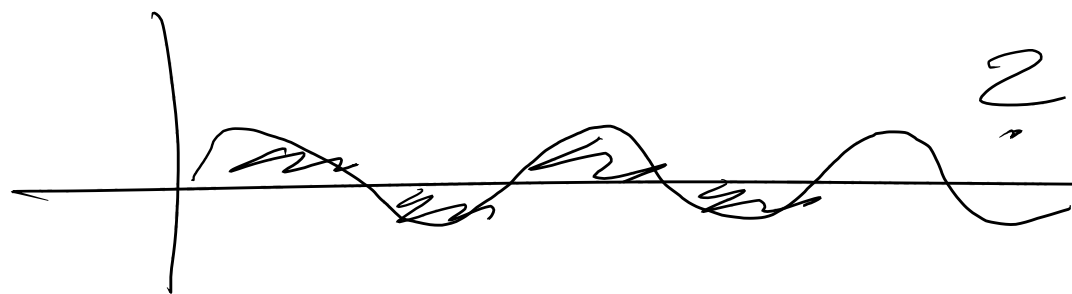


$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^x - 1}{x^2} (\ln(x+1)) dx$$

$\frac{x}{x^2} \cdot x = 1$

$$\int_a^b |f| dx$$



$$\sum \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

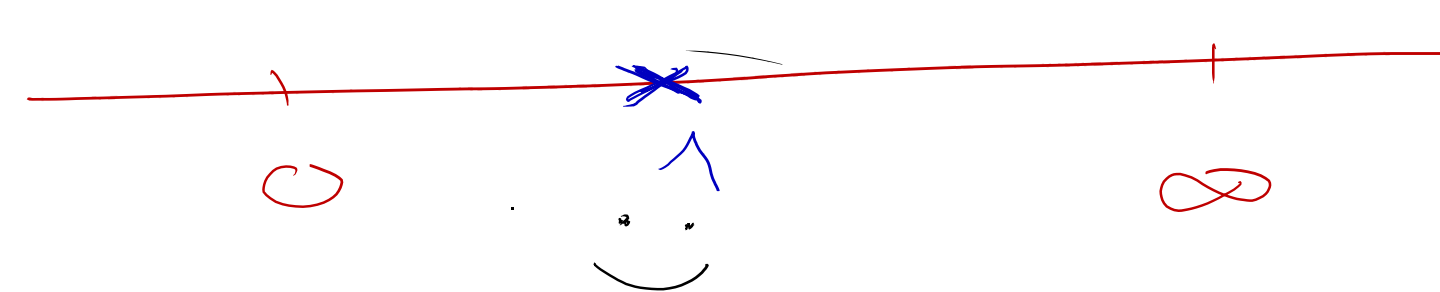
$$\sum \frac{1}{n^2} < \sum \frac{1}{n^2 \ln n}$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{x} dx = \left[\ln|x| \right]_0^1 = 0 - \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \ln t = -(-\infty) = \infty$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} dx = \left[2\sqrt{x} \right]_0^1 = 2 - 0 = 2$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx = [\arctan x]_0^{\infty} = \frac{\pi}{2} - 0 = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

Spej na $(0, \infty)$



$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \qquad \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

Spej na $[0, 1]$?

Ans: om fco na om. intervalu

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \quad \underline{\underline{A\checkmark}}$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \quad [a, b) \quad [1, \infty) \quad \text{f spej na } [1, \infty)$$

$$0 \leq f \leq g \qquad \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx \quad A\checkmark \quad \text{---}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+x^2} \leq \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \quad A\checkmark$$

$$\int_0^1 \quad A\checkmark \qquad \int_1^{\infty} \quad A\checkmark$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \quad A\checkmark$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \qquad \sum \frac{1}{1+n^2} \qquad \sum \frac{1}{n^2}$$

LS: $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ f, g spej na $[1, \infty)$
 $g > 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{1+x^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = 1 \in (0, 1)$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} f \quad A\checkmark \iff \int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx \rightarrow \checkmark$$

LS: $\int_1^{\infty} f \quad A\checkmark$

Uapad

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx \quad \text{f spej na } [0, \infty)$$

LS: $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{1+x^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = 1 \in (0, 1)$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx \quad \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$\int_1^{\infty} \frac{|\sin x|}{x^2} dx$$

$$|\sin x| \leq 1$$
$$\frac{|\sin x|}{x^2} \leq \frac{1}{x^2}$$

∴

∴ $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^2} dx$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{|\sin x|}{x^2}}{\frac{1}{x^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} |\sin x|$$

∴

$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^x - 1}{x^2} \ln(x+1) dx$$

$$0 \quad \frac{1/2 \text{ spag.}}{x} \quad 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{e^x - 1}{x^2} \ln(x+1) dx$$

$$g(x) = \frac{x}{x^2} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f}{g} = 1 \quad \text{smiley}$$

$$\int_0^1 f \approx \int_0^1 g \approx$$

$$\int f \approx \text{smiley}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(e^x - 1) \ln(x+1)}{x^2} = 1$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} \cdot \frac{\ln(x+1)}{x} = 1 \cdot 1$$

$$1 - x^3 = \underbrace{(1-x)}_{\cancel{1-x}} (1+x+x^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{(1-x) \textcircled{2}} \quad \frac{1}{(1-x) \textcircled{\times}}$$

28 $\frac{1}{1-x}$

Given $0 \leq \frac{1}{1-x^3} \neq \frac{1}{-x^3}$

$$\frac{-x^3}{1-x^3} \quad || \quad 1$$

$$-x^3 \quad || \quad 1-x^3$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1-x} dx$$