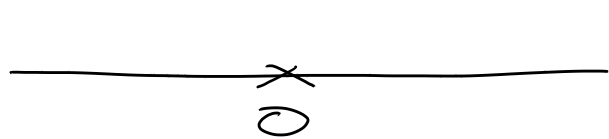


$$y' = \sqrt[3]{y^2} \quad x \in \mathbb{R} =: I$$

• $y \equiv 0$ (na \mathbb{R})

• $y' = \underbrace{\sqrt[3]{y^2}}_{g(y)} \cdot \underbrace{1}_{h(x)}$



$$J_1 = (-\infty, 0)$$

$$J_2 = (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{dy'}{\sqrt[3]{y^2}} = 1$$

$$\int \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{y^2}} dy = \int 1 dx$$

$$\underbrace{3y^{3/3}}_{g(y)} = \underbrace{x + c}_{h(x)}$$

• Fix $I = \mathbb{R}$

$$J_1 = (-\infty, 0)$$

Fix $c \in \mathbb{R}$

$$x \in I : H(x) + c \in G(J_1) \quad (-\infty, 0)$$

$$\underbrace{3 \sqrt[3]{y}}_{\leftarrow}$$

$$x + c \in (-\infty, 0)$$

$$x + c < 0$$

$$\boxed{x < -c}$$

$$c \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$x \in (-\infty, -c)$$

$$3 \sqrt[3]{y} = x + c$$

$$\sqrt[3]{y} = \frac{x+c}{3}$$

$$y = \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3$$

• Fix $I \in \mathbb{R}$

$$J_2 = (0, \infty)$$

Fix $c \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\underbrace{G(J_2)}_{\leftarrow}$$

$$3 \sqrt[3]{y} \leftarrow$$

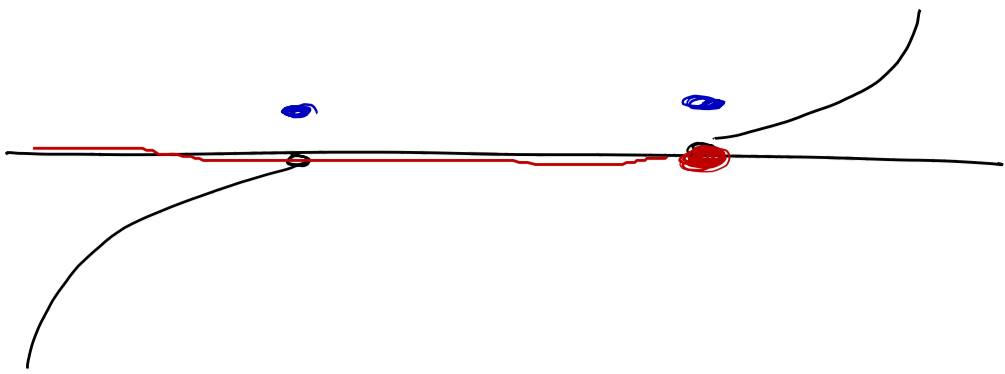
$$x + c \in (0, \infty)$$

$$x + c > 0$$

$$\boxed{x > -c}$$

$$3 \sqrt[3]{y} = x + c$$

$$y = \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3$$



$c \in \mathbb{R}$

$$y = \begin{cases} 0 \\ 0 \\ \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x < -c \\ x = -c \\ x > -c \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow (-c)^-} 0 = 0 = \lim_{x \rightarrow (-c)^+} \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3$$

$c \in \mathbb{R}$

$$y = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x < -c \\ x = -c \\ x > -c \end{aligned}$$

$c, d \in \mathbb{R} \quad d \geq c$

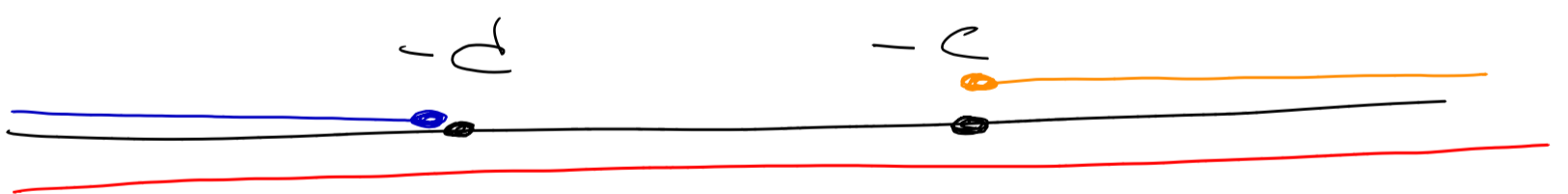
$$y = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{x+d}{3}\right)^3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \left(\frac{x+c}{3}\right)^3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x < -d \\ x = -d \\ x \in (-d, -c) \\ x = -c \\ x > -c \end{aligned}$$

(Pozn

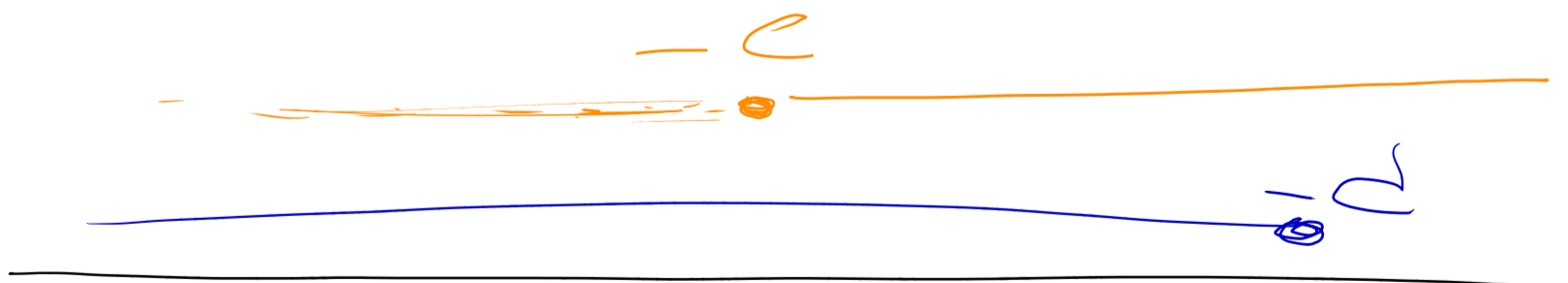
$$c = d$$

Bez obzaru



$$y \equiv 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x < -d \\ x > -c \end{aligned}$$



$g(y), h(x)$ spoj

$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $0 \quad \sim -c$

može lim 1 spoj $\sim -c$

$\exists \sqrt[3]{y^2}$ spoj ~ 0

$$I = (0, \infty)$$

$$J = (0, \infty)$$

$$y \equiv 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{y} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} + C$$

$$(0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{x} + C > 0$$

$$C > 0$$
$$y = (\sqrt{x} + 2C)^2$$
$$x > 0$$

$$\sqrt{x} > -2C$$

$$x > (-2C)^2$$

~~0~~
~~-\infty~~
~~+\infty~~

x

$$C = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$C < 0$$

$$x > 4C^2$$

l'opine

$$4C^2 \rightarrow$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 4C^2 +} (\sqrt{x} + 2C)^2$$

$$\sqrt{4C^2}$$