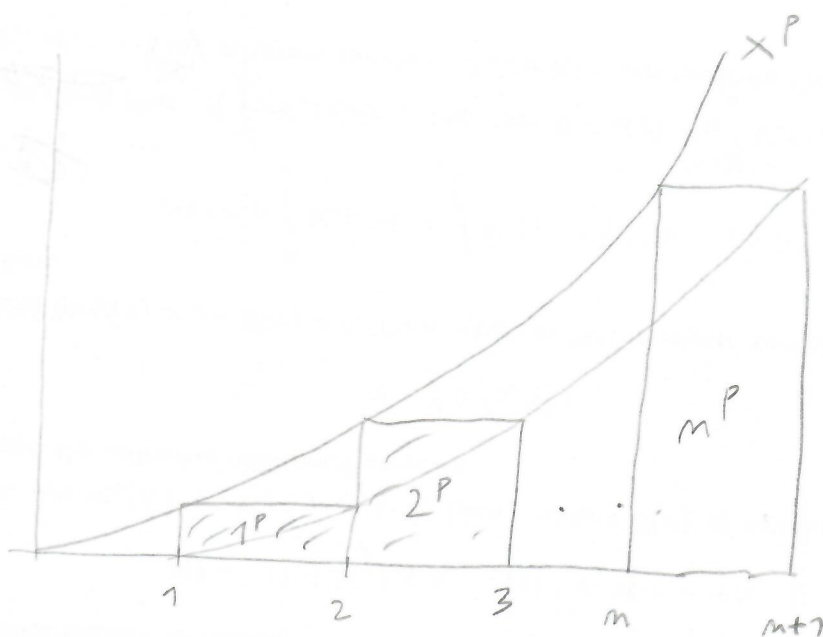


$$(c) \lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1^p + 2^p + \dots + m^p}{m^{p+1}} = ? ; (p > 0).$$

heuristicky:  $a_m = 1^p + 2^p + \dots + m^p \approx \int_0^m x^p dx = \frac{m^{p+1}}{p+1}$

$$\Rightarrow a_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{p+1}$$

rigorózně:



$$a_m \leq \int_1^{m+1} x^p dx = \left[ \frac{x^{p+1}}{p+1} \right]_1^{m+1} = \frac{1}{p+1} \left( (m+1)^{p+1} - 1 \right)$$

$$a_m \geq \int_0^m x^p dx = \frac{1}{p+1} \cdot m^{p+1}$$

$$\frac{1}{p+1} \leq a_m \leq \frac{1}{p+1} \cdot \left( \left(1 + \frac{1}{m}\right)^{p+1} - \left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^{p+1} \right) \rightarrow \frac{1}{p+1}$$

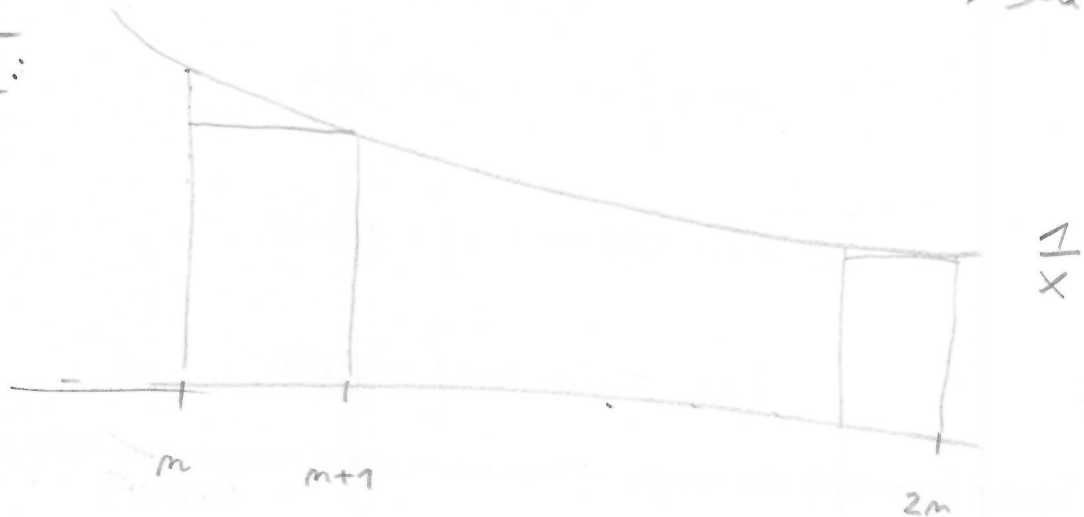
řeše „8 dvou polícijsch“:  $a_m \rightarrow \frac{1}{p+1}$

$$(*) \quad a_m = \frac{1}{m+1} + \frac{1}{m+2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2m} = \sum_{k=1}^m \frac{1}{m+k}$$

heuristicky:  $a_m \approx \int_1^m \frac{dx}{m+x} = \left[ \ln(m+x) \right]_1^m = \ln\left(\frac{2m}{m+1}\right)$

$\rightarrow \ln 2.$

rigorózně:



$$a_m \leq \int_m^{2m} \frac{1}{x} dx = \left[ \ln x \right]_m^{2m} = \ln 2$$

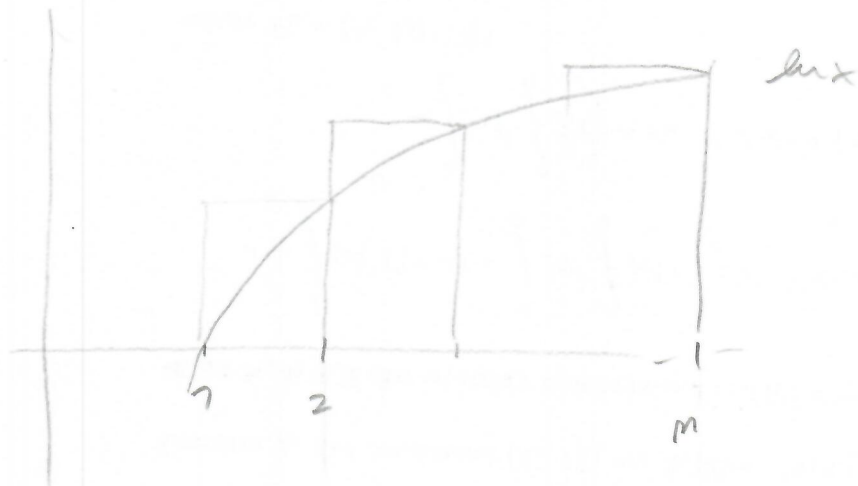
$$a_m \geq \int_{m+1}^{2m+1} \frac{1}{x} dx = \left[ \ln x \right]_{m+1}^{2m+1} = \ln \frac{2m+1}{m+1} \rightarrow \ln 2$$

věše "σ dvou policejsech":  $a_m \rightarrow \ln 2$

$$(c) \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \ln(n!)$$

$$\ln(n!) = \ln n \cdot (n-1) \dots 2 \cdot 1 = \ln n + \ln(n-1) + \dots + \ln 2 + \ln 1$$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^n \ln k = \sum_{k=2}^n \ln k \geq \int_1^n \ln x \, dx = \left[ (x-1) \ln x \right]_1^n$$



$$= (n-1) \ln n;$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n \geq \frac{n-1}{n} \cdot \ln n \rightarrow +\infty; \quad a_n \rightarrow +\infty.$$