## Mathematics for Economists I Problems 3

## Exponential and logarithmic equations

Find all real numbers x satisfying the given equation. Always specify the exact value (maybe as a mathematical expression), and if it is not an integer, write its approximate value rounded to three to four significant figures. You should determine all the solutions without a calculator, only to calculate the numerical value in Problem 3 you need a calculator.

1. 
$$3^{x} = 81$$
  
2.  $2^{x} = \frac{1}{64}$   
3.  $5^{x} = 17$   
4.  $10^{x-2} = 1000$   
5.  $\log_{2} x = 10$   
6.  $3^{x} + 3^{x+1} + 3^{x+2} + 3^{x+3} = \frac{40}{3}$   
7.  $3 \cdot (4^{x} + 9^{x+1}) = 2 \cdot (3 \cdot 4^{x+1} - \frac{9^{x+1}}{4})$   
8.  $\ln(x+3) - \ln(x-1) = \ln 5$   
9.  $\ln(x+1) + \ln(x-1) - \ln(x-2) = \ln 8$   
10.  $\ln(2x-3) + \ln(3x) = \ln(8x-12)$ 

## Solutions:

**1.** 4. **2.** -6. **3.**  $\log_5 17 = \frac{\ln 17}{\ln 5} \doteq 1,76$ . **4.** 5. **5.** 1024. **6.** -1. **7.**  $-\frac{1}{2}$ . **8.** 2. **9.** 3; 5. **10.** No solution because  $\frac{3}{2}, \frac{4}{3}$  lie out of definition domain of some of the expressions.