

1. test 2A

$$(1) |x - |x+2|| < x$$

$$(a) \quad x+2 \geq 0$$

$$\boxed{x \geq -2}$$

$$|x - x - 2| < x$$

$$\boxed{2 < x}$$

Lösung $x \in \underline{\underline{(2, \infty)}}$

$$(b) \quad x+2 < 0$$

$$\boxed{x < -2}$$

$$|x + x + 2| < x$$

$$|2(x+1)| < x$$

$$(b.1) \quad x+1 \geq 0 \\ x \geq -1$$

Wolfe

$$(b.2) \quad x+1 < 0$$

$$\boxed{x < -1}$$

$$-2x - 2 < x$$

$$-2 < 3x$$

$$\boxed{-\frac{2}{3} < x}$$

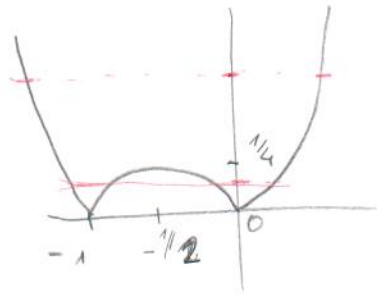
Wolfe

$$(2) |x^2 + x| > a$$

• pro $a < 0$ $x \in \mathbb{R}$

• $x^2 + x = 0$

$$x(x+1) = 0 \quad x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = -1$$



(a) $x^2 + x \geq 0$

(b) $x^2 + x < 0$

$$x \in (-\infty, -1] \cup [0, \infty)$$

$$x \in (-1, 0)$$

$$x^2 + x > a$$

$$x^2 + x - a > 0$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+4a}}{2}$$

$$-x^2 - x > a$$

$$0 > x^2 + x + a$$

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4a}}{2}$$

lun, crin $1-4a \geq 0$
 $\frac{1}{4} \geq a$

(1) $a < 0: x \in \mathbb{R}$

(2) $a = 0: x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 0\}$

(3) $a \in (0, \frac{1}{4})$ $x \in (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{1+4a}}{2}) \cup (-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{1+4a}}{2}, \infty)$
 $\cup (-\frac{1 - \sqrt{1-4a}}{2}, -\frac{1 + \sqrt{1-4a}}{2})$

(4) $a = \frac{1}{4}$ $x \in (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) \cup (-\frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{2}, \infty) \cup \{-\frac{1}{2}\}$

(5) $a > \frac{1}{4}$ $x \in (-\infty, -\frac{1 - \sqrt{1+4a}}{2}) \cup (-\frac{1 + \sqrt{1+4a}}{2}, \infty)$

$$(3) f(x, y, z) = \arctan(xy) + \sin(x+yz)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{1+(xy)^2} \cdot y + \cos(x+yz)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{1+(xy)^2} \cdot x + \cos(x+yz) \cdot z$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial z} = \cos(x+yz) \cdot y \quad \checkmark$$