

(2a)

$$y' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & -4 \\ 4 & -2 & -3 \\ 2 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} y$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda-4 & 2 & 4 \\ -4 & \lambda+2 & 3 \\ -2 & 2 & \lambda+2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \cdot \lambda+2 \\ \cdot -2 \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-4 & 2 & 4 \\ (\lambda-4)(\lambda+2)+8 & 0 & 4\lambda+2 \\ 2-\lambda & 0 & \lambda-2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{SPATWE} \\ | \cdot (\lambda-2) \\ + \\ | \cdot (4\lambda+2) \\ * \\ | \cdot (-4) \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-4 & 2 & 4 \\ \lambda^2-2\lambda & 0 & 4\lambda+2 \\ (\lambda^2-2\lambda)(\lambda-2) + (2-\lambda)(4\lambda+2) & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-x} \cos x + c_3 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$(2-\lambda) [\lambda^2-2\lambda+4\lambda+2] = 0$$

$$(2-\lambda)(\lambda^2+2\lambda+2)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 2 \quad \lambda_2 = -1+i \quad \lambda_3 = -1-i$$

$$* \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-4 & 2 & 4 \\ -8+4\lambda+\lambda^2-2\lambda & 0 & 10 \\ 2-\lambda & 0 & \lambda-2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2y_2 = -4y_3 - (y_1' - 4y_1)$$

$$2y_2 = -4(c_2 e^{-x} \cos x + c_3 e^{-x} \sin x) - (c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-x} \cos x + c_3 e^{-x} \sin x)' + 4(c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 e^{-x} \cos x + c_3 e^{-x} \sin x)$$

$$10y_3 = -(\lambda^2+2\lambda-8)y_1$$

$$10y_3 = -y_1'' - 2y_1' + 8y_1$$

∴

$$y_3 = c_2 e^{-x} \cos x + c_3 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$\text{part } y_2 = \frac{1}{2} e^x ((c_2+c_3) \sin x + (c_2-c_3) \cos x) + c_1 e^{2x}$$

$$(2a) \quad y' = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 & -4 \\ 4 & -2 & -3 \\ 2 & -2 & -2 \end{pmatrix} y$$

$$- \left( \begin{pmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 2 & 4 \\ -4 & \lambda + 2 & 3 \\ -2 & 2 & \lambda + 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \begin{matrix} \cdot (\lambda + 2) \\ \cdot (-2) \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 2 & 4 \\ (\lambda + 2)(\lambda - 4) + 8 & 0 & 4\lambda + 2 \\ \lambda - 2 & 0 & -\lambda + 2 \end{pmatrix} \sim$$

(für Eigenwerte)

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 2 & 4 \\ \lambda(\lambda - 2) & 0 & 2(2\lambda + 1) \\ \lambda - 2 & 0 & 2 - \lambda \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \cdot (\lambda + 2) \\ \cdot (-2) \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda - 4 & 2 & 4 \\ \lambda(\lambda - 2) & 0 & 2(2\lambda + 1) \\ 0 & 0 & -\lambda(2 - \lambda) + 2(2\lambda + 1) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y_3: \quad -2\lambda + \lambda^2 + 4\lambda + 2 \\ \lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0$$

$$y_3 = c_1 e^{-x} \cos x + c_2 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$\lambda = -1 \pm i$$

$$y_1: \quad y_1' - 2y_1 = -2y_3 + y_3'$$

$$y_1' - 2y_1 = e^{-x} ((-3c_1 + c_2) \cos x + (-c_1 - 3c_2) \sin x)$$

$$\lambda - 2 = 0 \quad y_{1H} = c_3 e^{2x}$$

$$\lambda = 2$$

↓  
spec PS

-1 + 1i neu!  $\frac{1}{2} \cos x$

$$y_{1P} = e^{-x} (A \cos x + B \sin x)$$

$$\text{pa} \lambda \quad e^{-x} ((-3A + B) \cos x + (-A - 3B) \sin x) = e^{-x} ((-3c_1 + c_2) \cos x + (-c_1 - 3c_2) \sin x)$$

$$\text{gib mir} \quad A = c_1, \quad B = c_2$$

$$\text{pa} \lambda \quad y_1 = c_3 e^{2x} + c_1 e^{-x} \cos x + c_2 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$\text{neu 2. ord} \quad y_2 = \frac{1}{2} (2y_1 - y_1' - 2y_3)$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1}{2} e^{-x} ((c_1 + c_2) \sin x + (c_1 - c_2) \cos x + 2c_3 e^{2x})$$

(20)

$$y' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} y$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & \lambda & 2 \\ -3 & -1 & \lambda-4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \cdot \lambda-4 \\ + \\ \cdot 2 \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ 4-\lambda-6 & (\lambda-1)(\lambda-4)-2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ -2-\lambda & \lambda^2-5\lambda+2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \cdot (2+\lambda) \\ + \\ \cdot (\lambda-2) \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ 0 & (\lambda^2-4)+(\lambda^2-5\lambda+2) & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \cdot (\lambda-2) \end{matrix}$$

SPATIAL

=  $-(2+\lambda)$

$$\lambda^2-4 + \lambda^3 - 5\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 2\lambda^2 + 10\lambda - 4 = \lambda^3 - \lambda^2 + 12\lambda - 8 = (\lambda-2)^3$$

3-wa. Eigen  $\lambda = 2$ 

$$y_2 = \underline{c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 x e^{2x} + c_3 x^2 e^{2x}}$$

$$\begin{matrix} * \\ \sim \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ -4 & \lambda^2-4\lambda & 0 \\ -2-\lambda & \lambda^2-5\lambda+2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{par } +4y_1 = y_2'' - 4y_2' \\ +4y_1 = -2e^{2x}(2c_1 + 2c_2x + c_3(2x^2-1)) \\ y_1 = -e^{2x}(c_1 + c_2 + c_3(x^2 - \frac{1}{2})) \end{matrix}$$

$$-2y_3 = y_1' - 1y_1 - y_2$$

$$-2y_3 = -\frac{1}{2}e^{2x}(4c_1 + 2c_2x + 2c_2 + 4c_3x^2 + 4c_3x - c_3)$$

$$y_3 = e^{2x}(c_1 + \frac{c_2}{2}x + \frac{c_2}{2} + c_3x^2 + c_3x - \frac{c_3}{2})$$

$$(2b) \quad y' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} y$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ -1 & \lambda-1 & -2 \\ -3 & -1 & \lambda-4 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ -\lambda-2 & (\lambda-1)(\lambda-4)-2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ -\lambda-2 & \lambda^2-5\lambda+2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ -4 & \lambda^2-4\lambda & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \cdot 4 \\ \cdot (\lambda-2) \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} \lambda-1 & -1 & 2 \\ \lambda-2 & \lambda-2 & 0 \\ 0 & (\lambda^2-4\lambda)(\lambda-2) + 4(\lambda-2) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$y_2: \quad \begin{aligned} \lambda^3 - 2\lambda^2 - 4\lambda^2 + 8\lambda + 4\lambda - 8 &= 0 \\ \lambda^3 - 6\lambda^2 + 12\lambda - 8 &= 0 \\ (\lambda-2)^3 &= 0 \\ \text{3-mal's kriegen } \lambda &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$y_2 = c_1 e^{2x} + c_2 x e^{2x} + c_3 x^2 e^{2x}$$

$$y_1: \quad \begin{aligned} 4y_1 &= y_2' - 4y_2 \\ 4y_1 &= -2e^{2x}(2c_1 + 2c_2x + c_3(2x^2-1)) \\ y_1 &= -e^{2x}(c_1 + c_2 + c_3(x^2 - \frac{1}{2})) \end{aligned}$$

$$y_3: \quad \begin{aligned} -2y_3 &= y_1' - y_1 - y_2 \\ y_3 &= e^{2x}(c_1 + \frac{c_2}{x}x + \frac{c_2}{2} + c_3x^2 + c_3x - \frac{c_3}{2}) \end{aligned}$$